August 4, 1773. NUMB. 2328.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,
PRINTER,

Hath removed from Third-ſtreet, into the houſe lately occupied by REBECCA STEEL, in Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, four doors above Hugh and George Roberts's ironmongery ware-houſe, and oppoſite the old Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe;

Of whom may be had, WHOLESALE *or* RETAIL,

DILWORTH's SCHOOL-MASTER's ASSISTANT, being a compendium of arithmetic, both practical and theoretical; alſo PRIMITIVE PHYSIC, or an eaſy and natural method of curing moſt diſeaſes. ¶

JULY 28, 1773.

THE generous Adventurers in the VINEYARD CASH LOTTERY are notified the Reaſon, why the Firſt Claſs has been rather longer than expected not drawn, is occaſioned for want of an Account of the Diſpoſal of ſome Tickets in Virginia, Maryland, and other diſtant Places, which are wrote for, and from the great Encouragement the Undertaking has met with (conſidering the Number of Lotteries on Foot) the Drawing will certainly commence on Pettie's Iſland, on Monday, the 23d of next Month, as but few Tickets are undiſpoſed of; therefore, thoſe deſirous of promoting the Deſign, and of taking a favourable Chance of ſo many high Prizes, will apply in Time---And the Proprietor of the Vineyard ſolicits the Company of his Friends, to ſee how worthy his Endeavours are of all public Encouragement.

To be SOLD, by THOMAS LAKE,

In Second-ſtreet, near the New-market, PHILADELPHIA,

A PARCEL of ſtout Jamaica SPIRIT, by the Hogſhead; COFFEE, of the beſt Quality, by the Tierce or Barrel; LOGWOOD, by the Ton. Said LAKE alſo keeps a Mahogany Yard, where all Cabinet-makers, Joiners, and others, may be ſupplied, either with Mahogany Boards, Plank, or Logs, of all Dimenſions; he imports theſe Articles himſelf, and will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms. ‖ 3M.

THE ſubſcriber, having obtained patents for upwards of 20,000 acres of land, on the Ohio and Great Kanhawa, being part of 200,000 acres, granted by proclamation, in 1754, (10,000 of which are ſituated on the banks of the firſt mentioned river, between the mouths of the two Kanhawa's; the remainder on the Great Kanhawa or New River, from the mouth, or near it, upwards in one continued ſurvey) propoſes to divide the ſame into any ſized tenements that may be deſired, and leaſe them upon moderate terms, allowing a reaſonable number of years, rent free; provided that, within the ſpace of two years from next October, three acres for every fifty contained in each lot, and proportionable for a leſſer quantity, ſhall be cleared, fenced, and tilled, and that by or before the time limited for the commencement of the firſt rent, five acres for every hundred, and proportionably, as above, ſhall be incloſed and laid down in good graſs for meadow; and moreover, that at leaſt fifty good fruit trees, for every like quantity of land, ſhall be planted on the premiſes.

Any perſons inclinable to ſettle upon theſe lands, may be more fully informed of the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, near Alexandria, in Virginia, or, in his abſence, to Mr. LUND WASHINGTON; and will do well in communicating their intentions before the firſt of October next, in order that a ſufficient number of lots may be laid off to anſwer the demand.

As theſe lands are among the firſt which have been ſurveyed, in the part of the country where they lie, it is almoſt needleſs to premiſe, that none can exceed them in luxuriency of ſoil, or convenience of ſituation; all of them lying upon the banks either of the Ohio, or Kankawa, and abounding in fine fiſh and wild fowl of various kinds, as alſo in moſt excellent meadows, many of which (by the bountiful hand of nature) are in their preſent ſtate almoſt fit for the ſcythe.

From every part of theſe lands water carriage is now had to Fort-Pitt, by an eaſy communication, and from Fort-Pitt up the Monongahela to Red Stone, veſſels of convenient burthen may, and do paſs continually; from whence, by means of Cheat River, and other navigable branches of Monongahela, it is thought the portage to Patowmack may, and will be reduced within the compaſs of a few miles, to the great eaſe and convenience of the ſettlers, in tranſporting the produce of their lands to market; to which may be added that, as patents have now actually paſſed the ſeals, for the ſeveral tracts here offered to be leaſed, ſettlers on them may cultivate and enjoy the land in peace and ſafety, notwithſtanding the unſettled councils, reſpecting a new colony on the Ohio; and as no right money is to be paid for theſe lands, and a quitrent of Two Shillings, ſterling a hundred, demandable ſome years hence only, it is highly preſumable that they will always be held upon a more deſirable footing, than where both theſe are laid on with a very heavy hand. It may not be amiſs further to obſerve, that if the ſcheme for eſtabliſhing a new government on the Ohio, in the manner talked of, ſhould ever be effected, theſe muſt be among the moſt valuable lands in it, not only on account of the goodneſs of the ſoil, and the other advantages above enumerated, but from their contiguity to the ſeat of government, which more than probable will be fixed at the Mouth of the Great Kanhawa.

Mount Vernon, July 15, 1773. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

TO BE RENTED,

THE plantation whereon Mr. William Cliſton formerly lived, lately poſſeſſed by Mr. Samuel Johnſton, and at preſent in the tenure and occupation of his daughters; this plantation, or farm, is very pleaſantly ſituated on Patowmack River, about five miles below Alexandria, and contains about 200 acres of cleared land, very good for grain of every kind, and tobacco; as alſo one of the largeſt and beſt ſprings on this ſide the Blue Ridge, within twenty yards of the door; it has a front upon the river of near a mile and an half, affording ſeveral good fiſhing landings; one of which only rented laſt ſpring, during the ſhad and herring ſeaſon, for Twenty-five Pounds; to this belongs a well accuſtomed Ferry, upon the moſt direct road leading from Annapolis through Colcheſter, Dumfries, and Frederickſburg to Williamſburg; on the premiſes are a dwelling-houſe, with two brick chimnies and ſeven rooms, a kitchen, ſmoke-houſe, &c. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

ALL Perſons that are indebted to the Eſtate of MARGARET BISHOP, deceaſed, are deſired to pay, and thoſe that have any Demands againſt her, are likewiſe deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, and they ſhall be paid, by

July 29, 1773. § JOHN SWIFT, Executor.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By the HARRIOT PACKET, Captain OAK, arrived at *New-York* from *Falmouth*, we have the following Advices, *viz.*

WARSAW, May 1.

A COPY has appeared here of the manifeſto, which the Lithuanian Nuncio M. Reytan laid before the Grod of Warſaw, the 21ſt of April, and was ſigned by M. Reytan and M. Korſack, both Nuncios of Novogrod, the ſubſtance of which is as follows:

"That they proteſt before the King and the whole Republic, that the laws of the nation have been broken through, that the Nuncios were deprived of their freedom of action and ſpeech at the Dyet, and their characters unworthily traduced by Count Poninſki, who having uſurped the office of Marſhal of the Dyet, has not ſcrupled to arreſt the Nuncios of Novogrod for attempting to hinder him. That they aſſerted upon the rights of the Republic, particularly thoſe appointed in 1669, where the freedom of ſpeech is in the ſtrongeſt manner confirmed to the Nuncios: That they moreover proteſted againſt the abuſing their laws and freedom; and that they would not agree to any thing done at the Dyet till it could be held free, and to the advantage of their country."

Bonn, May 17. There is the greateſt appearance of a very plentiful harveſt all over this part of Germany, as alſo of a good vintage; both of which are very neceſſary, as the miſery has been very great from the exorbitant price of corn and wine, which has been more than double what it was four years ago.

Paris, May 19. The 11th of this month a courier arrived here from London to Lord Stormont, the Engliſh Ambaſſador, with advice, that in conſequence of the formal declaration of the Duke d'Aiguillon, relative to the ſuſpenſion of the fleet at Toulon, the ſame reſolution had been taken to ſuſpend likewiſe the armament of the Engliſh fleet, and that orders had been expedited for that purpoſe.

Algiers, March 25. The Engliſh frigate, named the Winchelſea, of 32 guns and 180 men, commanded by Capt. Wilkinſon, anchored the 6th inſtant in our road. The Captain preſented to the Dey a letter from the King his Maſter, received his anſwer, and departed the 9th for the iſland of Minorca. The Captain's audience laſted but a few minutes, and, on his requeſt, no Officer of the Regency was ſuffered to be preſent. It is ſuppoſed here that the miſunderſtandings between England and Algiers are terminated, and that the firſt-mentioned Power, more enlightened than the Algerines, choſe rather to make ſome ſmall ſacrifices than come to a rupture.

Dantzick, April 27. The Pruſſian Reſident has delivered the following memorial to the Magiſtrate of this place:

"His Pruſſian Majeſty having made the following three (ſuburbs of Dantzick) royal towns, viz. Schiedlitz, Stolzenberg, and Sehtland, cannot ſuffer the town of Dantzick to take duties on the merchandizes which the inhabitants of thoſe towns buy of the Dantzickers. His Majeſty could demand a reſtitution to be made of all the duties paid by thoſe inhabitants ſince the firſt eſtabliſhment of the Exciſe, but guided by that moderation which governs all his actions, he limits his demands to the laſt twenty years; in conſequence of which, the town of Dantzick is to pay him 500,000 florins, being the amount of the duties paid from 1753 to 1773, according to an exact calculation made on oath by thoſe inhabitants."

Warſaw, May 8. The Dyet are going to eſtabliſh four Commiſſions, that they may diſpatch their buſineſs as quick as poſſible; the firſt is to treat with the Allied Powers; the ſecond is charged with the affairs of the Diſſidents; the third is to judge the King's Aſſaſſins; and the fourth is to regulate the new form of government which is going to be eſtabliſhed in this kingdom.

May 10. Laſt Tueſday the anſwers of the Courts of France, England, Sweden, and the Republic of the United Provinces to the King's Letters were read, by which all thoſe powers refuſe to concern themſelves with the affairs of Poland. Theſe letters are going to be printed, that nobody may flatter themſelves with the hopes of a foreign alliance in favour of this kingdom.

The Miniſters of the three Allied Powers have complained heavily to the Dyet that they ſpend all their time in uſeleſs debates, and therefore that they allowed them but eight days from hence to finiſh all. In conſequence of which Deputies have been appointed and inſtructions given them, which are compriſed in 26 articles, to regulate the affair with them, and as the conferences have begun, it is thought the Dyet will ſoon be finiſhed. Theſe Deputies have orders not to enter into deliberation with the Miniſters of the three Powers about the eſtabliſhment of a new form of government.

May 12. Regarding the treaty of ceſſion, the King has remitted a note to the Miniſters of the Allied Powers, ſetting forth, that "The Republic could not diſcuſs on that ſubject without the concurrence of the powers who were guarantees of the treaties of peace made by Poland." The Miniſters have returned a formal anſwer to this, the contents of which are not yet known.

Three ſquadrons of Auſtrian Huſſars, and the ſame number of Pruſſians, entered this place, which has ſpread an univerſal conſternation. The foreign troops approach daily, and are not above a mile off. Quarters are demanded for them in all the houſes, and even in the palaces, not excepting thoſe of the Royal Family, and all the Convents. Notwithſtanding theſe preparations the Dyet perſiſts in not agreeing to what the three Foreign Miniſters would have, for there ſeems now to be more alienation from it than ever, and will not conclude without coming to extremities, it is feared.

They write from Moldavia, that 3000 Turks having attempted to paſs the Danube, were ſo warmly received by General Potemkin, that 400 were killed, and 200 made priſoners.

Paris, May 14. The populace of Toulouſe lately roſe, on account of the dearneſs of corn. They aſſembled in the market-place, and the corn-merchants took refuge in their houſes. The Capitouls, or chief Magiſtrates, attempted to appeaſe the tumult, which they were only able to do, upon promiſing that corn ſhould be ſold for 16 livres the ſeptier, which is equal to 12 buſhels, inſtead of 22 livres, which was the price before this affair, which was immediately complied with; but for fear of the people taking advantage of this, to raiſe another tumult, in order to obtain a further diminution, a regiment of cavalry was ſent from the garriſon of Carcaſſona to this town. All theſe precautions have only ſtopt the diſturbance, but not the cauſe. There have been the ſame diſorders at Montpellier.

Peterſburgh, May 4. The Hetman of the Don Coſſacks has received his ſentence, which is that of death; but her Imperial Majeſty, thro' her great clemency, has changed it to perpetual impriſonment, and confiſcating the remainder of his effects, after allowing a ſum for his maintenance in priſon. The ſeizure of this Hetman having cauſed a revolt among his countrymen, the Empreſs has ſent ſome regiments to quell it.

Warſaw, May 12. Mr. Reytan, Nuncio of Novogrod, who had acquired much eſteem for his Patriotiſm, forgot himſelf ſo far laſt week, as to draw his ſabre on the man, who, in the name of the Confederacy, had brought him a letter of invitation; an enormous crime according to the laws, and for which he is liable to loſe his head. He put himſelf under the protection of Pruſſia, and appeared in the city on horſeback for two days together, accompanied by a Huſſar of the regiment of Malachowſki. He is now under the protection of Ruſſia, and lodges at the hotel of General Bibikow, who has received an eſtafette from Peterſburgh, with the news that the Empreſs his Sovereign had appointed him General in Chief.

They write from Moldavia, that the Ruſſian General Potemkin, having paſſed the Danube, had defeated the Seraſkier, with the loſs of 7000 Turks. The advices add, that the Grand Vizier had thereupon demanded an armiſtice of fifteen days, which the General Field Marſhal had refuſed to grant; but that at laſt, on repeated inſtances, the latter had conſented to a ſuſpenſion of twenty-four hours, out of regard to the Viſir's perſon.

May 15. The diviſion of this kingdom made by the three Allied Powers is at laſt ratified contrary to the expectation of the Poliſh nation. The reſpective claims of the three Powers have been acknowledged by the King, the Senators, and the Nuncios. Every thing, however, was carried by a trifling majority, 50 of the Nuncios were for the King, and 52 againſt him; and among the Senators there were twelve, and one out of the Miniſtry, which was the Lithuanian Vice Chancellor, who voted for the King.

As yet there is ſcarce forming any judgment with regard to the new form of government, which is to take place in this kingdom; but it ſaid that the King will have very little to do with the government; that 800 Poliſh ducats per day will be allowed him for his table, and other expences of ſtate. The appoinment of all civil and military employments will depend upon a council of ſtate appointed by the three Powers. The Republic are not to have more than 12,000 men regular troops in their ſervice, and each of the three Powers will ſend 5000 men to be ſupported by the Republic.

LONDON.

May 20. Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons made a ſtanding order, that no ſtrangers be admitted into the gallery during the remainder of the ſeſſions.

It is ſaid, that the laſt diſpatches ſent to the Lords Stormont and Grantham, our Ambaſſadors at Verſailles and Madrid, contained final requiſitions for definitive anſwers from thoſe Courts, relative to the real deſtinations of the fleets now fitting out at their ſeveral ports.

Extract of a Letter from Dantzic, May 10.

"His Pruſſian Majeſty has iſſued an order, that the duties laid upon the ſhips at the Cuſtom Houſe of Weſterdeep ſhall never be taken off or repealed; but to make it the eaſier, as his Majeſty is not inclined to hurt the commerce of this city, the ſhips paſſing are only to pay the duty they are uſed to at the City Cuſtom Houſe; and if it ſhould be too heavy a load to pay ſuch a duty twice, and the commerce be reduced by it, the city may, if they pleaſe, prevent it, by withdrawing and aboliſhing their own Cuſtom Houſe."

The maſter of a veſſel arrived from Liſbon brings an account, that a few days before he left that place, the Deliverance, a Portugueſe man of war of 74 guns, took fire in the Tagus, and burnt down to the water's edge; unhappily upwards of 100 ſeamen periſhed in the flames.

On Tueſday evening nine women, one dreſſed in the uniform of a Captain of a man of war, another like a Lieutenant, and the other ſeven in the dreſs of common Sailors, with cockades &c. went about this city as a preſs gang, and frightened ſeveral young fellows, who ran from them; but at length the pretended Lieutenant was taken into cuſtody, and yeſterday carried before Alderman Trecothick, at Guildhall; when on her declaring that their appearing in that manner was only to ſee how many young fellows they could frighten, which were many, but not with any bad deſign, and promiſing not to be guilty of the like for the future, ſhe was diſmiſſed with a reprimand.

A private letter from Rochelle gives an account that eight Weſt-India ſhips, and three barks, laden with corn, were ſtranded behind the iſland of Oleron.

By letters from Jamaica, we are aſſured that the fortifications of Port Royal, and every other part of the iſland, have been put into the beſt ſtate of defence poſſible.

On Tueſday, Sir Charles Whitworth reported from the Committee who were appointed to enquire what Laws are expired, or near expiring, when the Houſe came to the following reſolutions, viz.

"That an Act, made in the 4th of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An act for importing ſalt from Europe into the province of Quebec, in America, for a limited time,' and which was further continued in the 6th, to June 1773, is fit to be continued;" and a bill is ordered in accordingly.

"That an Act, made in the 6th year of the reign of his preſent Majeſty, intituled, 'An act for opening and eſtabliſhing certain ports in the iſlands of Jamaica and Dominica, for the more free importation and exportation of certain goods and merchandizes; for granting certain duties to defray the expences of opening, maintaining, ſecuring and improving ſuch ports; for aſcertaining the duties to be paid upon the importation of goods from the ſaid iſland of Dominica into this kingdom, and for ſecuring the duties upon goods imported from the ſaid iſland into any other Britiſh Colonies,' which was to continue in force until November 11, 1773, to the end of the then next ſeſſion of Parliament, is near expiring, and fit to be contiaued, with amendments." This reſolution being read a ſecond time, it was ordered to be referred to the Committee of Ways and Means for raiſing the ſupply, to conſider of the ſame.

The Earl of Corke, in a letter from Florence, written in the year 1755, makes the following obſervation, which a correſpondent ſays he thinks is prophetical: "The ball of empire may hereafter roll weſtward, and may ſtop in America; a world unknown when Greece was in its meridian glory, a world that may ſave the tears of ſome future Alexander."

Wedneſday Lord Townſhend was married to Miſs Montgomery. She is ſaid to be about 17, and his Lordſhip about 50 years of age.

May 22. A motion was made in the Houſe of Commons on Tueſday laſt for the admiſſion of Iriſh Members, and the ſons of Engliſh ones, into the gallery, which paſſed in the negative.

The French Ambaſſador, it is ſaid, when he departs this kingdom, will go to Spain, in order to give his antagoniſts an opportunity of receiving ſatisfaction without meeting with any moleſtation from the police of his own country.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 17.

"Captain Ohier, Commander of the ſhip Le Severe, arrived

from the coaſt of Guinea and St. Domingo, at St. Malo's, on the 12th of laſt month, where he landed the crew of the Endeavour, whom he had taken up, on the 10th, twenty-five leagues weſt north-weſt of Uſhant. This Engliſh ſhip, of 70 tons burthen, commanded by Captain Miller, ſailed from Poole in ballaſt, and was going to St. Julian, on the coaſt of Newfoundland. She had met with a ſtorm, and was in great danger. The pumps were kept working night and day for two days without ſucceſs, and the Captain had not the leaſt hopes of being ſaved, when he was received, with nine of his crew, on board the Sévere, from whence he ſaw his ſhip ſink to the bottom. On their arrival at St. Malo's, money and proviſions were diſtributed to the Engliſhmen, and the means of returning to their own country was procured for them on board a Britiſh ſhip, which had put into Cancale."

Extract of a Letter from Conſtantinople, April 2.

"Intelligence has juſt arrived here from the Black Sea, that the Ruſſian fleet is very numerous there, and that they compel every Turkiſh veſſel they meet with to pay them a kind of tribute, or cuſtom, as they term it, for liberty to ſail in a ſea belonging to her Imperial Majeſty of Ruſſia; ſome ſhips which refuſed to pay they have ſeized and confiſcated. The Porte, in conſequence of theſe advices, has given orders for the fleet of ſhips and gallies, which now lie in the harbour of Conſtantinople, to ſail immediately to the Black Sea, but whether they are to enter on action, is not yet known."

Letters from Warſaw ſay, that many of the Poliſh and Lithuanian Nobility have refuſed to ſign the Act of Confederacy.

They write from Madrid, that three of the Catalonian Regiments are ordered to be embarked immediately for the Weſt-Indies.

It is ſaid that ſome very intereſting intelligence, reſpecting the armament at Toulon, was received yeſterday at the Secretary of State's Office.

Sir James Lowther, we hear, has left the the turf, and is turning his attention to the improvement of his country. He is building a ſmall town on ſome of his waſte land in the North, and is peopling it with ſuch poor people as might probably emigrate to America. He gives to each family a houſe, rent-free, and an acre of land on leaſehold. He engages to find the man conſtant work, and the children will be employed in ſome manufacture. To each family he alſo allows a buſhel of coals a week, and he keeps a butcher in the town, whom he obliges to ſell mutton at 2d halfpenny a pound.

May 27. Orders are iſſued from the War Office, for all Officers on furlow, on the Iriſh eſtabliſhment, to join their reſpective regiments.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, May 6.

"The Miniſters of the three Allied Powers have ſent Couriers to their reſpective Courts, for new inſtructions how to proceed in regard to ſome incidents which have happened at the Dyet. It is ſaid, that the Diſſidents will have ſome new privileges granted them, but they will not be allowed to have any part in the Legiſlation. It is reported, that the plan for a new form of government for Poland, as propoſed by the Miniſters of the Allied Powers, has been accepted of by the King; but his Majeſty gave them to underſtand, that he accepted it with regret, and by the Marſhals of the Confederacy. It is reported, that the Dyet have likewiſe approved of it. If this news is confirmed, it is very likely the Dyet will not be of long duration."

The report that upwards of 200,000 people had been loſt in the river Canton, in China, in a hurricane in Auguſt laſt, may ſeem extravagantly great; but when it is conſidered that the Fiſhermen on that river, and all others that carry manure for the cultivation of rice, live with their families at all times in their boats, it may not appear ſo enormous. China is ſaid to contain 58 millions of people, between the ages of 16 and 60.

Extract of a Letter from Venice, April 22.

"The warlike preparations of this Republic are ſtill continued, and with redoubled vigour. The ſuddenneſs of theſe meaſures has amazed moſt people, and the perſeverance which is uſed confirms the opinion, that the Republic have ſome fear of being attacked by a certain great power."

In a Committee on Ways and Means, voted, that an additional duty of one penny half-penny per ſquare yard be laid on all painted, printed, or ſtained paper, imported into this kingdom from foreign parts. It was reported this day.

Read the firſt time the bill for the better encouragement of the fiſhery in the gulph of St. Lawrence.

It is ſaid that the Parliament will be up much ſooner than was expected.

It is ſaid that nothing but the cuſtomary ſupplies will be demanded from the Parliament for the ſervice of the preſent year, and that 1,300,000l. of the national debt has been paid off in the courſe of laſt year.

This morning died, advanced in years, at her houſe in St. James's-ſquare, her Grace Mary Ducheſs of Norfolk. Her Grace was married in 1727, and was the daughter and co-heir of Ed. Blount, Eſq; of Blagdon, in Devonſhire.

May 29. We are informed that a great and amiable Lady, in a letter lately wrote to the Ducheſs of Glouceſter, ſtiles herſelf her "affectionate Siſter," &c.

Yeſterday the Lord Mayor held a Court of Common Council, in purſuance of a ſummons, "to conſider of an application to Parliament, reſpecting a bill now depending, relating to the Eaſt-India Company." Mr. Alderman Kirkman very ably went into the particulars of the bill, and proved inconteſtibly that the bill was no leſs injurious to the rights of every corporate body in the kingdom from its principle, than a direct and immediate attack on the privileges of the Eaſt-India Company, and the rights of the Proprietors, ſecured to them by charter and by Parliament. He afterwards expatiated on the conſequences of placing ſo enormous a power in the crown, to the total deſtruction of the conſtitution, and concluded with moving for a petition to the Houſe of Commons againſt the bill now depending, and for inſtructions to the Members to oppoſe its progreſs in the houſe. Mr. Alderman Wilkes ſeconded Mr. Ald. Kirkman, and obſerved, that the bill was founded on the principle of iniquity and robbery, as well as a barefaced violation of the public faith, and therefore ought to be oppoſed by every corporation in the kingdom, as well as by every elector in it. Mr. Kirkman's motions were then carried unanimouſly, and the petition was ordered to be immediately preſented to the Houſe of Commons, which was done accordingly.

To the Hon. the COMMONS of Great-Britain, in Parliament aſſembled.

The humble Petition of the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled,

Sheweth,

THAT this Court, having taken into their moſt ſerious conſideration a bill now depending in Parliament, intituled, A bill for eſtabliſhing certain regulations for the better management of the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, as well in India as in Europe, are of opinion, that the ſaid bill is a direct and dangerous attack on the liberties of the people, and will, if paſſed into a law, prove of the moſt fatal conſequences to the ſecurity of property in general, and particularly the franchiſes of every corporate body in this kingdom; firſt, by throwing ſuch an acceſſion of power into the hands of the Crown; and ſecondly, by deſtroying without any legal proceeding, or any juſt cauſe, the moſt ſacred rights of the Subject, purchaſed for a valuable conſideration, and ſanctified by the moſt ſolemn Charters and Acts of Parliament.

That this Court is the more alarmed by theſe proceedings, as the privileges the city of London enjoy ſtand on the ſame ſecurity as thoſe of the Eaſt-India Company, which are thus attempted to be violated, and as the bill has been brought into the Houſe of Commons with a degree of ſecrecy, incompatible with the principles of the Conſtitution in matters of ſuch public concern.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray this Honourable Houſe, that the ſaid bill may not paſs into a law."

Thurſday an expreſs arrived at the French Ambaſſador's, and immediately his Excellency ſet out for St. James's, when he had a conference with his Majeſty, which laſted above half an hour; afterwards there was a Council. The reſult of all this has tranſpired; for already it is ſaid, that the diſpatches confirmed the pacific intentions of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty.

Yeſterday a Courier arrived from Sweden, and another from Ruſſia, who brought advice that a treaty of peace is ſigned between Ruſſia, Sweden, and Denmark.

Orders are given by the Speaker for making up the American accounts to Lady-Day laſt, for the inſpection of Parliament immediately after the Holidays.

It is ſaid, a very eminent Civilian has been conſulted on the marriage of a certain noble Perſonage, to know whether it was valid, as there was no evidence to prove it; when he replied, as the parties themſelves ſwore it, it was good in law.

A letter from Paris, dated May 21, ſays, "An edict is going to be paſſed, which will ſubject the three Orders of the State to a new taxation: The Clergy for their benefices, the Officers of the Army for their commiſſions, and perſons in places under the Government for their appointments."

We hear, that orders are received at the Tower for coining a number of half and quarter guineas.

Extract of a Letter from Madrid, April 20.

"A diſpute, of a very ſerious nature, has lately ariſen between this Court and that of Liſbon, reſpecting ſome illicit practices of the Spaniards in South-America; ſpiriting up the native Indians, ſlaves, &c. belonging to the Portugueſe, againſt their maſters; and likewiſe interrupting the trade of the Brazils; ſeizing the Portugueſe veſſels on the ſlighteſt pretences; and committing many other acts of injuſtice. The Miniſtry of Portugal have repeatedly tranſmitted memorials to Madrid, but very little attention has been paid to them, and it is feared that it will end in diſagreeable conſequences.

June 1. Lord Chatham, we hear, if able, will attend the Houſe next week, when it is expected the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company will be finally ſettled.

A Correſpondent ſays, the attack on the five hundred pounds holders of the Eaſt-India ſtock, with the intention to ſet aſide their votes, is only a prologue to the deepeſt ſtab about to be given to the conſtitution that could be imagined. The plot of this tragedy, ſays our Correſpondent, is as follows: If the firſt act (that is, diſqualifying thoſe proprietors who are not in poſſeſſion of 1000l. ſtocks from voting at the India-houſe on any public occaſion) goes off well, the ſecond act may be played next ſeſſion, which is to diſqualify all the little Freeholders in every county in England from voting for Members at the enſuing election, by which means the Members will, in effect, chooſe who ſhall be their Electors. Indifferent therefore as it may at firſt ſight appear, this act to diſqualify the Eaſt-India proprietors from voting, will at length come home to every Elector; and when too late the 40s. per ann. Freeholders ſhall complain of the deprivation of their ancient rights and privileges, the caſe of the Eaſt-India proprietors will be quoted as a precedent, and they will be told, that though many of thoſe perſons qualifications coſt upwards of 1000l. each, yet as an Act of Parliament deprived them of their rights, the Freeholders of 40s. per ann. have much leſs reaſon to complain. Does it not then, concludes our Correſpondent, behove the Freeholders of every county in England to call a meeting immediately, and give inſtructions to their Members how to act in a matter, which concerns every Engliſhman ſo nearly?

On Saturday the Ducheſs of Glouceſter was ſafely delivered of a Princeſs, at Glouceſter-houſe. The event was immediately notified to the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and all the great Officer of State. Several of the Nobility were preſent.

On Wedneſday at a Privy Council, ſummoned for the occaſion, the Lord Chancellor, the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and the Biſhop of London, declared the marriages of the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland to be legal.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, May 30.

"The ſhips in ordinary are painting and ſcraping with all poſſible expedition; as likewiſe great preparations are making in the dock-yard for the reception of their Majeſties, who, it is ſaid, will be here on the 10th of June."

The laſt letters from Hanover brought advice, that Prince Charles of Mecklenburgh Strelitz died the 20th of May, about 14 months old. As he was the only ſon, his loſs is extremely regretted by his illuſtrious parents.

Extract of a Letter from Peterſburgh, May 22.

"The fleets of Ruſſia are now in the moſt flouriſhing ſituation; in fact, they never were ſo reſpectable before. There are now at Revel 28 ſail of the line, four of which are new 74 gun ſhips, and were built under the direction of Sir Charles Knowles. Moſt of the other new ſhips were built under the orders of Engliſh Artiſts, and great numbers of the Naval Officers are Engliſh, Scotch, or Iriſh. The maritime force in the Archipelago, &c. is very great, amounting to 40 ſail of the line at leaſt, beſides frigates, &c."

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 15.

"Some letters have juſt arrived here from the Dutch Governors on the coaſt of Guinea, which give very diſagreeable accounts of the falling off of trade, the rebellion of the Negroes, &c. But no Europeans ſuffer ſo much by theſe affairs as the Portugueſe, the Natives in general refuſe to trade with them, and if any goods are ſold to them, they are ſold at a very dear rate; ſo that conſiderable ſums muſt be loſt by their ſale in Europe. All theſe misfortunes are ſaid to have aroſe from the ſevere behaviour of the Portugueſe to the Natives and Slaves."

Some letters from Liſbon adviſe, that three Commiſſioners are appointed, and are ſoon to ſet out for the Court of Madrid, to ſettle the differences between Spain and Portugal.

Letters from Paris mention, that a grand houſe is juſt taken there for the Prince Primate of Poland, his moſt valuable effects being already arrived there.

His Majeſty's Birth-day being to be obſerved next Friday, there will be no Drawing-room on Thurſday.

It is expected, that the dreſſes and appearance of the Nobility next Friday, at St. James's, will be very brilliant; it is ſaid, great numbers of them have determined to appear in the manufactures of this kingdom.

Their Majeſties, we hear, will ſet off on their intended tour to Portſmouth, &c. the beginning of next week.

It is ſaid, that the Ducheſs of Ancaſter, and the Ducheſs of Northumberland, are to accompany her Majeſty to Portſmouth.

The mock ſea-fight, ſo long talked of, will, it is ſaid, be exhibited before their Majeſties.

It is ſaid, that tho' there was not the leaſt doubt of the legality of the marriage of the Duke of G--------r, yet as the Rev. Mr. Morton, who performed the ceremony, is dead, it was thought adviſeable that it ſhould be performed again before the delivery of the D----ſs, which was accordingly done the preceding day.

The Ducheſs of Cumberland paid a viſit yeſterday to the Ducheſs of Glouceſter.

Yeſterday and this day the Duke of Glouceſter was complimented by a great number of the Nobility, on the birth of a daughter.

England now ſeems to be divided againſt itſelf, therefore the Providence muſt be great that keeps it from ſinking. The people are broke into parties and factions, worrying and reviling one another.-----What a fine harveſt it yields to the common enemy! It may be aſked, who are the common enemy? The anſwer is,---that there is a banditti in time of peace, as well as time of war; there are free-booters, who are not regularly liſted on either ſide, and who, while both ſides are engaged againſt each other, are plundering the nation as faſt as they can.

We are well informed, that the Court of France has made an offer of Corſica to General Paoli, if Great-Britain will advance them one fourth of the expences they have been at in conquering that iſland.

From our Correſpondent at the Hague, May 22.

"The laſt advices we received from the Dyet at Poland do not give any light to or certainty upon their deliberations. Some ſay, however, that the King's party is inclined to the diviſion, upon condition, that the part which ſhall be granted to him ſhall be a kingdom, and hereditary. The diſſenters are very uneaſy, becauſe the moſt part of them, according to the diviſion propoſed, muſt remain under his authority."

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, May 14.

"This day will be for ever a ſhocking one to all free and independant nations, and a moſt curſed and ſhameful one to ours; for liberty, which was bred and born in this country, and nouriſhed with the blood of her true friends, and ſupported with bravery upon our throne, for theſe eight or nine centuries paſt, and had ſo mildly governed her children,---is ſlain this day by *bribery* and *corruption*, and the whole nation become everlaſting ſlaves to tyranny, as the diviſion of this vaſt empire amongſt the three united plunderers has been agreed on by a majority of our Dyet, and ſigned this very day by our King and Miniſtry. The foreign troops came into this city, all the ſtreets were filled by Auſtrian and Pruſſian huſſars, with drawn ſwords, and in this manner the queſtion was put to the Aſſembly. The Dyet, or Parliament, after a ſhort debate, was divided, when there were found, fifty-two votes for the King, againſt the queſtion, and fifty-two againſt the King, for the queſtion; the majority was declared for the queſtion, and the King, together with his party againſt it, were immediately obliged to ſign it. The foreign troops ſtill remain in the public ſtreets, for fear of an inſurrection amongſt the people, but the miniſters of the three united powers declare, that their troops ſhall withdraw to-morrow, and that but a ſmall garriſon is to remain here to prevent any diſorders; but in the mean time nobody is permitted to enter or paſs the city gates without being examined. Such is the conſequence of a nation's not being ſatisfied with its fate; and ſuch is the conſequence of an ariſtocratic form of government! Its members are very eaſily bought by places and penſions, and for the leaſt private intereſt will ſell the whole nation, which has been the cauſe of all our misfortunes; for we are ſure, that the moſt terrible menaces could not have prevailed, had not bribery been in the caſe."

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn, May 2.

"We have juſt received advice, that ſix Ruſſian ſhips of the line, and two frigates, have paſſed through the Boſphorus from the Black Sea into the Ægean, or Archipelago, notwithſtanding all the reſiſtance that was made by the Turkiſh ſhips of war, and the gallies which could come up with them. The batteries at the Dardanelles opened, and began to play upon the Ruſſians, but the guns were managed ſo injudiciouſly, that hardly one ſhot took place, and the veſſels ſailed clear through the Streight."

In the late engagement which the French frigate had with the two Ruſſians in the Archipelago, the former loſt 44 men, and was otherwiſe ſo roughly handled as to be obliged to run for Malta, in order to refit.

June 2. A detachment of the Ruſſians, conſiſting of 50,000 men, have been defeated by the Turks, and 2000 ſlain and made priſoners, on the banks of the Danube.

Lord North has declared very poſitively his reſolution of reſigning the Premierſhip, but will keep all his other appointments, if permitted.----He ſays he is tired of the exalted character of firſt miniſter, he will play that part no longer. That the managers have uſed him ill often, but on a late occaſion ſo palpably, that was he to continue longer in that mock ſtation, he muſt be the ludibrium of fools, and the ſcorn of knaves. In this reſolution his Lordſhip has the voice of the whole nation, and the ſooner he puts it in execution the better.

By Captain GARRIGUES, *arrived here from* LISBON, *we have the following further Advices, viz.*

WARSAW, May 22.

THE Dyet is prorogued from the 19th inſtant to the 15th of September. The ſitting of the Plenipotentiaries and foreign Miniſters, which were to have taken place next Monday, is put off till after Whitſuntide. They will begin with the Auſtrian Miniſter, then with the Ruſſian, and laſtly with the Pruſſian Miniſter. Notwithſtanding the treaty of diviſion is ſigned, it is ſaid there will be another treaty particularly regarding the limits of the Pruſſian boundaries.

Our Miniſtry have in writing requeſted of the Miniſters of the three Allied Powers, that their Courts would call all their troops out of this kingdom, as now every thing had been carried on as they deſired. The Ruſſian Miniſter ſaid, that it ſhould be done as ſoon as his Court approved of it. The other two Miniſters only undertook it *ad referendum*.

Paris, May 28. There has been another great diſturbance at Marmande, in Guyenne, on account of the high price of corn. The rioters ſtop the corn, pillage the magazines, beſiege the bakers houſes, and in ſhort, there is an univerſal diſorder, the conſequences of which are to be dreaded.

Hague, June 2. Authentic letters from Peterſburgh, dated May 11, confirm the news of the advantage lately gained by the Ruſſians over the Turks, near Siliſtria, with theſe further particulars; that the latter having, in a neighbouring iſland, a body of about 2000 men, General Potemkin ſent thither a Colonel, with ſome cavalry, who, from an ambuſcade, attacked them ſo briſkly, that they loſt 500 men in killed, wounded, and priſoners.

LONDON.

June 3. Yeſterday the American paper currency bill paſſed the Houſe of Commons.

The ſame day a Great Aſſembly read a firſt time the bill to enable his Majeſty to raiſe 1,400,000l. by loan on Exchequer bills, for the purpoſe of relieving the Eaſt-India Company.

Read a ſecond time, and committed, the bill to enable the Governors of Greenwich Hoſpital to diſpoſe of unclaimed ſhares of prize-money, during the courſe of the laſt war.

The diſpute between the Courts of Ruſſia and Denmark, concerning the Dutchy of Holſtein, is referred to the mediation of the King of Pruſſia, who is to decide it at once, and to be a guarantee of the treaty that will take place in conſequence thereof.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, May 15.

"The following is an account of all the operations of the Ruſſian army, ſince the expiration of the armiſtice:

"The 29th of March Major Bogdanow attacked 80 Turks near Turno, and killed 13 men. The 31ſt of the ſame month Prince Gallitzin attacked a corps of 500 Turkiſh cavalry near Siliſtria, and killed 40 of them. The Coſſacks have taken a vaſt quantity of cattle, and burnt nine mills. The 1ſt of April Lieut. Ferſen, with 300 grenadiers, routed ſeveral detatchments of Turks in the night, and attacked thoſe who were entrenched near Huſbal, on the Danube, and killed 100 men, and one Emir Aga. The 2d of April the Ruſſians took ſeveral Turkiſh veſſels on the Danube. The 16th General Potemkin beat a corps of 2000 Turks, who had come to an iſland in the Danube, oppoſite Likareſt, and killed 500 of them. The 20th Major Jochemſon took 30 Turkiſh veſſels, near Giurgewo. The 26th and 27th Col. Klitchka, with 600 grenadiers, 400 light troops, and 1300 Coſſacks, with ſix pieces of cannon, paſſed over the Danube, and beat a detachment of 2000 Turks, made one Aga priſoner, and took a ſtandard. The 28th the ſame Colonel met a Baſſa, with 2000 men, 300 of whom he killed, and made 53 priſoners, and took ſix ſtandards. The ſame day Major Lalaſz, with two regiments of Coſſacks, overtook the Baſſa Czerkies, plundered his whole army, and even took his ſtaff of command. The 30th 500 Tartars were attacked by the Coſſacks, 300 of them killed, and 30 made priſoners. The 1ſt of May 300 waggons, with Turkiſh families, were taken, as they were going toward the Danube. Col. Bokelman has defeated a large corps of Turks oppoſite Giurgewo, 1000 of whom were killed, and 38 made priſoners. Among the priſoners which have been taken, are one Aga of the Janiſſaries, one other Aga, and a Baſſa."

Mr. Wilkes received the following on Saturday laſt:

(COPY)

"A Common-Council holden in the Chamber of the Guild-
"hall of the City of London, on Friday, the 28th day of
"May, 1773.

"This Court doth unanimouſly deſire ſuch *Members of Parlia-*
"*ment* as are Members of this Court, to oppoſe the bill, now de-
"pending in Parliament, reſpecting the Eaſt-India Company.

"HODGES."

The firſt buſineſs of the next Common-Council, which the Lord-Mayor has promiſed to call on Wedneſday, will be an addreſs of congratulation to the King, on the birth of his niece, a Prin-

tess, daughter of the Duke and Dutchess of Glouceſter, as a farther ſecurity to the Proteſtant ſucceſſion, and an additional ſtrength to the illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, May 30.

"This town is all alive, on the certainty of their Majeſties coming to ſee the fleet, where many officers of the navy and others are arriving every day. They have now a certainty of a great naval promotion; ſix Admirals are to be made, and ſix Poſt-Captains, ſix Maſters and Commanders, and twelve Lieutenants, and an addition given to the ſubaltern officers of the fleet. We hear that many ſuperannuations will take place in the yard; that Commiſſioner Hughes will be knighted, and have a penſion. The Admiralty and Navy Boards will be down with their flags, and the Earl of Sandwich, we are told, will have the Garter given him on this great occaſion;-----the firſt Princely viſit the fleet has ever had in this reign."

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, June 2.

"The Ocean, of 90 guns, and the Reaſonable, of 74 guns, at Plymouth, and the Triumph and Marlborough, of 74 guns each, from Chatham, are expected up every day to join the fleet at Spithead. Lord Edgecumbe and Admiral Spry are to hoiſt their flags on board ſome of the men of war, ſo that we ſhall have three Admirals flags flying during the time his Majeſty and Royal Family will be here, which will make a grand appearance.

"The Britannia, of 120 guns, is to be finely decorated; her decks are to be lined with green cloth, and all the other ſhips painted and ſet off in the beſt manner poſſible, that his Majeſty may ſee the glorious ſtate of his Navy.

"The Royal yatchs, we hear, are ordered round."

June 8. *The pretended amendment made to the Eaſt-India regulating bill, reſpecting the reverſionary power of appointing, granted to the Company, comes to nothing, as it is not to take place till within ſix months of the expiration of their charter.*

The clauſe in the India bill, preventing any perſon, holding any civil or military office under the Crown, from receiving or accepting any preſent or gift from any of the Indian Princes, was taken under conſideration on Thurſday laſt.

After the clauſe was gone through, Lord Clive obſerved, that ſuch reſtriction would be productive of great inconveniencies, particularly when any town was beſieged; that inſtead of entering it by capitulation, the army would at all times wiſh to take it by ſtorm, for the ſake of the plunder. His Lordſhip dwelt much upon the neceſſity there was for leaving a diſcretionary power in the Governor and Council, to allow preſents to be received by Commanders of armies, and other Officers, at the ſiege or taking poſſeſſion of a town.

The Committee did not ſeem to approve of his Lordſhip's advice.

After this General Conway got up, and ſupported his Lordſhip's opinion; and Mr. Stanly alſo roſe up, and entered deeply into a debate upon the right of receiving preſents. This engaged Sir William Meredith in the controverſy, who ſupported his former motion againſt the noble Lord, as the firſt and great example that ought to be made and brought forth to the cenſure of the Houſe; that if he had ſucceeded in that, other gentlemen, nearly as culpable as the noble Lord, were intended to be the objects of Parliamentary enquiry; but the Houſe having thought fit to let the great example eſcape, it would be needleſs to accuſe others of leſs guilt, and who were led on by the force of that great example only.

The clauſe relating to the reſtraining perſons not belonging to the Company from carrying on any inland trade was much debated, but agreed to at laſt by all parties.

The Committee then proceeded through the remainder of the clauſes without farther oppoſition, and agreed to report their proceedings to the Houſe, which was accordingly done, and the bill ordered to be printed.

The negociation of the treaty between the Courts of Peterſburgh and Stockholm has aſtoniſhed all the politicians in France, ſo great a blow to the French intereſt in Sweden being very little expected at this juncture.

Some letters from the Continent ſay, that the King of Pruſſia had like to have been burned lately by reading in bed. He had fallen aſleep, during which the curtains had taken fire.

We hear that the fleet, which is ordered to rendezvous at Spithead the middle of this month, will conſiſt of 28 ſhips of the line, three of them of the firſt rate, eleven frigates, and nine ſloops of war, beſides the five yachts.

It appears by the Eaſt-India bill now filled up, and printed with the amendments, that the ſalary of the Governor-General is to be 25,000 l. per annum, and that of the four Council 10,000 l. per annum each, who are to be nominated in the act; and that the ſalary of the Chief Juſtice is to be 8000 l. and the three other Judges 6000 l. each. The Judges to be appointed by his Majeſty. The Governor and Council are not to be removable, except by his Majeſty, upon repreſentation made by the Court of Directors of the Eaſt-India Company for the time being; and in caſe of the avoidance of the office of ſuch Governor-General by death, reſignation or removal, his place ſhall, during the remainder of the term of five years, as often as the caſe ſhall happen, be ſupplied by the perſon of the Council, who ſtands next in rank to ſuch Governor-General; and in caſe of the death, removal or promotion, of any of the ſaid Council, the Directors of the Company are empowered, during the remainder of the term of five years, to appoint, with the conſent of his Majeſty, his heirs and ſucceſſors, under his or their ſign manual, a perſon to ſucceed to the office ſo become vacant in the Council; and till ſuch appointment ſhall be made all the powers, veſted in the Governor-General and Council, ſhall continue in the Governor-General and Council ſurviving.

The following are the three additional clauſes to the bill, viz.

1. That all the rights, intereſts, privileges and authorities, now veſted in the Eaſt-India Company, and which are not hereby expreſly taken away, altered or varied, ſhall remain in the ſaid Company, in as full and ample a manner, as if this act had never been made.

2. That any Member or Proprietor of the Company, who ſhall, on or before the 1ſt day of October, 1773, be poſſeſſed of any ſtock amounting to 1000 l. ſhall be deemed qualified to vote, and ſhall be admitted to give any vote at any election of Directors, or at any General Court of the Company, that ſhall be held after the 1ſt day of October, 1773, any thing contained to the contrary notwithſtanding; and the oath and affirmation preſcribed ſhall, as occaſion may require, be altered in ſuch manner, in reſpect to the continuance of the poſſeſſion of ſuch ſtock, as to comprize the time aforeſaid.

3. That the ſaid ſeveral proviſions, relating to the ſaid Governor-General and Council, ſhall commence from the time that public proclamation ſhall be made of the arrival of the Governor-General and Councillors appointed, or any three of them, at Fort-William, in Bengal; which proclamation the ſaid Governor-General and Council are required to make.

Yeſterday a meſſenger arrived at Lord Suffolk's, with ſome diſpatches from Sir Robert Murray Keith, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Court of Vienna.

Extract of a Letter from Toulon, May 12.

"The armament which has been fitting out here for ſome time is now compleated, and conſiſts of the following ſhips, &c. viz. ſix ſail from 90 guns to 74, eight ſail from 64 to 40, fifteen frigates, and four ſloops of war, with three bomb-ketches, and a fire-ſhip. The report which has been for ſome time ſo induſtriouſly propagated of this fleet being diſarmed is falſe. On the contrary, the utmoſt aſſiduity has been uſed to render it compleat, though in the ſtricteſt privacy."

They write from Paris, that that Court has concluded a three years ſubſidy with the Court of Denmark, and Republic of Genoa.

We hear that the report of the validity of the two R---l marriages will be made by the L--d C---------r in the U---r H--ſe on Monday next, the 14th inſtant, a call being appointed for that day.

We hear that the Aldermen Kirkman and Plomer are intended to be put in nomination for Sheriffs for the year enſuing, by the popular party.

Whitehall, June 5. The King has been pleaſed to appoint William Campbell, Eſq; (commonly called Lord William Campbell) to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of his Majeſty's Province of South-Carolina, in America, in the room of Lord Charles Greville Montague.

The King has been alſo pleaſed to appoint Francis Legge, Eſq; to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of his Majeſty's Province of Nova-Scotia, in America, in the room of Lord William Campbell.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 2.

On Monday Evening laſt arrived the Wentworth, and Prince of Wales Tranſports, with the 47th Regiment, after a Paſſage of near ten Weeks from Cork.

Laſt Tueſday arrived the Father's Goodwill, Captain Moorſon, in about 57 Days from London, by whom we are informed, that the Albany, Captain Bunyan, and the Groſvenor Indiaman, now a Maſt Ship, were to ſail in 3 or 4 Days after him; on board the latter JOHN PENN, Eſq; late Lieut. Governor of Pennſylvania, and his Lady, were to return for Philadelphia.

On Tueſday Evening the Tranſports, with the 47th Regiment, ſailed for Amboy; they are to be quartered there, at Elizabeth-Town, and New-Brunſwick.

By Letters from the Illinois we learn, that the Spaniards have ſeized 4000 l. worth of Peltry, belonging to one Ducharm, a Frenchman, who had been trading up the Miſoury, a large River that diſcharges itſelf into the Miſſiſippi, contrary to the Order of Government, as a Proclamation had been iſſued, declaring it Death to have any Intercourſe with the Indians of that Country, as they had committed ſome Outrages againſt the Spaniards. He defended his Property with great Bravery, but being wounded in the Attack, in two Places, he made his Eſcape with an Indian.

Tueſday laſt his Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; Governor of the Province of New-Jerſey, and his Lady, arrived here from their Seat at Burlington, and on Thurſday ſet out for Albany.

Captain Allan, in a Snow, from Quebec, and a Sloop from Philadelphia, arrived at Newfoundland the 5th of July.

Captain Martin, of the Sloop Lawrence, in 17 Days from St. Thomas's, informs us, that on the 6th ult. two Spaniſh Guarda Coſtas had taken nine trading Veſſels, on the South Side of Porto Rico, five of which belonging to St. Thomas's.

Captain Alboy, in 20 Days from St. Euſtatia, acquaints us, that two Schooners and a Sloop were arrived there from Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt 4.*

Extract of a Letter from London, May 29.

"Since our laſt the Apprehenſions of a War have greatly ſubſided, tho' it is evident that France and Spain have been making warlike Preparations, which have occaſioned various Conjectures; but as they appear to be peaceably diſpoſed towards us, our Government have diſcontinued the Bounty for Seamen, notwithſtanding a Fleet is ready, in caſe of Need; the Stocks, however, are returned to their uſual State. We have nothing new to mention, in regard to public Credit, which we think ſeems rather on the mending Hand; but it is expected that the general unlimited Credit, which has prevailed here and in America, will be greatly curtailed."

On Monday, the 5th of July, departed this Life, at the Houſe of Jacob Peterſon, Eſq; in New-Caſtle County, Miſs ELIZABETH VANDIKE. *Pious towards God, affectionate to her Relations, affable and courteous to her Friends, obliging and benevolent to all, ſhe died much and deſervedly lamented by every One, who was connected or acquainted with her. The critical Juncture at which this amiable Perſon was cut off by Death in the Prime of her Days, furniſhes abundant Reaſon for adoring the awful Diſpenſations of an holy God, who, by his over-ruling Providence, prevents us in our Doings, ſanctifying the Grave to the youthful and lovely, and cauſing Funeral Rites to be more deſirable than Marriage Solemnities.*

Captain Vallence, in 15 Days from Antigua, informs, that a Brig arrived there from Virginia the Day before he ſailed.----On the 24th ult. in Lat. 35: 53, Long. 72: 41, he ſpoke a Schooner, from Salem for New Providence, out 9 Days, all well.

Captain Howard, arrived at New-London from the Weſt-Indies, on the 18th ult. in Lat 27: 30, Long. 67: 31, ſpoke the Brig Polly, Captain Lockton, from this Port for Barbados, 12 Days out.

Captain Dorrell, arrived at New-York from Newfoundland, on the 22d ult. in Lat. 39: 30, Long. 66: 30, ſpoke the Ship James and Rebecca, Captain Willock, from this Port for Liverpool, all well.

Sunday laſt the Ship Newry's Aſſiſtance, Captain Cuningham, arrived here from Newry, with 270 Paſſengers, all very healthy.---On the 29th of June, in Lat. 42: 30, Long. 52, Captain Cuningham ſpoke the Ship Grace, Captain Young, from New-York for Briſtol, out 11 Days, all well; and on the 24th ult. in Lat. 39: 48, Long. 67: 32, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Aſkin, from Boſton for North-Carolina, 3 Days out.

Yeſterday the Ship Jupiter, Captain Ewing, arrived here from Londonderry, with 500 Paſſengers.

Captain Garrigues, from Liſbon, on the 28th ult. about 25 Leagues S. E. of Cape Henlopen, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Todd, from this Port for Antigua, 3 Days out.

The Ship Britannia, Captain Peters, of and for this Port, with Germans, was to leave Rotterdam about the 10th of June.

Captain Shroudy, from Cadiz, on the 17th ult. in Lat. 30: 48, Long. 60: 13, ſpoke the Brig Molly, Captain Mullet, from this Port for St. Chriſtophers, 9 Days out; and on the 22d, in Lat. 35: 15, Long. 68, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Saunders, from New-York for Jamaica, out 6 Days.

Captain Martin, from Cape Nichola, on the 25th of laſt Month, in lat. 36: 21, Long 72: 19, ſpoke a Schooner, from Virginia for Jamaica, out 4 Days.

Captain Henderſon, from Cadiz, on the 23d ult. in Lat. 39: 42, Long. 68: 36, ſpoke the Brig Abigail, from Rhode-Iſland for Surrinam, out 2 Days.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain Meſnard, in London; All, at Havre-de-Grace; Martin, Cox, Whitelock, Bingley, Adamſon, Williams, and Brewſter, at Liſbon; Dyſon, at Cadiz; and Captain Fletcher, in Newfoundland.

The Vigilant, Williamſon, from Virginia, is arrived at Whitehaven.

Captain Dunlap, from Norfolk, in Virginia, is arrived at Cadiz.

The Franklin, Dunkin, is arrived at Liverpool from New-York.

Graveſend, June 6. Paſſed by, The John and William, Todd, from South-Carolina; and the Mary Ann, Sims, from Boſton.

Deal, May 31. Came down and ſailed, The London, Robertſon, for Virginia. *(June 4.)* Came down and ſailed, The Liberty, Necks, for Virginia. *(June 6.)* Came down and ſailed, The Abby, Herbert, for Virginia.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 19s. 6d. Wheat 7s. Indian Corn 3s. 3d. Ship Bread 16s. 6d. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 11l. Hogſhead Ditto 5l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 15s. Red Oak Ditto 4l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 5s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 4l. 7s. 6d. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 3d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 56s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 16s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 22d. Bohea Tea 4s. 9d. Hemp 5d. Cotton 18d. Bar-Iron 26l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Venus, D. Williams, from Liſbon. Sloop Jenny, J. Lochart, and Schooner Little Polly, J. Palmer, St. Euſtatia. Ship Elizabeth, W. Shroudy, and Ship Commerce, A. Henderſon, Cadiz. Schooner Hebe, J. Wilſon, Jamaica and Hiſpaniola. Brig Two Brothers, J. Martin, and Brig Harriot, J. Lee, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Two Brothers, B. Burges, St. Kitts. Schooner Nelly, N. Vallence, Antigua. Schooner Catherine, J. Huſton, Halifax. Sloop Succeſs, J. Eve, Virginia. Schooner Mary, J. Perott, and Brig Friendſhip, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Schooner Savannah, B. Tucker, Brig Fort Lewis, J. Drew, and Sloop Nancy, T. Moore, Georgia. Sloop Peace and Plenty, R. Mumford, R. Iſland. Sloop Eſther, J. Paine, Falmouth, N. E. Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, N. Carolina. Sloop Ranger, J. Young, Maryland. Schooner Lively, H. Johnſton, Salem, N. E.

Outwards. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, for S. Carolina. Sloop Otley, J. Young, Antigua. Ship Rebecca, L. Albro, and Brig Agnes, R. Ewing, Liſbon. Snow Charlotte, R. Curtis, Newfoundland. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Sloop Peace and Plenty, R. Mumford, R. Iſland.

Cleared. Schooner Thames, J. Power, N. London, Brig Pluto, T. Lee, Gibraltar. Brig Kitty, G. Thomſon, Jamaica. Snow Patty and Peggy, R. Hardie, Liſbon. Schooner Nancy, R. Collins, N. Carolina. Schooner Molly and Fanny, J. Hunn, Montſerrat. Snow Neptune, T. E. Wallace, Cadiz. Brig Three Friends, W. Brown, Grenades. Snow Penn, J. Gwynn, Maryland. Schooner Hannah, B. Tucker, Georgia. Brig Barbados Packet, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Sloop Sally, T. Alberſon, N. York. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Madeira. Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, St. Kitts. Schooner Peggy, J. Keogh, St. Vincents. Brig Sea Nymph, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Brig Nancy, T. Armſtrong, Liverpool. Schooner Molly, G. May, St Croix. Ship Betſy, S. Kyle, Newry.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Honour you did me, in having placed me on the Return for the Office of Sheriff at the laſt Election, for which I return you my ſincere and unfeigned Thanks, I ſtill intend to continue a Candidate for that Office, and again humbly ſolicit the Favour and Continuance of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, which ſhall be acknowledged; with the utmoſt Gratitude, by, GENTLEMEN, your Friend and humble Servant, WILLIAM DEWEES.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A JOURNEYMAN PRINTER, who can be recommended for his SOBRIETY, and STEADINESS to Buſineſs. Such a One will meet with *good Encouragement*, by applying to ISAAC COLLINS, Printer, in Burlington.

GOLD and SILVER LACE,

A very large Aſſortment, to be SOLD by

JOSEPH WOOD,

At the North-weſt Corner of Market and Second-ſtreets,

CONSISTING of broad and narrow HAT LACE; broad and narrow ſpangled and plain ditto, for waiſtcoats; broad and narrow vellum; a great variety of the neweſt faſhioned buttons, loops and bands for hats; fringe, taſſels for jockey-caps, epaulets, knee garters, thread, ſpangles, ſleazes, pearl, chain, coat and waiſtcoat buttons, of the neweſt faſhion, ſilver blond lace, &c. all which he has imported from the manufacturers in London, and will ſell at a low rate, for CASH only.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A LOT of GROUND, in the Northern Liberties, containing 12 acres, about 3 miles from the city, all in good cedar fence, part of it woodland, about 2½ acres of meadow, a garden, of about half an acre, boarded and pailed, with a collection of peach, plumb, and other fruit trees. On the premiſes are erected, a ſmall ſtone houſe and kitchen, with a good cellar, likewiſe a cedar frame houſe, about 18 feet ſquare, a good frame barn, 20 feet by 32, with ſtables, chaiſe houſe, all new; alſo a well of excellent water. The land is good, and well watered by a ſtream running through it. The ſituation is pleaſant, healthy and retired, and capable of great improvement. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, or rent, may apply as above. *Thoſm.*

THE Adventurers in the PETTIE's-ISLAND CLASS LOTTERY, for the Benefit of ST. PAUL's CHURCH, are deſired to take Notice, that the Time concluded on for them to renew their Tickets in the Supplement, will expire on Saturday next, the 7th Inſtant, after which Time all Tickets on Hand will be ſold to the firſt that apply. From the Number of Tickets engaged, the many valuable Prizes in the Scheme (there being two of 500 l. each, two of 200 l. three of 100 l. &c. &c. not two Blanks to a Prize, and the Tickets only Twenty Shillings each) it is expected to be drawn at the Time propoſed, on Monday, the 23d of Auguſt inſtant.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 2, 1773.

JUST Re-printed from the *Cambridge* Edition, and SOLD by

WILLIAM WOODHOUSE,

Bookſeller, in *Front-ſtreet*, near *Cheſtnut-ſtreet*,

(FINE PAPER *One Shilling*, COMMON PAPER *Nine-pence*)

DEATH: A Poetical ESSAY.

By BEILBY PORTEUS, M. A.

FELLOW of CHRIST COLLEGE.

Ah! why will Kings forget that they are Men?
And Men that they are Brethren? Why delight
In human Sacrifice? Why burſt the Ties
Of Nature, that ſhould knit their Souls together
In one ſoft Bond of Amity and Love? PORTEUS.

THIS POEM obtained the Prize left by the laſt Will of Mr. SEATON, as determined by the Vice-Chancellor of *Cambridge*, &c.---A Gentleman in *America*, who poſſeſſeth both a literary and a religious Taſte, becauſe all Mankind are ſubject to the univerſal Empire of Death, wiſheth they would ſometimes deign to view this intereſting Scene, in the enlarged Sentiments of our Author, and therefore deſired the Promulgation of this *American* Edition.

*** At ſaid WOODHOUSE's may now be purchaſed, Biſhop SHIPLEY's celebrated SERMON, preached in *London*, 1773, for conciliating the Affections of *Britons* and *Americans*.-----Fine Paper *Nine-pence*, common Paper *Six-pence*. Large Allowance to thoſe who buy Quantities to give away.

CHOICE VINEGAR,

For PICKLING, or other USES,

To be SOLD, either by the Barrel or ſmall Meaſure, by

SAMUEL WETHERILL, junior,

Living in South-Street, on Hudſon's-Square, PHILADELPHIA.

TO BE LETT,

A Convenient SHOP, either for a Carpenter or a Joiner.

Enquire of ſaid WETHERILL. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of a Servant Man, who has about 15 Months to ſerve; he is a German, and a Workman at the Copperſmith Buſineſs, he learned his Trade in Germany, and has worked ſome Time in Town, and underſtands the Engliſh Method. For further Particulars, enquire of BENJAMIN HARBESON, at his Houſe, in Market-ſtreet. ¶

WAS FOUND, ſome Time ago, a SILVER WATCH, with a China Face, and Silk String. Whoever has loſt the ſame may have it again, by applying to JOHN M'MULLIN, in Southwark, proving their Property, and paying the Charges. *Auguſt 3, 1773.* ¶

TRENTON, *Auguſt 2, 1773.*

RUN away, the 21ſt of July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living near Trenton, in Weſt New-Jerſey, a Negroe Man, named JAMES; had on, when he went away, a tow ſhirt and trowſers, bearſkin under jacket, new pumps; took with him a white ſhirt, blue cloth breeches, and a camblet jacket. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS *reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me* ELIJAH BOND. ¶

Cumberland County, June 26, 1773.

WERE committed to the Goal of ſaid County, the FOUR following perſons, viz. JOHN DINNISTON, *about 18 years of age, 5 feet 3 inches high, of a fair complexion, ſays he is a ſervant to George Swoyick, who lives on Peter's Creek, Weſtmoreland County.* HENRY DECKER, *a Dutch lad, Blackſmith and Weaver to trade; he was advertiſed in the Gazette, the 1ſt inſtant, by John Geſler, of Millerſburg, Lancaſter County.* JOHN BEALS, *as he calls himſelf, about 17 years of age, 5 feet high, of a dark complexion, has ſhort black hair; ſays he ran away from a ſhip, in Baltimore, John Kettle, Commander.* PATRICK HALFPENNY, *who confeſſes, that he ran away from Mr. William Pennell, living in Middletown, Cheſter County; he is likewiſe advertiſed in the Gazette, by ſaid Pennell, the 24th of May laſt. Therefore I deſire their maſters, if any they have, to come, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be ſold out for the ſame, by* ROBERT SEMPLE, Goaler. ¶

Chester, August 2, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on the 28th instant, about three o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises, will be sold by public vendue, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing about 400 acres, more or less, with a water corn grist and merchant-mill erected thereon, formerly known by the name of Hannum's or Kerr's mill; situate in the townships of East and West-Fallowfield, in Chester county, and bounded by lands of Joseph Davies, John Hannum, Esq; deceased, Robert Burns, John Hetherington, and others; there are on said premises, a large stone dwelling-house, a frame barn, stable, cow and hay-house, a stone mill-house, 60 by 32, built about three years ago, with two pair of stones, and three boulting chests and hoisting geers, which all go by a good stream of water; there are about 40 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more may be made, on said premises; all late the estate of Joseph Thomas; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff. ¶

Philadelphia, July 29, 1773.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, an English servant girl, 21 years of age, named CATHERINE BALL (lately come in this country) brown skinned, black eyed, black haired, cut close off lately, with a calicoe short gown and petticoat, a straw hat, a coarse shift, and white apron; those that confine her in any goal, shall have the above reward, paid by

t. f. HENRY NEILL.

WANTS EMPLOY,

A MAN, well acquainted in this and the neighbouring Provinces, who can give Security, if required; he would undertake to collect Debts, settle Accounts, or serve in a wholesale or retail Store, in Town or Country, and has no Objection to go abroad to any Part. Any Gentleman, Merchant, or other, will be waited on, on the shortest Notice, by applying to the PRINTERS hereof.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, a Mustee servant girl, named MARY GIBBONS, about 19 or 20 years of age, chunky and well made, has long black hair; had on, when she went away, a striped blue and white jacket and petticoat, two blue and white check handkerchiefs, with some small stripes of red in them, and one yellow quilt. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, so that her master may have her again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN CLEMSON.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry her off, at their peril. *July* 26, 1773. †

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, living in the township of Derry, in the county of Cumberland, and province of Pennsylvania, have in my hands, a small LEGACY, the property of a certain JOHN WOOD, son of James Wood, late of Brandywine Hundred, in the county of New-Castle, upon Delaware, Cordwainer, deceased: This is to request the said John Wood, or his heirs, to apply to me for the same, within the term limited by law, otherwise the said Legacy will be deemed forfeited, and paid to other heirs of the said James Wood.

¶ 8w. JAMES HUSTON.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Horsham township, Philadelphia county, on the 19th of July, 1773, at night, a small bay MARE, six years old, no brand, has a white mark in her forehead, three white feet, and broad saddle marks, trots well. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, so that he be had to justice, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward; and for the mare only, if brought home, FORTY SHILLINGS, and all reasonable charges, paid by me

¶ JABEZ WHITE.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, last night, from the subscriber, living at the place, called, The Half-way-house, in Londongrove township, Chester county, a light coloured cloth coat, with mohair buttons, about half worn, a red flannel vest, without sleeves, with buttons of the same, a camblet ditto, a half worn fur hat, thread stockings, and half worn shoes, with metal buckles in them. It was a certain John Windsly that stole the said clothes, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, was born in Ireland, had on a coarse flaxen shirt, striped trowsers, made very wide, a wool hat, strong shoes, with brass buckles, a swanskin jacket, without sleeves, he had very black eyes, occasioned by fighting; he carries a flail, and sometimes follows threshing, and talks much about being in the army. Whoever takes up said thief and clothes, so that the owner may have them again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

July 23. † JESSE PENNOCK.

RUN away from the subscriber, living near Cranberry, in Windsor township, an Irish servant man, named JOHN LETTHRIDGE, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, black hair, fair complexion, a little pitted with the small-pox; had on, when he went away, a wool hat, about half worn, which he wore cocked up, a homespun broadcloth coat, and Wilton jacket, both almost new, and a pair of ozenbrigs trowsers, somewhat patched; has a scar under his left eye, he likewise has a scar on his left hip, of a bullet; he has got very good learning, and perhaps may forge a pass. He formerly belonged to Mr. Patterson, of Bucks county, from whom he ran away, and was put in Amboy goal, where the subscriber bought him. Any person or persons who will secure the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

July 26, 1773. JOSEPH RIGGS. †

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living on Deer Creek, Upper Hundred, Baltimore county, a convict servant man, named PATRICK M'CLUSKY, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, has black hair, and a scar over his right eye; had on, when he went away, a double breasted flannel jacket, with black spots, the back part of which is white, tow shirt and trowsers, and an old wool hat; he took with him a fickle, and may endeavour to get work. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, or brings him home to his master, shall receive, if 20 miles from home, THIRTY SHILLINGS, if 30 miles, FORTY SHILLINGS, and if out of the province, the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, by

June 28, 1773. JAMES GORDON. †

Philadelphia, June 1, 1773.

WHEREAS the Partnership between REINHARD KAHMER, and PHILIP STEIN, Brewers, of this City, is to be dissolved the latter End of August next; all Persons indebted to them are desired to pay off their Arrears; and those who have any Demands against the said Partnership, are also desired to bring in their Accounts, within the abovementioned Time, in order to make a thorough Settlement, and close the Books.

N. B. To be sold, either the Whole or Part of the Brewhouse, belonging to the said Partnership, with the Utensils thereunto appertaining. Any Person inclining to buy the same, may know the Terms, by applying to R. KAHMER, and P. STEIN, living between Vine and Wood-streets. ¶ 2 *M.*

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, on Sunday, the 18th of July, 1773, an indented servant man, named JAMES PATTERSON, by trade a house-carpenter, but may call himself a ship-joiner, was born in Ireland, but has been seven years in this country; had on, when he went away, an old castor hat, green nap jacket, check shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, old shoes, with plain plated buckles; he is about 26 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, black curled hair, speaks a little effeminate, is supposed to be gone towards New-York. Whoever secures said servant in any of his Majesty's goals, so as his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

§ WILLIAM M'MULLIN.

All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Vincent township, Chester county, on the 20th of June last, a servant lad, named JOSEPH COFFEY, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, this country born, has light brown hair, and fair complexion; is very much addicted to lying and swearing, and extreamly fond of strong liquor; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, home made linen shirt, tow trowsers, good shoes, and a brown cloth jacket, with metal buttons, lined with striped lincey. Whoever secures said servant, so that his master may get him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

July 29, 1773. WILLIAM EVANS.

N. B. It is suspected that he will endeavour to get work at some iron-works; therefore, all iron-masters are requested to apprehend him, if possible. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Thursday, the 5th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain three story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Callowhill-street, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in Depth 80 feet, bounded by Callowhill-street aforesaid, and by ground of Thomas Meyer, and others. A certain tract or piece of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, on the south side of Germantown road, containing about 4 acres and 69 perches, bounded by a certain 40 feet road or lane, and by ground late of Isaac Norris, deceased. Also a certain lot of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, on the west side of a certain 50 feet lane or street, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 159 feet, bounded by said street, and by ground of John Stillwaggon, Nicholas Burckhard, and others; late the estate of Martin Noll; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the 6th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, two certain messuages or tenements, and lots or pieces of ground, situate in the district of Southwark, on the west side of Second-street, containing in breadth 30 feet, and in depth 60 feet, bounded by Second-street aforesaid, and by grounds of Samuel Rhoads, Luke Morris, and others; subject to a groundrent of Sixteen Pieces of Eight per annum; late the estate of Thomas Robinson; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 7th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, two certain brick messuages or tenements, and lots or peices of ground, situate on the west side of Sterling-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, in the city of Philadelphia; each of them containing in breadth about 14 feet, and in depth about 45 feet, bounded by Sterling-street aforesaid, and by ground of Thomas Peart, and others; late the estate of Samuel Johnston; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, Two certain lots or pieces of ground, situate on the east side of Front-street, continued southward beyond the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 35 feet, and in depth 85 feet; bounded by Front-street aforesaid, by the next described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, and others; subject to a groundrent of 46*s.* Pennsylvania currency, per annum; having a one story brick tenement (19 feet in breadth, and 28 feet in depth, erected thereon) with a good cellar of 9 feet deep under the whole. The other of them containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 75 feet; bounded by Queen-street, by a certain three feet alley, by the first described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, John Morton, and others; late the estate of Samuel Armitt; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain piece or parcel of drained cripple, or meadow land, situate on Greenwich island, in Passyunk township, containing about 4 acres and 146 perches; bounded by the river Delaware, and by lands of Jonathan Shoemaker, John Drinker, and others. And a certain other tract or piece of land, situate in Passyunk township, containing about 5 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of John Rouse, John Godfrey, John Sober, and Rebecca Johns; late the estate of Edward Flounders; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Chester, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the 9th day of August next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain tract, piece, or parcel of marsh, or meadow ground, containing two acres and a half; bounded by lands of John Knowles, and the Thoroughfare Creek; late the estate of George Grantham, deceased; seized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Chester, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the 10th day of August next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage or tenement, piece or parcel of land, situate in Charlestown township, containing 211 acres; bounded by lands of James Martin, William Moore, Esq; Benjamin Boyer, and the river Schuylkill; late the estate of Matthias Tyson; seized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Chester, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the 11th day of August next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage, tenement, and two tracts of land, situate in Uwchland township, one containing 94 acres, and the other 51 acres; bounded by lands late of Joseph Phipps, deceased, William Owen, and others. Also, at the same time and place, will be exposed to sale, horses, cows, a variety of houshold furniture, and a Negroe woman. All late the estate and property of Enoch Wells; seized and taken in execution by

HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the 12th day of August next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage or tenement, tract or parcel of land, situate in West-Bradford township, Chester county, containing about 120 acres; bounded by lands of George Pierce, Stephen Harlan, William Woodward, and others; late the estate of John Jackson, deceased, seized and taken in execution by

HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Chester, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, the 17th day of August next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain messuage or tenement, piece or parcel of land, situate in West-Nottingham township, Chester county, containing about 180 acres; late the estate of Thomas Collins; seized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

THE RETAILERS of spirituous LIQUORS and OTHERS, made exciseable by a late Act of Assembly, are desired speedily to discharge their respective Accounts.

June 30, 1773. § WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector.

CHESTER, ss. *July* 28, 1773.

THE Retailers and other Consumers of SPIRITOUS LIQUORS, made exciseable by a late Act of Assembly, are desired to be punctual in paying off their respective Accounts of Duty, next Court at Chester, where I shall attend on that Service, at the House of WILLIAM KERLIN.

¶ CHARLES HUMPHREYS, Collector.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my most sincere Thanks for your past Favours, and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, do now request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, which will much oblige,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for the Honour you conferred on me, in voting me on the Return for CORONER, for several Years past. Upon the Decease of Caleb Cash, Esq; his Honour the Governor was pleased to appoint me to that Office, for the Remainder of the Year, wherein I shall endeavour to acquit myself with the utmost Fidelity; and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the same, at the ensuing Election, I earnestly entreat the Favour of your Votes and Interest, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your respectful and obliged Friend,

July 19, 1773. § JOHN KNIGHT, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

AS the Office of CORONER is now become vacant, by the Death of the late worthy Caleb Cash (and as it has been customary for such who stand Candidates for the same, to bespeak the Favour of the Public in this Manner) and from the great Encouragement I have received from many of my Friends, I intend to stand a Candidate for the said Office at the ensuing Election: I therefore humbly request your Votes and Interest for the said Office, which shall be ever gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN, Your sincere Friend,

July 14, 1773. ¶ BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

THE Public are hereby acquainted, that BENJAMIN ARMITAGE is removed from the Sign of the Anvil and Crown, in Second and Spruce-streets, to the Sign of the Anvil and double Cross Keys, at the corner of Chestnut and Fourth-streets, where the Sign of the Death of the Fox has been formerly kept, has opened an INN, having now good stables, and other necessaries, for the accommodation of travellers, and others, his friends and acquaintance, shall be obliged to all that will please to favour him with their custom.

I also take this opportunity to acquaint the Freeholders, and other Electors, of the city and county of Philadelphia, that I offer myself a Candidate for the Office of CORONER, being encouraged thereunto by several respectable families, and request their votes and interest for that purpose, at the ensuing election, which favour shall be gratefully acknowledged by, their friend and humble servant,

¶ BENJAMIN ARMITAGE.

Head of Bohemia, July 5, 1773.

Will positively be SOLD, on Monday, the 9th day of August next, on the spot, by Vendue,

THE BOHEMIA MILLS, which are pleasantly situated on the main branch of Bohemia river, in Cæcil county, Maryland, within a quarter of a mile from Bohemia landing, and six miles from Apoquinimink landing, in New-Castle county; the mill-house, dam, and all the other works, are now in good repair, and proper order for making superfine flour; the boulting-cloths, hoisting-works, rolling screen, and fan, go by water; the stream of water upon which the mill is erected, has not been known to fail, and the situation is in the midst of an excellent wheat country, besides the advantage of purchasing at a low rate, at Bohemia landing, where not less than fifty thousand bushels of the best wheat is landed in a year, there is also frequent demands for large quantities of flour at the mill, where the Philadelphia market price is generally paid; fifteen acres of excellent land, where are a dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, and good orchard, will be sold with the mills. The conditions of the vendue will be made known on the day of sale, by JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, near New-Castle, some time in December last, a Negroe man slave, named RAGON, 30 years of age, about six feet high, a strong hearty fellow, was brought up by Thomas Ogle, deceased; had on when he went away, a coarse dark grey jacket, spotted flannel under waistcoat, buckskin breeches, &c. It is supposed that he keeps near Ogletown, or at William Carson's, about 12 miles below New-Castle, where Bird lately kept tavern. Whoever takes up the said Negroe slave, and secures him in the Goal of this County, or brings him to his said master, so that he may have him again, shall have the above reward; or if any one will inform against the person that harbours or entertains him, shall have Five Pounds, paid by RICHARD M'WILLIAM. ¶

To be RENTED, for a Term of Years,

THE MILLS at the Falls of James River, in the Town of Manchester, which consist of a double Saw-mill and Grist-mill, with two Pair of Stones, for Country Work, which is worth about 400 Barrels of Corn the Year, a Merchant-mill with four Pair of best French Burr Stones, and all Conveniencies necessary for carrying on the manufacturing Business in the best Manner; likewise a good Dwelling-house, with two Rooms on a Floor, and a Cellar and large Fire-place in it; as also a large Store-house, Cooper's Shop, Stable, Blacksmith's Shop and Tools, and a Lot of two Acres and a Half enclosed about the Works. The Stream affords Water enough for as many more Mills, and the Works are so situated that they are out of Danger from Freshes, having never received any Damage but from the unparalleled one in May 1771. These Works, being placed within a few Yards of Navigation, and in the most flourishing Part of the Country, where any Quantity of Wheat may be purchased, the Business of Manufacturing, as well as the West-India Trade, may be carried on to as great Advantage as any where on the Continent, and a ready Market may be had for any Quantity of Plank, Scantling, &c. The Saw and Grist mills are now finished, and the Merchant-mill will be finished by the First of September next. Any Person, inclinable to rent the said Works, may know the Terms, by applying to JOHN MAYO.

VIRGINIA, *May* 29, 1773. ¶ 8 *W.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

August 11, 1773. NUMB. 2329.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

BY THE HONOURABLE
RICHARD PENN, Esq;
Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle*, *Kent* and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a great Number of Bills, *printed* in the Form, Similitude and Likeness, of the true and genuine Bills of Credit of this Province, of the Denominations of *Three Pounds*, and *Thirty Shillings*, dated the First Day of *March*, 1769, have been forged and counterfeited, and are now circulating in this City and Province, to the great Prejudice of His Majesty's honest and liege Subjects: AND WHEREAS it is of the greatest Importance to the Trade and Commerce of this Province, that the Credit of all such Bills as have been emitted by Law, should be supported and preserved, and that the Forgers and Counterfeiters of them should be discovered, and brought to condign and exemplary Punishment: I HAVE therefore thought fit, with the Advice of the Council, to issue this Proclamation, hereby promising and engaging, that the public Reward of *FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS*, shall be paid to any Person or Persons, other than the Accomplices, who shall discover the Author or Authors of the said Forgeries, so that he or they be apprehended and brought to Justice. AND I DO also hereby promise the public Reward of *TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS*, as well as His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, to any one of the Perpetrators of the said Forgeries, who shall make Discovery of one or more of his Accomplices, so that he or they be prosecuted to Conviction. AND I DO moreover hereby strictly charge, enjoin and require, all Magistrates, Sheriffs, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's liege Subjects within this Province, to exert themselves, and use their utmost Endeavours, to discover and bring to Justice all Offenders in the Premises.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the Nineteenth Day of* July, *in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-three, and in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth.*

RICHARD PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *jun. Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

Pennsylvania, ss. Philadelphia, Seventh Month 19, 1773.

THOSE who have Bills of Credit, issued according to an Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, dated the First Day of *March*, 1769, are desired to bring them to the Provincial Treasurer, and receive their respective Value; the said Bills are denominated EIGHT SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, and SIXTY SHILLINGS.

OWEN JONES.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the favourable Sentiments you have formerly shewn towards me, and the Hope of your Countenance and Support on the present Occasion, I now beg the Favour of your Votes and Interest, for the Sheriff's Office, at the next Election; in which, should I have the Happiness to succeed, I will use my utmost Endeavours to merit your future Esteem, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in me, and a grateful Remembrance of the Favour conferred on,

GENTLEMEN, your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,
ENOCH STORY.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

BEING encouraged thereunto by several respectable families, I offer myself a candidate for the Coroner's Office, and request your votes and interest, at the ensuing election; which favour shall be gratefully acknowledged by, your friend and humble servant, BENJAMIN ARMITAGE.

I also take this opportunity to inform the public in general, as well as my friends and acquaintance, that I have removed from the Anvil and Crown, in Second-street, near Spruce-street, to the Sign of the Anvil and Double Cross Keys, at the corner of Chestnut and Fourth-streets, where the Sign of the Death of the Fox has been formerly kept; and as I have now good stables, and other necessaries, for the accommodation of travellers, and others, I shall be obliged to all that will be pleased to favour me with their custom.

BENJAMIN JANUARY,
BOOK-BINDER AND STATIONER,

TAKES this method to acquaint his Friends, and the Public in general, That he has lately opened shop, in Water-street, a little to the southward of the Drawbridge, and next door to Mr. HENRY NEILL's, where he carries on the BOOK-BINDING BUSINESS, in all its Branches, and where Merchants, Shop-keepers, and others, may be supplied with all sorts of account books, made and ruled to any pattern, at the lowest price. He likewise has for sale a small assortment of Stationary Wares, consisting of folio and quarto post paper, fools-cap and pott ditto, quills, sealing-wax, wafers, pewter ink-stands, slates, black-lead pencils, American and British ink-powder; likewise bibles, testaments, spelling-books, primers, &c. And as he shall make it his peculiar study to merit the approbation of all such, who may please to employ him, so shall it be his constant endeavour to give, to the utmost of his power, entire satisfaction. He therefore flatters himself, that he, being a young beginner, will receive suitable encouragement from the generous public, which, if he should be so happy as to attain, the favour, so conferred, shall be held in everlasting remembrance, by the Public's most obedient, and very humble servant. BENJAMIN JANUARY.

Kingsess, Philadelphia County, Eighth-Month 11, 1773.

THIS is to give notice, that there is in the subscriber's pasture, a stray trespassing light bay HORSE colt, two years old, no star, brand or ear-mark, the hind foot on the near side a small matter white. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

JOSEPH PEMBERTON.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday, the 25th of August instant, at seven o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house,

A LOT of GROUND, with a frame tenement thereon erected, situate in Southwark, and occupied by the Widow Bowers, containing 60 feet front on Delaware, running west about 530 feet; bounded northward by a lot belonging to the estate of Enoch Flower, deceased, and southward by a lot belonging to Mr. John Gill; one third of the purchase money to be paid at the time of executing the deed, and the remainder to be at interest, on good security.

BY virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, on Friday, the 27th day of August instant, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage, or tenement, and lot of ground, situate in the District of Southwark, and on the north side of German-street, containing in breadth, on the said street, 33 feet and 4 inches, and in length or depth 59 feet; bounded northward with ground late of John Kaighin, deceased, westward by ground now or late of Joseph Richardson, southward by the said German-street, and eastward by ground now or late of James Bartly, and others; late the estate of Gustavus Brown, deceased. The sale to begin at six o' clock in the evening. Attendance will be given, at the time and place of sale, by MARY BROWN, and BENJAMIN HARRISON, Administrat. *Philadelphia, August* 6, 1773.

LATELY IMPORTED, in the ship Catherine, Captain Sutton, from LONDON,
DOCTOR HILL's NEW IMPROVED TINCTURE of CENTAURY.

THIS is an excellent medicine for all weak stomachs, it gives a very good healthy appetite, and a sound digestion, and as most diseases have their origin in a weak stomach, so by the use of this tincture they may be prevented. Also a fresh quantity of Doctor HILL's AMERICAN BALSAM, of which the virtue and goodness are now so well known in America, that it is an infallible, and the most innocent, sure and effectual medicine ever known in the world, for all coughs, colds, swimming in the head, and a very admirable remedy for children in the hooping cough, and in most all their disorders, and by the proper use of this Balsam for a reasonable time, many have also received great benefit and relief, and some are effectually cured of the most painful rheumatism, cholic, consumption and jaundice. Doctor HILL's own directions, printed in London, are wrapped about each bottle, the price therein mentioned, was meant sterling money, but for the benefit of the poor, it is allowed to be sold, a single bottle for 4s. 3d. and 3s. 9d. a bottle, by the dozen, currency, in this province, and to prevent counterfeiting of these medicines, it is only to be sold in Philadelphia, by William Sitgreaves, merchant, at his house, on the north side of Market-street, near the Court-house; at Lancaster, by Ludwig Lauman, merchant; at New-York, by Michael Hoffman, shopkeeper; and by the subscriber, at Kingsess, near the Lower Ferry, on Schuylkill, and no where else for the present time. WILLIAM YOUNG, senior.

Baltimore, August 2, 1773.

DAVID EVANS, CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,

INFORMS his FRIENDS and the PUBLIC, That he has opened shop, at the sign of the Arch Dial and Watch, next door to Messieurs Shields and Mattison's, Hatters, and adjoining Mr. Francis Sanderson, Coppersmith, in Gay-street, where he makes musical, horizontal, repeating and plain clocks, in the neatest manner and newest fashion, at the lowest prices; he likewise makes watches (having employed workmen, regularly bred, to the different branches of watch-making, in London) which he engages to be good, and equal in quality to any imported watches; those repaired shall be warranted several years, cleaning once a year, and accidents excepted; and as a proof that his intentions are just, he further engages to return the money for repaired or new work, in case they should not perform; as he is just beginning business, he shall do every thing in his power to merit the approbation of those gentlemen and ladies, who will please to favour him with their custom, and their favours gratefully acknowledged, by their humble servant,
DAVID EVANS.

He has for sale Black-lead Crucibles, of Stephens's make.

I, *GEORGE LECHLER*,
WEAVER AND REED-MAKER,

FIND myself once more under the necessity to acquaint the Public where in Philadelphia I live, since there are persons who say that I am removed, which is entirely false, as I live in the same house where I have lived these 12 years past, and shall continue in it till I move into eternity; and when I shall be no more, there will be another *Lechler*, who will continue to live there, as the house is my own, and he will make his work as good as his father. As yet I live in Market-street, between Sixth and Seventh-streets, the third door above the sign of the Three Kings, on the left side of the street going up from the Court-house to Schuylkill; any person, therefore, having occasion for my work, such as Weaver's Reeds or Shuttles, may depend on getting them as good of me, as in any part of the world; but it is not necessary for me to praise my work, for the work itself will praise the master.

N. B. I have at present a parcel of good Reeds ready made, as also a quantity of good Cane-angles for sale. Reed-makers in the country may depend on getting good Cane-angles of me, as every one well knows that we are good judges of them, and do not buy them unless they are good; and I will sell them to my fellow-tradesmen very reasonable. GEORGE LECHLER. 1 tw.

WAS brought into the pasture of the subscriber, living in Hempfield township, Lancaster county, on the 21st of June last past, by a person unknown, a HORSE, being about nine years of age, blackish colour, about 14 hands high, branded H S, was shod before, was at that time very lame in one of his fore feet; the person desired me to pasture him for a few days, and was then to fetch him again, but has not yet appeared. The owner of said horse is hereby desired to fetch him away, and pay the charges, otherwise he will be sold for the same. ISAAC CAUFMAN.

TO BE SOLD,

On Tuesday, the 7th day of September next, on the premises, and may be entered on immediately after sale,

SIX Hundred ACRES of LAND, almost surrounded by main Duck-creek, on the north-west branch of said creek, New-Castle county, the greatest part of which will make excellent meadow; 300 acres whereof is woodland, chiefly white-oak, 150 clear land, 100 marsh, and 50 banked meadow, well drained, and may be conveniently divided into three plantations, with an equality of timber, clear land and marsh, to each; the land is seven miles from the river Delaware. There are three small log-houses on the premises, one of which is rented, with 100 acres of said tract, and 20 acres of marsh, for 13 years, at 30*l.* for the third, 40*l.* for the fourth, and 50*l.* per ann. for the remainder of the term. There is a new wharff, 100 feet front on said creek, at which there is a sufficient depth of water for sea vessels. There is also a road laid out from said wharff to the King's road, near Black-bird's bridge (500 perches whereof is made with a large double ditch.) Ship-building and a considerable lumber trade may be carried on at said landing, as there are many large tracts of excellent timber-land in the neighbourhood, and an extensive wheat and flour trade introduced from the Head of Sassafras, and places adjacent in Maryland. Any person inclining to purchase the whole, or part of said tract, on payment of one half of the consideration money, may have a reasonable time for payment of the residue, by applying to the subscriber, in New-Castle,

DAVID FINNEY.

The said DAVID FINNEY hath likewise for sale, 143 acres of improved marsh, being part of Muscle-cripple, bounded by Muscle-cripple and Christiana-creeks, and lands of William Scott, deceased, which are rented to three persons of good estates, at £ 181:17:6 per annum, for 15 years from the 25th day of March last. The tenants are to support the bank during said term. From 40 to 50 bushels of Indian corn per acre is the general produce of said cripple yearly; and such lots, which are in good grass, will lett for Fifty Shillings per acre. The purchaser, paying one half the consideration money, may have one year for payment of the residue, with interest. 7f6.

Burlington, August 3, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

MADE his escape, out of the goal of Burlington, a certain JOHN RUTH, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, a little round shouldered, small dark eyes, pale smock-faced, with a boyish look, little or no beard, straight brown hair; it is said he made his escape from the officers in Bucks county, to Philadelphia, and there married one Prudence Hughes, who was, as is said, of a slight character, and then came to the Jerseys, and as the said Prudence has been the cause of his escape this time, it is thought they will meet again, and go together, and live in Philadelphia. Whoever takes up said *John Ruth*, and delivers him at the goal in Burlington, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me

EPHRAIM PHILLIPS, Goaler.

To the Creditors of THOMAS BAMFORD.

PLEASE to take Notice, that I intend to petition the Honourable Assembly of the Province of Pennsylvania, at their next Sitting, for a Bill to be passed into a Law, for the Relief of my Person from Imprisonment, to which I hope you will have no Objection, as I have honestly assigned and delivered up all I possess in the World, for the Use and Benefit of my Creditors here and elsewhere; I am your humble Servant,

Lancaster Goal, August 4, 1773. THOMAS BAMFORD.

FORT-AUGUSTA, *August* 2, 1773.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscribers, a German servant man, indented by the name of *John Peter Geable*, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, middling stout made, speaks little English, but understands it well, seems, when spoken to, more complaisant than is common for a German, wears his hair long, and commonly platted, of a fair colour, his beard inclining to sandy; says he was born near Frankfort, on the Main, and is a Carpenter by trade; his hat is cut in the late fashion; had on a pair of old pumps, bound at the tops, worsted stockings, linen drawers, a calicoe summer jacket, with red and blue flowers, and pieced at the sides, a cloth jacket, with sleeves, of a sort of brown or blossom colour, with mohair buttons, of the same colour. He went off in company with another servant, belonging to John Musser, of Lancaster, who says he is a Spaniard, but speaks like and has much the appearance of a Frenchman, is of a very dark complexion, and his hair, which he is very fond of dressing, is remarkably black; he is very fond of beating the drum, and took one with him; wears his hat always cocked in a remarkable manner, with a large metal button in the crown of it; pretends to great speed and activity as a footman. Whoever secures the above servants, or any one of them, if taken within thirty miles, shall have Thirty Shillings for each, and reasonable charges, if brought home, but if above that distance, Three Pounds for each.

WILLIAM MACLAY,
7f6. SAMUEL HUNTER.

THERE is a trespassing stray HORSE taken up, as the law directs, by David Kennedy, of Hamiltonsbanne township, in York county; said horse is grey coloured, about 12 hands high, 8 years old, and had a bell tied on with a rope. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. *August* 2, 1773. DAVID KENNEDY.

Chester-Town, Kent County, Maryland, July 10, 1773.

SIX PISTOLES REWARD.

BROKE *goal, on Wednesday night, the 7th instant, a certain* John Anderson, *committed in execution for debt; he is an Irishman, by trade a Ditcher, a bold pert fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high, very thick and well made, has remarkably large wrists, short curled hair, of a light colour, is a little bald on the fore part of his head, round face, fresh complexion, talks hoarse, is apt to get drunk, and quarrelsome; he has a large bundle of clothes with him, among which are, a claret cloth coat, striped ticken trowsers, buckskin breeches, white shirts, white cotton or thread stockings, good shoes, and a pretty good castor hat: He broke goal on the 7th of June last, and was taken a few days after, and brought back. It is thought he stole a large grey horse, as he has been missing since the night* Anderson *broke goal. Whoever takes up and secures said* Anderson *in any goal, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought back, and safe delivered to him, paid by* THOMAS SMYTH, Sheriff.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *see the fourth Page.*]

By Captain BINGLEY, *arrived here in a ſhort Paſſage from Liſbon, we have the following Advices, viz.*

WARSAW, May 17.

AN Eſtafette, arrived here from Lublin, brought accounts that the Auſtrians had demanded from that Waywode, a contribution of 30,000 buſhels of corn, 30,000 buſhels of oats, and 30,000 loads of hay. We hear from Samogitia, that 400 Coſſacks entered that place to live at diſcretion, becauſe the Deytines had broken up fruitleſly. The Pruſſians continue exacting large contributions of proviſion and forage, which has obliged the greateſt part of the inhabitants to leave their houſes, and ſettle elſewhere, not being able to furniſh their demand, the Confederates having before taken great part of their ſubſiſtence away.

Spa, June 3. There never was a finer proſpect of a moſt plentiful harveſt than there now is in the Electorates of Mentz, Treves and Cologne, and alſo in the Biſhopric of Liege.

Marſeilles. May 17. According to the laſt letters received from Acre, which are dated the 15th of March, Ali Bey was at that time ſtill at Joppa, which he was fortifying. He waited the increaſe of the Nile to re-enter Egypt, the Governor of which Kingdom, being informed of his deſigns, is making the neceſſary Diſpoſitions to oppoſe him. He has alſo prohibited the exportation of corn, rice, and all ſorts of proviſions out of Egypt into Syria, and the ſecond Interpreter of the French nation has received orders to go to Damietta, to watch over the conduct of our Captains, who may act in contravention to theſe orders. Notwithſtanding the apparent ſecurity of the Caimacan, they are under apprehenſions in Egypt, that Ali Bey may eaſily penetrate, if he ſhould attempt to enter it.

Mentz, May 27. We have had ſome violent ſtorms here this week, accompanied with ſuch abundance of hail and rain, that moſt of the fruits of the Earth are deſtroyed, and more particularly in the neighbourhood of Franckfort, Kroenigſtein, Hombourg and Darmſtadt; from whence we hear that the lands, which promiſed a plentiful harveſt of grain, have been entirely laid waſte, inſomuch that the poor peaſants will be obliged again to ſow oats, potatoes, &c. in order to procure a little neceſſary ſubſiſtence for their families.

Conſtantinople, April 28. The conferences at Bucharеſt are entirely broken off, without hope of ſeeing them renewed. The Turkiſh Plenipotentiary having requeſted from the Ruſſian Miniſter his ultimate demands, the Sieur Obreſkow remitted to him the piece following.

"In conſequence of the demand which your Excellency made to me, to receive in writing the ulterior reſolutions of the Ruſſian Court, I have the honour to remit them to you. They are as follow. 1. That the Sublime Porte ſhall allow all the Tartarian nations to be free, and entirely independant as to their civil ſtate, who ſhall be under the authority of their proper Khan, of the Blood of Gengis, in whole and in part, without any exception, on the plan I propoſed to your Excellency the 8th of laſt January. 2. That the Sublime Porte, after the example of the Imperial Ruſſian Court, ſhall cede to the Tartars, to be under their own abſolute goverament, the Iſthmus of Crimea, with its towns, fortreſſes, ports, villages, habitations, and every thing belonging to them (except Jeni-Kale and Kirche, as alſo their ports and diſtricts, which ſhall belong to the Imperial Court) and in the diſtrict of Kuban a ſpace of land, which belonged to them before the preſent war, with all its cities, towns and ports, including the Iſle of Taman, with its towns, villages, and other appurtenances, and a ſpace of country, contained between the rivers Derda, Zalivo, Konſkivoda and Boriſthenes, &c. 3. That the Porte ſhall render up to the Imperial Court of Ruſſia, the entire property of the town and diſtrict of Azow, conformable to the Convention in 1700. 4. That they ſhall alſo deliver up to the Court of Ruſſia full right to the fortreſs of Jeni-Kale and the town of Kerche, with their ports and diſtricts, on the Black Sea, from the ancient frontier of Kerche to a place named Buhac, and from Buhac in a right line to the ſea of Azow. 5. That, in exchange for the reſtitution of the fortreſs of Bender, the Porte ſhall cede Kibouran, entirely demoliſh Oczakow, and ſhall have, for a barrier between the two Empires, the ſpace between the rivers Boriſthenes, Bog and Nieſter."

Dreſden, June 2. We have received a very diſagreeable account of great damage having been done by a ſtorm of thunder and lightning in the Circle of Voigtland, in this Electorate: The whole town of Reichenbach is entirely reduced to aſhes. The effects of the lightning were ſo ſudden and ſo very rapid, that the inhabitants had the greateſt difficulty to eſcape from the flames, without time to remove any part of their goods.

The Officers and Soldiers of the Elector's regiment of Cavalry, which was in garriſon in that town, had all their baggage burnt.

This ſtorm, and another which happened within theſe few days, came from the South-eaſt over the neighbouring mountains in Bohemia, and, continuing their courſes, did conſiderable damage in different parts of Saxony, one extending from Reichenbach to Neuſtadt, the other from Rochlitz to the country near Leipſic.

Cronſtadt, May 12. *We have juſt received certain accounts, that a conſiderable body of Turks, after paſſing the Danube, were entirely defeated by the Ruſſians near Jaloniza; the Ottomans had* 10,000 *men either killed or made priſoners; the Ruſſians took, beſides a vaſt number of trophies, twenty-eight pieces of cannon, and among the priſoners are two Pachas, who were ſent to Bucharеſt.*

May 19. *The Turks, knowing there was only a garriſon of* 1000 *men at Giurgewo, intended to make themſelves maſters of that place by ſurprize; and accordingly* 5000 *men marched out of Ruſzick, in order to paſs the Danube, to put their ſcheme in execution; but they were no ſooner embarked than the Ruſſians ſaluted them in ſuch a manner from the fortreſs, that ſeveral of the Ottoman veſſels were ſunk, and all the reſt put into ſuch diſorder, that moſt of the Turks were killed or drowned in the Danube, except* 372, *who were made priſoners.*

Warſaw, May 26. *It is reported that the Ruſſians have abandoned the city of Thorn, and that the Pruſſians have likewiſe taken poſſeſſion of it; and it is likewiſe ſaid, that Count Poninſki, Marſhal of the Confederacy, has ſent orders to the troops of the Crown who are garriſoned at Czenſtochaw, to leave that fortreſs, which is going to be occupied by the Auſtrians. By advices from the Crimea, the Tartars there have revolted from the Ruſſians, who, however, have been lucky enough to fruſtrate a deſign, which the Tartars had projected, of ſurprizing the town of Caffa.*

Paris, June 2. They write from Toulon, that an order for diſarming the ſquadron fitting out there arrived the 14th ult. and that there are now in their road only three ſhips, which are to ſail for Breſt or Rochfort, and a frigate, whoſe deſtination we have not learnt.

Whitehall, June 11. The King has been pleaſed to appoint Patrick Tonyn, Eſq; to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of his Majeſty's Province of Eaſt-Florida, in America, in the room of James Grant, Eſq;

LONDON.

June 4. The conduct of Parliament towards the Eaſt-India Company, and the preference ſhewn people of fortune, in general, evidently ſhews that the trade of this kingdom is the leaſt of their care; but ſurely if they would reflect a moment they would perceive, that by trade their eſtates are made more valuable, by trade the King's revenues are paid, and to trade they will find it owing that this nation, which with difficulty could in the time of Richard I. pay 100,000 marks, now raiſes yearly above five millions of pounds ſterling. Every diſcouragement therefore given to trade prejudices the King's revenues, and conſequently the whole nation.

The King of Denmark, notwithſtanding the many unfavourable reflections caſt upon the Engliſh people in his dominions by the deſigning people about him, ſhews them all the favour, and grants them all the indulgencies poſſible, much more than to his own ſubjects.

There are certainly ſome matters to be adjuſted between our Court and that of France, before the Miniſtry can venture to ſay there will be no war. France, it is ſaid has lately, ſecretly as well as openly, aſſiſted againſt the Ruſſians, and that with injury to this nation: The late defeat of the Ruſſians by the Turks was chiefly owing to their aſſiſtance.

Our Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, it is ſaid, has lately experienced ſome diſreſpectful behaviour from the Grand Signor; which, it is ſaid, is likely to be ſucceeded by a recal.

June 5. An evening paper ſays, when the truly deteſtable India Bill is paſſed, Lord North is to go out. He is to be made a Dowager, like the Lord Chancellor, Mr. Jenkinſon, (Lord Bute's and Lord Mansfield's confidant) is to be Chancellor of the Exchequer. Lord Gower, firſt Lord of the Treaſury. Lord North, Preſident. Lord Sandwich, Lord Privy Seal. And the Duke of Grafton, firſt Lord of the Admiralty; with the virtuous Mr. T. Bradſhaw for his private Secretary.

The Court held at St. James's yeſterday, on account of his Majeſty's birth-day, was neither ſplendid or crouded with people of faſhion.

Extract of a Letter from Peterſburgh, May 25.

"Orders have been juſt iſſued by the department of war, to raiſe 20,000 men immediately in the northern provinces of Ruſſia, and a body of 8000 horſe in the provinces of Ingria, Livonia, and Novogored. Cannon, ſmall arms, powder, ſhot, and all kinds of military ſtores, are conſtantly arriving here from England, Holland, France, Sweden, Hamburgh, &c. And the greateſt aſſiduity is uſed in fitting out the ſhips of war at Revel, Riga, and on the coaſts of the Black Sea, to man which the greateſt bounties and encouragements are offered."

It is reported, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has made ſeveval applications to Admiral Elphinſtone, to return into her ſervice, but that he has continued to decline accepting them.

They write from Leghorn, that a fleet of Venetian ſhips, conſiſting of ſeven ſail of the line, ſailed from the Adriatic for the Levant, the 25th of April; and that it was reported there, that the Senate had openly ratified their treaty with the Court of Peterſburgh.

On Wedneſday orders were ſent to Chatham for the ſmall ſloops of war, laid up there in ordinary, to be rigged and fitted out for ſervice. The like order is alſo ſent to Sheerneſs.

On Wedneſday Captain Phipps, and Captain Lutwage, in the Racehorſe and Carcaſe frigates, ſailed from the Nore, to attempt the diſcovery of the North Weſt Paſſage.

The 21ſt inſtant is the day propoſed for his Majeſty's arrival at Portſmouth. The Royal attendants are to be only the Maſter of the Horſe, the Lord of the Bedchamber in waiting, and the Groom: It is ſuppoſed that Lord Robert Bertie, as Bedchamber in waiting, and Sir George Oſborn, as Groom, will have the honour to attend the King on this excurſion.

The Commiſſioner's houſe is appropriated for his Majeſty's reception; a Royal bed is ordered to be got in readineſs immediately. It is imagined the King will dine on board the ſeveral flag ſhips alternately, commencing with Admiral Pye's the day he arrives, on board the Barfleur, where the Royal ſtandard will be erected.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, May 18.

"In a former letter I ſent you the ſubſtance of the King's declaration; which having been delivered to the Miniſters of the three allied Courts, they demanded an audience on the 7th of this month, when they rejected all mediation, and added, that a reſolution muſt be taken, before the expiration of eight days, to ratify the treaty of partition of the country, which had been taken poſſeſſion of by the troops of their reſpective Courts; that in caſe of refuſal, at the end of that term 30,000 men would enter this reſidence to live at deſcretion, and that the city would be obliged to pay a contribution of 150,000 ducats. Theſe menaces having ſhaken the firmneſs of moſt of the Members of the Dyet, the treaty concerning the diviſion of this kingdom, made by the three allied powers, was confirmed laſt Thurſday (the 13th) by a majority of votes, to the aſtoniſhment of the whole Poliſh nation.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 28.

"A letter from Marſeilles, from a very creditable hand, ſays, that the royal order for preſſing every merchant-ſhip coming into that harbour, which was recalled the firſt of this month, has been iſſued again, in conſequence of which they preſs every merchant-ſhip of our own nation; and we are informed from Corſica, that they preſs people in every corner there. We are alſo informed by letters from different parts of the kingdom, that ſeamen daily paſs in their way to Breſt and Toulon; and from different parts in Spain we learn, that all their armed ſhips are actually ordered to join ours in the Mediterranean. By all theſe, and ſtill more corroborating circumſtances, we may judge with certainty, that our Court will very ſoon declare themſelves againſt Ruſſia."

The orders iſſued from Madrid, for recruiting the army from every diſtrict was quietly obeyed, except in the capital of Barcelona; at which place there were great diſturbances. In the evening of the 4th of May, above 2000 workmen aſſembled, armed with whatever fell in their way, with which they proceeded to the cathedral and interrupted, with their alarm bell, the ſervice. The Biſhop and his Canons in vain exhorted them to return peaceably home. After this they took their rout to the Palace of the Commander in Chief, at which place was held a council, when it was agreed to inform the populace, that the inrolment ſhould be ſuſpended till they had received an anſwer from Madrid how to act. The populace then diſperſed without committing any outrages.

The troubles at Bourdeaux, in the province of Guienne, in France, on account of the high price of bread, ſtill continues.

Above 10,000 peaſants aſſembled on the banks of the river, and ſtopped every veſſel that had corn on board. The Magiſtrates are doing all they can for the eaſe of the poor, and have requeſted that no troops may be ſent, as the riſings of the people do not originate from wantonneſs, but from a real or artificial ſcarcity.

Extract of a Letter from Colebrookdale, May 31.

"About four o'clock on Thurſday morning laſt, a dreadful tremor of the earth, which laſted above ten minutes, was ſenſibly felt in this neighbourhood; at the Birches upwards of 30 acres of land moved from its former ſituation, and ten acres (moſtly a bank) that lay by the Severn, ſlipt quite acroſs the river and ſtopt up the channel, but the water ſoon made its way, and has already worn a channel, and at a conſiderable diſtance joins its uſual courſe. Where the river ran is now a high bank, with 20 lofty oaks ſtanding upon it; the other land followed the bank, with hedges and trees ſtanding (except a few which are overturned) and to the extent of two miles of good arable and paſture rendered uſeleſs for the preſent, the ground being ſeperated into chaſms from ſix inches to as many yards, and ſome few at leaſt twenty yards over. Mounts are reduced into hollows, and hollows into mounts. The turnpike road is moved above 30 yards towards the Severn, and rendered, to all appearance, for ever impaſſable. A barn was carried about the like diſtance, and thrown into a hollow. The appearance is dreadful beyond deſcription."

"On Friday the Rev. Mr. Fletcher preached a ſermon on the ruins, and in a moſt pathetic diſcourſe expatiated on the works of divine nature; and concluded with a recommendation to his hearers, to prepare for the laſt great and awful day! and hoped that the preſent dreadful ſcene would prove a ſufficient warning to them."

June 9. The Parliament will break up, it is ſaid, the 28th inſt.

In a Committee, went through the Bill for aſcertaining the tonnage or burthen of ſhips; alſo the Bill for encouraging the Fiſhery in the Gulph of St. Lawrence.

Previous to the Houſe receiving the Report on the Amendments on the Eaſt-India Bill, General Monckton preſented a petition, complaining in very ſpirited terms of the extreme hardſhip he ſuſtained, in being unnoticed by Parliament in their nomination of Officers to embark for regulating the Company's affairs in India, although, had the former ſcheme of a Superviſion taken place, he was actually nominated by the Company, approved by the Crown, and obtained the King's leave to embark in the ſervice.

Mr. T. Townſhend ſpoke to the merits of this Petition in a manner, that reflected honour on the man, and applauſe on the Senator.

The General's Petition being read, and ſpoken to, another Petition, from the five hundred pounds Stockholders, was preſented to the Houſe; it was ſigned by upwards of four hundred perſons. This Petition ſet forth the cruelty of depriving ſuch numbers of their right of voting, contrary to every privilege and franchiſe, hitherto granted to the Company. Two Gentlemen were deputed to ſpeak to this Petition, Mr. Lockart Gordon, and Mr. Adair, the former of whom delivered his objections to the Clauſe in the Bill, which fixes the right of qualification to one thouſand pounds, in a maſterly manner, and arraigned the conduct of Adminiſtration with much poignancy. The Treaſury Bench were abſolutely ſilent. Mr. Adair ſeconded him.

Theſe Gentlemen having withdrawn from the Bar, debates enſued, and continued until three quarters paſt ſix, when the queſtion was put, that the Clauſe, aſcertaining the right of voting at one thouſand inſtead of five hundred pounds, ſhould ſtand part of the Bill? the Houſe divided: AYES 123; NOES 43; MAJORITY 80.

At nine o'clock another diviſion followed, whether Civilians ſhould be allowed to go out upon an equal footing with Barriſters? AYES 100; NOES 6.

At half after twelve, they divided on the Queſtion, Whether General Monckton or General Clavering ſhould be the perſon ſo appointed; the numbers of thoſe who came out were 60 for General Monckton; thoſe who remained within were ſuppoſed to be upwards of 100.

It is ſaid to be fixed, that Sir John Dalrymple is to be one of the Judges that are to go to India.

The total number of Proprietors of Eaſt-India Stock, with their qualifications, as they ſtood (in the Company's Books) the 4th of March laſt is as follows:

Engliſh Proprietors poſſeſſing 1000l. Stock and upwards, 487. Stock, 1,018,398l. 19s. 11d.

Foreign ditto poſſeſſing 1000l. Stock, and upwards, 325.---Stock 890,940l. 17s.

Total Proprietors of 1000l. Stock 812.--Total Stock 1,909,339l. 16s. 11d.

Engliſh Proprietors poſſeſſing 500l. Stock and upwards (not amounting to 1000l.) 1246.---Stock 634,464l. 1s. 8d.

Foreign ditto poſſeſſing 500l. Stock, and upwards (not amounting to 1000l.) 95.---Stock 50,226l.

Total Proprietors of 500l. Stock 1341.---Total Stock 684,720l. 1s. 8d.

A private letter from Paris, dated the 30th ult. ſays, "Orders are juſt given for encamping 60,000 ſoldiers on the ſea coaſts of this kingdom, and diſpoſitions are already making for that purpoſe."

They write from Madrid, that war has been again publicly proclaimed there againſt the Moors.

By letters juſt arrived from Leghorn we learn, that three Ruſſian ſhips of war have lately put in there with ſix Turkiſh prizes, whoſe cargoes are eſtimated at a conſiderable ſum.

By advices from Vienna we hear, that the Emperor has given orders for marking out the following camps in the courſe of the enſuing Summer: The firſt at Peſt, in Hungary, the 20th of July, conſiſting of 22 companies of Grenadiers, forming 11 diviſions, 6 battalions of Fuzileers, and 7 ſquadrons of Cavalry, to continue encamped for 15 days; the ſecond at Lignitz, in Bohemia, the 21ſt of the ſame month, for 15 days, of 12 companies of Grenadiers, 6 battalions of Fuzileers, and 6 ſquadrons; the third at Munkendorff, the 10th of Auguſt, for 18 days, of 18 companies, 6 battalions, and 8 ſquadrons; the fourth at Prague, the 27th of the ſame month, for 15 days, of 22 companies, 30 battalions, and 7 ſquadrons; and the fifth at Brinn, in Moravia, the 7th of September, conſiſting of 22 companies, 18 battalions, and 8 ſquadrons, to continue 18 days; amounting in the whole, to 96 companies, 66 battalions, and 36 ſquadrons.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, May 28.

"We have this moment received the news of a dangerous inſurrection amongſt the new raiſed troops, who were embodied in the frontier provinces, eſpecially in Croatia, where they have murdered their Commander and moſt of the other Officers, plundered the military cheſt, and then marched off for Turkey. A large body of horſe and foot are now preparing to follow them."

Letters from Conſtantinople ſay, that the Divan have come to a final reſolution to agree to no terms of accommodation with Ruſſia, except through the mediation of France.

It is now ſaid to be determined by the Eaſt-India Company to purſue the Regulating Bill to the Houſe of Lords, and from thence to the Throne.

On Monday the Lords of the Admiralty waited upon his Majeſty with a plan of the naval evolutions to be performed at Portſmouth, at which his Majeſty was pleaſed to expreſs great approbation.

We hear that Admiral Lord Howe will hoiſt his flag on board the Terrible man of war, at Portſmouth; ſo that there will be four Admirals riding there at the time of the review.

So great is the love of fights, that we are informed ſeveral ſmall ſailing veſſels are fitting out in the River, to accommodate Gentlemen and Ladies from this Metropolis with a view of the Spithead fight. It is ſaid the prices are from twenty to ten guineas per head, in proportion to their accommodation on board, for the trip.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, May 15.

"We have juſt received certain advice here, that the Moors have abſolutely beſieged Oran, with a body of 12,000 of the Emperor's black cavalry, &c. and 30,000 foot, with a moſt capital train of artillery, which is under the direction of French renegadoes, and ſeem entirely reſolved to extirpate the Spaniards from all their ſettlements on the African coaſt; and the Spaniards ſeem as determined to maintain them; if ſo, nothing can be expected but an obſtinate and bloody war."

June 14. The Commons, in a Committee of Supply, came to the following reſolutions, *viz.* that 8750l. be granted to Mr. John Harriſon, as a reward for his new invented Time-keeper.

That 600,000l. be raiſed by loans on Exchequer Bills.

That the duty of 1l. 10s. payable for every Negroe imported into the iſlands of Jamaica and Dominica, do ceaſe and determine, and be no longer paid; and in lieu thereof, that a duty of 2s. and 6d. only be laid on every Negroe imported into the ſaid iſlands.

Read a ſecond time and committed the Bill for granting to his Majeſty 1,400,000l. for the relief of the Eaſt-India Company.

Mr. Alderman Harley made a further report from the Secret Committee on Eaſt-India affairs, which was read, and ordered to be printed.

The Houſe of Commons will go into a Committee on the Eaſt-India Loan Bill next Tueſday.

One of the proviſions in the above Bill is, we underſtand, for ſecuring the immediate payment of the debts due by the Eaſt-India Company to the Bank of England.

Lord Chatham has written a long and very able letter to a noble Law Lord, on the ſubject of Eaſt-India affairs, declaring his unavoidable reſolution (on account of the bad ſtate of his health) to remain in his preſent retreat, "an inactive, though not unaffected, ſpectator of the depredations of the Miniſter on the Conſtitution of his Country;" but ſtrongly recommending it to the noble Lord to exert his own powers, and in his (Lord Chatham's) name to recommend it to all his friends in the Upper Houſe, to oppoſe the Miniſters inch by inch.

The Miniſter has declined being reſponſible for the promiſed conſequences of the Regulation Bill, having fairly owned, that it is intended as no more than a mere experiment.

Mr. O'Reilly, an Iriſh Gentleman, who ſerved under the unfortunate Count Lally laſt war, is made Secretary and Engineer to Count d'Eſtaign.

Diſpatches are ſaid to be received from the Britiſh Ambaſſador at Madrid, ſignifying that the Spaniards would not diſarm their fleet, though his Excellency remonſtrated very ſpiritedly on that ſubject with the Spaniſh Miniſter, who ſaid their naval armament was intended for the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies, to keep in awe ſome of their rebellious ſubjects.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Malone, an Iriſh Gentleman, at the Havanna, dated April 24.

"*The Guaſco, Don Pedro Aurillas, a Spaniſh frigate, of* 30 *guns, has juſt arrived here from the coaſt of Chili, in South-America, and brings the melancholy intelligence to the Spaniards, of the native Chileſians having abſolutely re-poſſeſſed themſelves of beſt part of that country, having partly extirpated, and partly drove, all the Europeans from it. This inſurrection began at the latter end of the year* 1771, *and continued to the middle of laſt year, with amazing ſucceſs on the ſide of the Chileſe, who poſſeſſed themſelves of the whole iſland of Chiloe, and ſeveral towns on the ſea coaſts of Chilia, together with the cities of Conception, Coquimbo, Villarica, &c. They likewiſe attacked St. Jago, the capital, Baldivia, and the town of Imperial, but were, after doing much damage, repulſed. The Governor of Lima ordered a fleet of four ſail of the line, three frigates, and ſome ſmaller veſſels, with troops, ammunition and ſtores, to ſail for Chili, to aſſiſt the Spaniards, while the Governor himſelf gathered an army of* 40,000 *men,*

mostly Indians and Mestize, and marched himself at the head of them. After a tedious march the army arrived, on the 10th of July, 1772, in the Valley of Arave, where they found a body of 24,000 Chilese drawn up to oppose them. The Spanish troops charged them, and, after a little stand, the Chilese seemed to make a retreat towards Arave, and the Spaniards followed them; but being drawn into a narrow pass, where fresh numbers of the Chilese poured in upon them, they made such havock, that the Governor himself, with between 11 and 12,000 men only, made good a retreat, and got into the city of Baldivia, which they fortified and strengthened. On the 22d of July, the Chilese, to the amount of 100,000, invested the city, and, having a number of field pieces with them, continued the siege with great fury. In the mean time, the ships from Lima arrived in the harbour of Baldivia, and threw their men and supplies into the city, which protracted the siege till the 2d of August, when the Indians entered at a breach, and, setting fire to every part of the city, murdered, without distinction, Spaniard, Negroe and Indian. The Governor of Lima, and the Governor of Baldivia, with most of the Spaniards of note, and about 4000 others, escaped on board the ships, where the treasures were lodged before; the rest of the Spaniards, and their Indians, either fell sacrifices to the fury of the Chilese, or made a retreat to the country. Baldivia was soon burnt down to the ground, and the Chilese razed every part of it, so that scarce a vestige remains. The ships sailed immediately back for the port of Callao, except the Guasco, which was dispatched with these advices to Old Spain, but put in here for provisions."

Private letters from the Hague absolutely say, "It is now publicly known, that the four men of war that sailed for the West-Indies are borrowed by the King of Portugal, and that the States are to be allowed 300,000l. sterling for the use of them for five years."

The Magdalen, Dick, from South Carolina, is put into Leith, with the loss of her anchors and cables, *&c.*

For some time past the people at Portsmouth and Gosport would not let any lodgings, without stipulating for an extraordinary sum for the week his Majesty was to be there; from 14 guineas to 20 are given only for a bed-chamber for that time, and the people there laugh in their sleeves at the curiosity of such, who give it, as the first broadside from the fleet will put an end to any thing being seen of the fleet, as they will be enveloped in clouds of smoak.

There is too much reason to think, that when the three Combined Powers have divided Poland, they will proceed farther. These Powers are said, from the beginning, to have had three great points in view. Russia is determined, if possible, to secure the navigation of the Black Sea, and the Bosphorus; the object of Austria is the conquest of Belgrade, Servia, Bulgaria, Moldavia and Walachia; and of Prussia, the possession of the coasts, ports and towns, of the Baltic, together with the city of Dantzic. This latter supposition seems further justified by the answer, which, on credible authority, the Court of Petersburg made lately to the British Court, concerning the guaranty of 1767, viz. "That she was ready to join in securing the rights of Dantzic, so far as they were consistent with the pretensions of a third Power." It is further justified by a declaration, said to be made by Austria, "That she was also ready to join in any plan, to circumscribe the usurpation of Prussia, provided Russia would do the same."

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, June 11.

"Last night Lord Edgecumbe came down here, and hoisted his flag on board the Dublin man of war at Spithead. There are now three Admirals here, viz. Edgecumbe, Pye, and Spry, and their different squadrons of ships are this morning forming into the line of battle, against the King comes down. Several ships, supposed to be the Royal Yachts, with Lord Sandwich, &c. on board, are now within sight. The ships are all to be finely decorated with colours; several vessels, entirely laden therewith, are come here from the several Dock-yards. Several Lords of the Admiralty, and Commissioners of the Navy, came here last night, in order to get every thing ready for his Majesty's reception."

The arrangement of the naval preparations, for the entertainment of his Majesty at Portsmouth, will be as follows: The King is expected to set off, at three in the morning, on the 21st or 22d instant. Parties of the light-horse are to be lodged at different parts of the road, to conduct him. When arrived at Portsmouth, he will go on board the Barfleur, Admiral Pye. The Admiral goes first in his barge, the Lords of the Admiralty next, and the King in the next. The Admiral, as soon as he gets on board, before the King's barge arrives, salutes with 21 guns; and when the King arrives on board, the rest of the fleet salute him with 21 guns. The King dines in the great cabin, in which one plate and cover is only laid. He then asks the Admiral to invite the company, who are to dine there, which will consist of Lord Sandwich, the Admiral, two of the senior Captains, two of the Lords of the Admiralty, and such of the great Officers of State, foreign Ministers, Nobility, &c. as are present each day. In the evening he will return as he came, and be saluted as before. He will then proceed to the Commissioner's of the Dock-yard, where a Royal Bed is prepared for him, and the next morning rides out round the fortifications of Portsmouth, and has a Levee upon his return to the Commissioner's. After which he goes in his barge to survey the fleet, and afterwards dines on board the Barfleur as before, and returns early in the evening, time enough to reconnoitre and examine the Dock-yard. The next day he embarks on board the yacht prepared for his reception, and when he is in the midst of the fleet, they discharge all their guns, in order to make a great smoke and confusion, that his Majesty may lose sight for a short time of the whole fleet, during which confusion the Admiral orders the ships to be drest with entire new colours, that the King may at once be surprised and entertained at so noble an appearance. After which, on a signal made by Admiral Pye, Lord Edgecumbe's fleet gets under way, that the King may have an opportunity of seeing his fleet go to sea. The King again dines on board the Barfleur, returns to the Commissioner's at night, and next morning sets off for London.

A great number of small vessels from the coast of France have already arrived at Spithead, and many more are expected.

Extract of a Letter from Temeswar, May 23.

"Since hostilities have recommenced between the Turks and Russians, they have had several skirmishes and severe conflicts, in which victory has indifferently declared herself for either party; but soon after the action near Silistria, on the 28th of last month, in which the latter came off victorious, we have received certain advices, that they have been repulsed with a very considerable loss. The Grand Visir having advanced with a body of chosen troops, was met and surprized by a large body of Russians, under the command of General Weissman, who attacked and cut to pieces the greater part of his troops. He was now on the point of being taken prisoner, having had two horses killed under him, and lost two of the chief Officers serving near his own person, when fortunately an Aga, with a reinforcement, came up to his assistance, which decided the fortune of the day in favour of the Turks, who now triumphed in turn. Great numbers of the Russians were killed and wounded, among the latter was General Weissman himself. Encouraged by this happy reverse, the Grand Visir mounted a third time, and pursued his flying enemies for upwards of four hours."

QUEBEC, *July* 15.

On Tuesday morning last, the 21st regiment (or Royal North-British Fusileers) under the command of Major Sutherland (after having been 8 years in America) embarked on board the transports, which brought the 7th regiment here, and expect to sail to-day. They arrived in this garrison in the month of August last, from Philadelphia, where they were but a short time; they have served several years in the Floridas, where they lost numbers by the unwholsomeness of the climate; during their stay here they have lost only four, and were 9 months in the place before the first died; three of consumptions, contracted in Florida, and the fourth by having been frost bit: Such an instance has not happened in this garrison since the conquest, nor even in young and healthy corps immediately from Great-Britain and Ireland. Their behaviour in general while here has been such, as to acquire them the thanks of the commanding officer of the Northern District in a public manner, and gain them the esteem and affection of the inhabitants, who regret their departure.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 29.

The Venus, Captain Oliffe, from Dublin, is come up to Burwell's Ferry, with Seventy indented Servants; some of whom, we learn, are well acquainted with the Cloth Manufactory. Captain Oliffe says, that he was well informed, before he left Dublin, that upwards of 18,000 People had left Ireland, since January last, to settle in different Parts of America.

We hear that Dinwiddie Court-house was burnt down on the 20th of this Instant, and it is supposed was wilfully set on Fire.

ANNAPOLIS, August 5.

On Sunday last, his Majesty's frigate the Tartar, Captain Edward Meadows, came up Chesapeak-bay, and anchored off this port, and on Monday evening the Captain made a seizure of a sloop and cargoe, which consisted of sugar, melasses and coffee; the cause of the seizure, it is said, was, a short entry made by the Captain and Owner at the Custom-house. The man of war went down the bay with her prize, so that we cannot insert the particulars.

On Wednesday last, a boat from Bush River, bound to Eastern-Neck-island, was sunk at the mouth of Chester-River, about four miles below Poole's-island, by a water-spout. There were in the said boat five passengers, two of whom were saved, and three drowned. The drowned persons were, Mrs. Lusby, of Kent county, Mrs. Bradford, of Baltimore, and Mr. Thomas Brown, of Kent county, a youth of about 22 years of age, who made an attempt to swim ashore, but expired before he could arrive there. The two passengers saved were, Mr. Joseph Brown, and Michael Connoway, of Kent county, who swam four miles, the boat being that distance from shore.

BOSTON, August 2.

Wednesday last a special Court of Admiralty, for the Trial of Murders and Piracies on the High Seas, was convened here for the Trial of Ansell Nickerson, who has been so often mentioned in the Papers: The Court continued sitting by Adjournment from Day to Day, till Friday Afternoon, when the Examination of the Witnesses was finished, and the Court adjourned till Tuesday Morning 10 o'Clock.

NEWPORT, August 2.

Captain Denison arrived at Stonington, a few days past, in 13 Days from Gaudaloupe, brings advice, that just before he sailed, the estates of the clergy in that island, both real and personal, were seized into the King's hands; that all the ecclesiastical revenues belonging to the monasteries, &c. of every kind, were treated in like manner throughout said Island, by orders from France; and he was informed, that similar orders were to be executed on the same day in every part of the dominions of his most Christian Majesty, who, it is said, hath come to a resolution to abjure the Pope, and put himself at the head of all ecclesiastical matters within his dominions, and that it is his intention to have one order of Priests only in his church.

NEW-YORK, August 9.

The Sloop Mississippi, Captain Goodrich, with the Connecticut Military Adventurers, arrived here from the Mississippi, but last from Pensacola, on the 6th Instant: The Country they went to explore they like well, having laid out 23 Townships at the Natches. Extract of a Letter from our Correspondent at Pensacola, dated July 12, 1773.

"By the Vessel that carries this to you, goes the Committee sent out by the Company of Military Adventurers, for exploring the Lands on the Mississippi. These Gentlemen (who have been very indefatigable in the Execution of their Commission) return perfectly satisfied with the Soil, Climate, and great natural Advantages of this Country; and indeed it would be no easy Task to find a rational Objection to either. The Settlement of that Part of the Country, contiguous to the Natches, goes on with incredible Rapidity; exclusive of above Four Hundred Families that within the last six Weeks have come down the Ohio from Virginia and the Carolinas, no less than four Vessels have arrived from North-Carolina only, filled with Inhabitants. Parson Sweezy, with his little Party from New-Jersey, are safely arrived, and began their Settlement on the Lands reserved for them."

Extract of a Letter from St. George's Key, Bay of Honduras, June 4, 1773.

"*On the 28th ult. an Insurrection broke out amongst the Negroes in the Old River; at their first setting out they killed two white Men. By the Negroes, who have made their Escape from them, we learn, that this Matter had been long concerting.---Three Days ago there were above an Hundred armed Men sent after them; at first there were only 22 or 23 Insurgents. This Moment we have received the melancholy Account, by a white Man and a Woman who had been taken and afterwards released by them, that on the first Instant the Rebels came to their House, first bound them to a Post, and then robbed it of every Thing they chose to carry off, and obliged all the Negroes to join them. The white Man whom they saved, and Mr. John Hill, were standing together, when they shot the latter dead; they then proceeded to attack two Families at five Miles Distance, declaring they would kill all the white Inhabitants there, and some Time after four guns were heard to go off at one of the said Houses, which we fear has proved fatal to all the Whites. Their Numbers are now supposed to be 70 or 80 strong; we are obliged to be under Arms Night and Day. Captain Davis, who commands the Diligence Sloop of War, has been extremely kind and useful with his Men and Arms. There will be very little Wood of any Kind shipped from hence this Year.*

"*I believe the Insurrection will be general; there are several Negroes in the New River taken to the Bush, and Yesterday as a Craft was coming down the Rio Honde, they killed the Steersman, and went off to the Spaniards, who will protect them.*

"*These Disturbances will altogether put a Stop to Business, indeed most People threaten to leave the Country.*"

PHILADELPHIA, *August* 11.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated May 26.

"I take the first Opportunity of acquainting you, that the East-India Company have obtained Leave, by Act of Parliament, to export their Teas from England Duty free, and in a short Time, perhaps a Month, a Cargoe will be sent by them to Boston (subject to the Duty payable in America) to be sold in that Place on their Account; and they mean to keep America so well supplied, that the Trade to Holland for that Article must be greatly affected."

Saturday last died, greatly regretted, at Kensington, Mrs. ANN PEARSON, Consort of Mr. WILLIAM PEARSON; and on Sunday her Remains, attended by a very respectable Number of People, were interred in Friends Burying Ground, in this City.

Captain Scott, from the Grenades, on the 5th Instant, in Lat. 33, Long. 72: 30, spoke the Ship Friendship, Captain Taylor, from Jamaica for Bristol, out 4 Weeks, all well.

Captain Gregory, from Jamaica, informs, that the Captains Farquahar and Hilton are arrived at Savanna la Mar, from New-York.---On the 4th Instant, about 50 Leagues from Cape-Henry, he spoke a Ship, from Virginia for Bristol, out 4 Days.

Captain Benezet, from Jamaica, on the 22d ult. off the Matanzas, spoke the Sloop Polly, Captain M'Calla, bound to Hispaniola from the Mississippi, all well; and last Thursday, off the Capes of Virginia, he spoke the Brig Three Friends, Captain Brown, from this Port, for the Grenades.

Last Sunday came up to Town, in Distress, the Snow d'Aubenton, Captain Peron; she was bound from Cape-Francois for Rochelle, but sprung a Leak about four Days after she left the Cape, which obliged them to keep both Pumps going for 24 Days before they arrived here.

Since our last the Ship Hannah, Captain Mitchell, arrived here from Londonderry, with upwards of 500 Passengers.

By Captain King, from North-Carolina, we are informed, that a large Topsail Schooner, loaded with Indigo, Coffee, Cotton, Mahogony, &c. commanded by Captain Samuel Green, and bound from Providence for this Port, foundered in the Gulph Stream, in the Latitude of Cape-Look-Out; that the Vessel went down so quick, the People had but just Time to get into their Boat, and had scarce got clear of her before she disappeared; and they all got on Shore at Cape-Look-Out the 22d of July.

Captain Burrows, arrived at New-York from Dominica, on the First Instant, in Lat. 38: 18, Long. 72: 36, spoke with Captain West, in a Brig, from this Port for Madeira, all well.

Captain Thompson, arrived at New-York, in 36 Days from Cadiz, left at that Place three Ships and two Brigs, belonging to this Port.

Captain Sutton, from Cadiz, on the 31st ult. in Lat. 37, Long. 74: 30, spoke a Ship, Captain Noble, from Virginia for Glasgow.

Captain Illingsworth, from Dominica, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 30: 40, Long. 62, spoke with Captain Loothram, from St. Eustatia for New-London, out 9 Days; and on the 29th, in Lat. 35: 5, Long. 72: 33, he spoke the Schooner Nancy, Captain Stuart, from Hispaniola, out 9 Days, but he could not learn where she was bound.

Captain Hunter, from Londonderry, on the 11th of July, in Lat. 42: 16, Long. 49: 40, spoke a Ship, Captain Moodie, from Virginia for Glasgow, out 19 Days; 15th, in Lat. 46: 17, Long. 49, spoke a Brig, from Virginia for Glasgow, out 14 Days; and on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 38: 50, Long. 71: 30, he spoke a Ship, from Virginia for London, out 4 Days.----With Captain Hunter came 546 Passengers.

Arrived from this Port. Captains Kerlin and Eyres, at Lisbon; Waide, at Jamaica; and Captains Walker and Ramsey, at Dominica.

Deal, June 7. Came down and sailed, the Noble Bounty, Dutchman, for Virginia.

June 11. Came down and sailed, the Hope, Adams, for South-Carolina. Arrived, and sailed for the River, the Sally, Townsend, from North-Carolina.

Port of London, June 12. Entered Inwards, the Sobiania, Haycroft, from South-Carolina.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, from Georgia. Ship Jupiter, A. Ewing, Ship Newry's Assistance, R. Cunningham, Ship Alexander, J. Hunter, and Ship Hannah, J. Mitchell, New-Castle, on Delaware. Schooner Rambler, C. M'Ilherond, N. Carolina. Sloop Norfolk, H. Dougherty, and Sloop Charlotte, J. Rivers, Virginia. Schooner Rebecca, J. Fairy, St. Eustatia. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Cadiz. Brig Grenada Packet, T. Illingsworth, Dominica. Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, and Schooner Hetty, S. Benezett, Jamaica. Brig Anna, G. Carr, St. Vincents. Brig Harmony, E. Bingley, Lisbon. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Grenada.

Outwards. Snow Dickenson, J. Johnson, for Cork. Brig Princess of Orange, W. Gandell, Madeira. Schooner Mary, J. Perott, and Sloop Adventure, W. Carlisle, Dominica. Schooner Lively, H. Johnston, Salem, N. E. Schooner Catherine, J. Huston, Halifax. Ship Fame, J. Duncan, Lisbon.

Cleared. Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, to S. Carolina. Sloop Peggy and Betsey, D. Ferguson, N. York. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, and Sloop Esther, J. Payne, Boston. Snow Polly, W. Bensted, Jamaica. Sloop Otley, J. Young, Antigua. Brig Agnes, J. Mather, Lisbon. Brig Addison, T. Candell, and Snow Charlotte, R. Curtis, Newfoundland. Schooner Polly, R. Zuill, St. Eustatia. Schooner Nelly, N. Vallence, Dominica. Sloop Peace and Plenty, R. Mumford, R. Island. Brig Fort Lewis, J. Sangster, Georgia. Schooner Ranger, J. Pearce, Madeira. Sloop Nancy, J. Drew, London. Ship Rebecca, L. Albro, Cadiz.

A PUBLIC VENDUE, next FRIDAY, by WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

N. B. GOODS are received for said Vendue, at his Store, in Market-street, between Second and Third-streets.

Philadelphia, August 9, 1773.

VENDUE STORE.

THE subscriber will open a VENDUE, in a few days, at the upper end of Second-street, for the public sale of all wares, merchandize, household furniture, and wearing apparel, &c.

Those who are pleased to encourage this undertaking, by the sale of their goods in that way, or at private contract, may depend on the strictest punctuality and dispatch.

For the better facilitating of which he purposes to live at the Vendue Store, where goods will be received in, on each day of the week (Sundays excepted) and properly taken care of, &c. Security will be given to any person, who may put a quantity of goods in his hands (if required) and money advanced, if the person should have occasion, on delivery of the goods. The days of public sale will be notified, in the usual manner, by

The PUBLIC's humble servant,
JAMES LOUGHEAD

Fresh OLIVES and ANCHOVIES, Best White-Wine and Cyder VINEGAR, To be SOLD, by HENRY ROBINSON, in Lætitia-Court, And at the House of SAMUEL GARRIGUES, In Market-street, opposite the Meal-market. ALSO, OLD Jamaica Spirits, West-India and New-England Rum, Coniac Brandy, Holland and Lancaster Geneva; old Madeira, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga Wines; Claret and Port Wines, in Bottles; Mustard, Chocolate, Pepper, Bohea Tea, Coffee, Raisins, Rice, Starch, Indigo, Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, Loaf, Lump and Muscovado Sugars; likewise a few Quarter Casks of good POWDER.

N. B. A STABLE and CHAISE-HOUSE, to be LETT, in Black-Horse-Alley. †

Philadelphia, August 11, 1773.

THE Partnership of ANDREW CALDWELL, and J. WILSON, having expired on the first of this Instant, all Persons indebted to them, by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are desired to make immediate Payment to ANDREW CALDWELL, who is properly empowered to receive the same; and all those having any Demands on them, are desired to send in their Accounts to him, to be adjusted and paid.

Philadelphia, August 10, 1773.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A PARTNER (in a Branch of Business that is not at present carried on in this City) and who can advance £ 300. Any Person who will advance that Sum, shall be well secured for his Money, and the Profits warranted to answer the Calculation, which will be shewn to the Person that inclines to be concerned.---None but Principals will be treated with.---For more Particulars, enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Colonel ASHER CLAYTON, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceased, are requested to make speedy Payment; and those who have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, properly attested, to SUSANNA CLAYTON, in Philadelphia, Administratrix, or DAVID CLAYTON, in Salem County, New-Jersey, Administrator.

N. B. The Person, who borrowed the *Pennsylvania Laws* of the late Col. *Clayton*, is desired to return them to said Administratrix, or to *Daniel Clymer*, Esquire. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *on the 30th of May*, 1773, *from the subscriber, living in Salem county, West-Jersey, an English servant man, named* BENJAMIN SMITH, *about 26 or 27 years of age, and about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, slender made, of a fair complexion, and wears his hair tied; he is a Taylor by trade, but not perfect in cutting out. he is handy at knitting of caps for the women, or silk purses for the men, and has some with him for sale; he is given to drink, and apt to talk: Had on, and took with him, a blue cloth coat, silk and cotton lappel jacket, a linen shirt, ruffled at the bosom, one home made tow shirt, old pumps, a pair of cotton stockings, a pair of worsted ditto, and a pair of blue yarn ditto, a pair ticken breeches, and a half-worn wool hat. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by*

¶ JOHN SUMMERL.

A CASK OF SWEET OIL, To be SOLD by JOSIAH HEWES, in Chestnut-street.

Philadelphia, Eighth Month 11, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from John Parrish, of this city, about the 25th day of the Sixth Month last, a small black COW, with a white face, and one white foot, and some white about her flanks, one (if not both) of her horns branded thus, *I. Parrish*. Whoever brings her to the owner, living in Third-street, shall receive ONE DOLLAR reward.

¶ JOHN PARRISH.

August 2, 1773.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living in Yorktown, an indented servant man, named JAMES SMITH, an Englishman, by trade a Barber, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, a well made straight fellow, about 26 or 27 years of age; took with him, as he went off, a blue cloth coat, with a falling collar, lined with blue shaloon, and gilt buttons thereon, one white jean coat, a broad striped calicoe jacket, one pair of black everlasting breeches, one pair of white drilling breeches, thread stockings, a pair of new shoes, and a pair of old ditto, a new Philadelphia made hat; he has a scar on each side under his chin, and a bald place on the back of his head, about the bigness of a dollar, occasioned by a disorder, short black hair, and a failing in one of his eyes. Whoever takes up said fellow, and secures him in any goal, so as his master may get him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, if taken in this county, and if out of the county FIVE POUNDS, and reasonable charges, paid by GEORGE STAKE.

N. B. It is likely he went off with a woman. All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Middletown, Lancaster county, on the first day of this instant August, an apprentice man, named DANIEL DELANEY, about 5 feet 7 inches high, about 22 years of age, but appears not more than nineteen, pale complexion, light brown hair, thick lips, knock kneed, and has remarkable large feet; had on, when he went away, a small wool hat, dove coloured saggathy jacket, without sleeves, Russia sheeting shirt, check trowsers, and neats leather shoes, with plated buckles. Whoever takes up said apprentice, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by WILLIAM MILLS.

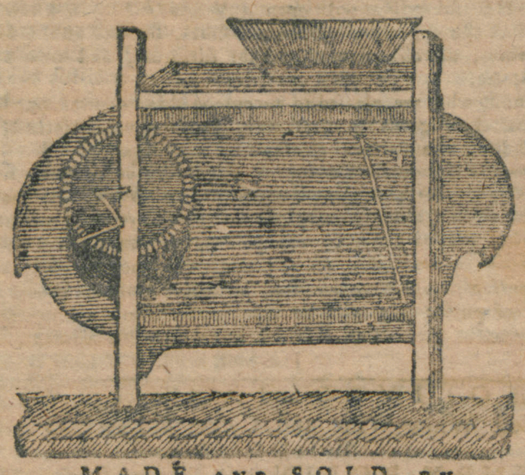
N. B. It is thought he has an indenture with him, given by his mother to one Thomas Bowman. ¶

CAME to the plantation of JOSEPH STRAWBRIDGE, in Londonderry township, Chester county, the last of June, 1773, a light grey MARE, is ear-marked, and appears to be about ten years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, is a natural pacer. The owner is desired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

East-Whiteland, August 3, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, in the night of the 31st of last month, from Isaac Webb, living at the sign of Admiral Warren, on Conestogoe road, a black GELDING, about 14 hands high, shod round, a longish star on his forehead, a snip on his nose, a shortish mane, and a switch tail, about nine years old, trots fast, and is something low in flesh. If stolen, whoever secures the horse and thief, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, or THIRTY SHILLINGS for the horse only, with like charges, if brought home, paid by

¶ ISAAC WEBB.



MADE AND SOLD, BY

CHRISTIAN FISS,

At his House, in Water-street, below the *Bird-in-Hand*, near *Thomas Cuthbert's* Mast-yard, on the next Wharff below *Willing* and *Morris's*, in PHILADELPHIA,

ROLLING SCREENS for cleaning Wheat or Flax-seed, standing Screens for cleaning Wheat or Corn, round and square Wire Sieves and Riddles, Wire Work for Cellar or Spring-house Windows, Wire instead of Short-cloths for Millers. Also, DUTCH FANS, of different Constructions. He also sells STONE LIME, by the Hogshead or smaller Quantity. Those who please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being supplied on the shortest Notice, and at the most reasonable Rates. ¶

Philadelphia, Seventh-Month 28, 1773.

FOR SALE,

ONE moiety of the Steel Furnace at Trenton, built of stone, and in good repair; with a lot of ground nearly adjoining, on which is erected a frame building, not yet finished.

Two tenements in Mount-holly, with a work-shop, suitable for a Wheelwright, Carpenter, or Joiner.

A lot of ground, near the last named premises, convenient for a tan-yard, having a run of water passing through it. For further information, apply to STACY POTTS, in Trenton; or WILLIAM CALVERT, in Mount-holly; or JOHN PEMBERTON, in Philadelphia, who continues to sell Trenton STEEL, either in the fagot or blister, and has now for sale, a quantity of exceeding good GINSANG. ¶ 5t. *Theif.*

East-Caln, Seventh Month 17, 1773.

WE, the Subscribers, having the Goods, Chattels and Credits, of Nathan Cadwalader Cooper, of Uwchland, in Chester County, assigned to us, do hereby notify such that have any just Demands against said Nathan, that were contracted before the sixth day of First Month last, to bring in their Accounts to us, the Subscribers, in East-Caln Township, in said County, at or before the 14th Day of next Month, in order that a Dividend may be made, that they may receive their Shares. Also all that are indebted to him, are desired to pay the same immediately to us, to prevent further Trouble.

¶ JOSHUA WAY, THOMAS METEER.

Frederickſburg, Virginia, June 28, 1773.

THE subscriber has for SALE the following tracts of LAND, in Fairfax county, one on Pohick Run, about 5 miles from the town of Colchester, and the same distance from Pohick warehouse, containing 957 acres; the other on Four Mile Run, about 4 miles from Alexandria, containing 1225 acres; the soil of both is stiff and well suited to wheat, the last tract is very level, both have a sufficiency of exceeding good meadow ground, and very valuable mill seats. It being very inconvenient for me to attend at such a distance, the plats and title papers are left with Col. GEORGE MASON, of Gunston, who is so obliging as to accept a power of settling the terms, with any person inclinable to purchase.

6*W.* JAMES MERCER.

Goshen, Seventh Month 20, 1773.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, late of Goshen, in Chester County, Pennsylvania, deceased, there is to be sold by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-house, in Philadelphia, on the 25th Day of the Eighth Month next, at four o' Clock in the Afternoon,

One LOT of GROUND, in Philadelphia, 82 Feet 4 Inches front, on Fifth-street, and 198 in Depth, with a two Story Brick House thereon; now in the Tenure of Jasper Carpenter.

One LOT of GROUND, in Chester, 30 Feet front on the next Street to Chester Creek, and extending into the said Creek, being a convenient Place for a Store-house and Wharff.

A Right to 250 Acres of good LAND, with a large Stone House, and Log Barn, a good Orchard, and Conveniency for Water-works thereon; situate in Pikeland, Chester County, and adjoining the Yellow Spring Place.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 156 Acres, in Newberry Township, in York County.

A TRACT of good LAND, containing 224 Acres, with a Log House, and about 15 Acres cleared, lying on both Sides of Back Creek, in Frederick County, Virginia.

A LOT, containing 9 Acres and 109 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley Township, Philadelphia County, adjoining the Land of Edward Williams and Samuel Rhodes.

A LOT, containing two Acres and 64 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley aforesaid, adjoining Thomas Musgrave and William Coulten's.

An Old Right for 250 Acres of unlocated LAND.

One Ditto for 100 Acres of unlocated LAND.

Any Persons inclining to Purchase any of the aforesaid Tracts, are desired to view and attend the Sales of the said Premises, where Attendance will be given, and the Conditions made known, by GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the aboveſaid GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, deceased, either by Bond, Notes, Book Debts, or otherwise, are requested to pay the same in 3 Months from this Date, or otherwise they may expect to be proceeded against according to Law; and all Persons that have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be paid off by

GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of PETER STONEMETZ, on JOHN GIBSON's Farm, at Point-No-Point, near the City of PHILADELPHIA, on Saturday, the 14th of August, at two o' Clock in the Afternoon,

A VALUABLE breeding MARE, with two half-blooded COLTS. A MILCH COW; two broad-wheeled CARTS, shod with Iron; a Number of Farming Utensils, and a Wheat Fan.

Likewise will be SOLD, at the same Time, if not before disposed of at private Sale,

A valuable young NEGROE Man, a compleat Farmer, who has had the Care of a Farm for several Years.

Another valuable strong NEGROE Man, about 27 Years of Age, who hath been used to farming, and can ditch.

A smart lively NEGROE Girl, nine Years of Age.

CREDIT will be given to the Purchasers, on their giving Security, if required.

CHESTER, ss. *July* 28, 1773.

THE Retailers and other Consumers of SPIRITOUS LIQUORS, made exciseable by a late Act of Assembly, are desired to be punctual in paying off their respective Accounts of Duty, next Court at Chester, where I shall attend on that Service, at the House of WILLIAM KERLIN.

¶ CHARLES HUMPHREYS, Collector.

Bucks County, July 23, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 27th day of August next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of John Roongle, Innkeeper, in the township of New-Britain, Bucks county, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation and tract of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by land of Cadwallader Morris, Erasmus Kelly, Nathan Matthews, and others, containing about 60 acres, with the appurtenances; late the property of Jonathan Newhouse; seized and taken in execution, by

¶ RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 28th of August next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of John Bogart, Innkeeper, in the township of Buckingham, Bucks county, a certain piece or lot of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded by land of George Hughes, jun. Uriah Hughes, and Joseph Large, containing 10 acres, more or less, with the appurtenances; late the property of John Hughes, deceased; seized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 30th day of August next, on the premises, at 10 o'clock in the morning, a certain messuage, tenement and tract of land (late the property of Robert Stockdale, deceased) situate in the township of Northampton, Bucks county, bounded by land of John Plumley, Robert Parsons, Amos Strickland, jun. and others, containing about 100 acres, be the same more or less, with the Appurtenances; seized and taken in execution by

¶ RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 30th day of August next, at the house of Isaac Wilson, Tavernkeeper, in Wright's-town, two certain pieces of land, late the property of Robert Porter, situate in the said township, Bucks county, one of them bounded by land of Joseph Sacket, George Kinsey, Robert Verree, containing four acres; and the other bounded by land of Joseph Smith, Thomas Chapman, the said Robert Verree, and others, containing about five acres, be the same more or less; seized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the house of Robert Mattacks, in the township and county of Gloucester, on the 17th day of September next, between the hours of twelve and five o' clock in the afternoon, the one moiety or equal half part of a saw-mill, and several tracts of pine land, and plantation, containing 1824 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of Robert Mattacks, and others, with a good dwelling-house, out-houses and stables, a large young apple-orchard, and about seventy acres of cleared land, situated in the township and county aforesaid, on the great road leading from Egg-harbour to Gloucester, well situated for a tavern or shop-keeper; also 176 acres of cedar swamp, lying in several tracts, convenient to the said mill, part of which is to be sold in lots, and what remains of any of the above premises unsold on said day, will be sold on the day following, between the hours of twelve and five, as aforesaid; late the property of Thomas Fry, deceased; seized and taken in execution at the suit of Aaron Musgrove, and others, by

July 13, 1773. THOMAS DENNY, Sheriff.

We, the subscribers, Administrators of said Thomas Fry, deceased, purpose to meet, at the house of Robert Mattocks, on the 30th day of August next, in order to proceed to divide the said cedar swamp in lots, for the convenience of purchasers; at which time and place, all persons inclinable to view the premises are desired to attend; also propose, by an agreement of the creditors of said deceased, and with the consent of the said Sheriff, to give time for the payment of the purchase money of the said lands. JOHN GILL, ISAAC KAY, ROBERT MATTACKS, THOMAS REDMAN. ‖ 15t.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my most sincere Thanks for your past Favours, and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, do now request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, which will much oblige,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Honour you did me, in having placed me on the Return for the Office of Sheriff at the last Election, for which I return you my sincere and unfeigned Thanks, I still intend to continue a Candidate for that Office, and again humbly solicit the Favour and Continuance of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, which shall be acknowledged, with the utmost Gratitude, by, GENTLEMEN, your Friend and humble Servant, WILLIAM DEWEES.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August inst. at six o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, Two certain lots or pieces of ground, situate on the east side of Front-street, continued southward beyond the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 35 feet, and in depth 85 feet; bounded by Front-street aforesaid, by the next described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, and others; subject to a groundrent of 46*s.* Pennsylvania currency, per annum; having a one story brick tenement (19 feet in breadth, and 28 feet in depth, erected thereon) with a good cellar of 9 feet deep under the whole. The other of them containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 75 feet; bounded by Queen-street, by a certain three feet alley, by the first described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, John Morton, and others; late the estate of Samuel Armitt; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August inst. at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain piece or parcel of drained cripple, or meadow land, situate on Greenwich Island, in Passyunk township, containing about 4 acres and 146 perches; bounded by the river Delaware, and by lands of Jonathan Shoemaker, John Drinker, and others. And a certain other tract or piece of land, situate in Passyunk township, containing about 5 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of John Rouse, John Godfrey, John Sober, and Rebecca Johns, late the estate of Edward Flounders; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, July 3, 1773.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE Jail, on the 2d Instant, JAMES NUNAR, *who was committed on Suspicion of Horse-stealing, he is a middle-aged Man, Country-born, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, and has long brown Hair; had on a Snuff coloured Coat and Vest, Check Trowsers, and Shoes. Whoever delivers him to the Subscriber, shall receive, if taken in the County, Ten Dollars, and if out of the County the above Reward, from* CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH, *Sheriff.* ¶

WANTED, in VIRGINIA,

A FARMER, well qualified to improve a great quantity of MEADOW-GROUND; he will be found every necessary accommodation, and very good wages given. For particulars, enquire of Mr. DANIEL GRANT, at the Fountain-Inn, in Baltimore-Town, who will direct where an employer may be found. N. B. The person who wants to employ will be at Baltimore for three weeks from this date, and begs that an application be made within that time. *July* 3, 1773. ‖4w

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WE do hereby certify, that a certain Negroe man, named BOB, formerly the property of Machiminea Porter, of the county of Somerset and province of Maryland, but now the property of Miller and Heslop, of the county of Spotsylvania, and colony of Virginia, Merchants, is a SLAVE; that he was born such, that his mother and all her children are such, and that any thing to the contrary of their being any thing else than actual slaves, during their natural lives, they know not. Given under our hands, this 14th day of October, 1772.

William Kennables, William Horsey, John Mitchell, Caleb Balding, Zach. Maddux, Peter Cullaway, William Figgs, John Hamilton, William Vaughan. (Copy)

RUN away, early last December, from Mount-Pleasant, Spotsylvania county, Virginia, the abovementioned NEGROE. I will give *Ten Pounds* reward, Virginia currency, to have him secured in any goal on this continent, on notice given in this GAZETTE; *Twenty Pounds*, if brought to Frederickſburg. When he went off he produced a forged pass, signed with the name of William Smith, Gentleman, one of his Majesty's justices of the peace for the county of Spotsylvania, called himself and passed as a free man, by the name of ROBERT ALEXANDER; but the above certificate will show him to be a slave, as it is signed by several people who were formerly his owners. The dress he went off in was a drab Bath coat, a brown broadcloth waistcoat, buck breeches, yarn stockings, shoes and brass buckles; but as he is a cunning artful villain, he may have changed his dress: He stole sundry fine linen shirts, the property of Mr. William Heslop, marked W. H. He is above six feet high, slim made, a very likely fellow, and is handy at all sorts of plantation work, is by trade a sawyer, having been bred to it from his infancy, and attended several saw-mills on the Eastern-shore (of which place he is a native) he likewise understands the house-carpenter's business. I expect he has pushed to the northward, indeed he was followed as far as Annapolis, from whence I imagined he crossed the Bay; if taken up in Maryland or Pennsylvania, and delivered to Mr. DAVID KERR, near Annapolis, Mr. JAMES JAFFRAY, in Baltimore, or Mr. WILLIAM TURNBULL, Merchant, Philadelphia, the above reward will be paid.

Virginia, May 25, 1773. JOHN MILLER.

*** All masters of vessels are forewarned not to carry him off at their peril. *T.b.c.t.f.*

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, last night, from the subscriber, living near Shepherd's-town, in Berkeley county, Virginia, a large bright bay HORSE, with a saddle, bridle, and great coat; the horse is about 15 hands high, 8 years old, paces and trots, no brand nor ear-mark known of, has some saddle marks, had one shoe on the right foot, and the same foot split in the hoof, and is apparently swelled in his hoof joints, like the ring-bone, and used to go lame on the near hind foot when hard rode, has also an old scar on both sides of his neck, occasioned by wearing a yoke, had a long switch tail, is a long-bodied genteel horse; the saddle is good, the seat seam welted with white leather, has leather housings; the bridle reins of upper leather, the flesh side black, half the head-stall and throat-latch the same; the great coat is of a lead or winestone colour, with white metal buttons, the cape lined with black cloth. Whoever takes up said horse, and secures the thief, so that the owner may have his horse, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges, if brought home, or FIVE POUNDS for the horse, paid by

June 17, 1773. ARCHIBALD SLOAN. §

ALL Persons that are indebted to the Estate of MARGARET BISHOP, deceased, are desired to pay, and those that have any Demands against her, are likewise desired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, and they shall be paid, by

July 29, 1773. § JOHN SWIFT, Executor.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

August 18, 1773. NUMB. 2330.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

CHOICE
LISBON WINE,
To be SOLD, by
CHARLES WHARTON,
At his STORE, near the DRAWBRIDGE.

JUST PUBLISHED, on a superfine Demy Paper, and new Type,
AT R. AITKEN's,
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, and BOOKBINDER, opposite the London Coffee-house, in Front-street,
The GRAVE, a POEM.
By ROBERT BLAIR, M. A.
To which is added,
An ELEGY, written in a Country Church-yard,
by Mr. GRAY, of Peter-house, CAMBRIDGE.

THE former of these Poems abounds with solid and sensible Observations, suited to the Solemnity of the Subject, and calculated to awaken the most serious Reflections, in Men of all Ranks and Denominations. The latter has been pronounced, by Persons of the best Taste and critical Judgment, to be the most finished of all Mr. Gray's Productions. 6 w.

Philadelphia, August 16, 1773.
TO BE SOLD,
By JOHN ROSS, Esq; JOHN ORD, Notary Public, and Captain JOHN ROSS, Executors to the estate of Mr. JOHN REILY, deceased,

A NEW brick messuage, or tenement, situate on the east side of Second-street, at the corner of Taylor's-alley; the lot is 20 feet front, by 117 feet deep, on said alley, with a stable and coach-house on the back end of the lot; now occupied by Mr. Walter Shee; rents for 85l. per annum. Also 9 acres and 20 perches of land, near Germantown, all cleared and in good fence, with a frame messuage thereon, and a good well of water. Two lots of ground in Kensington, lying contiguous, and contain in breadth, on Warren-street, 50 feet, and in depth, 60 feet, near the river Delaware. One lot of ground on the south side of Shippen-street, in Southwark, 20 feet front, by 65 feet deep, lying between Front and Second-streets. One ground-rent, of 3l. per annum. One ditto, of 4l. 4s. One ditto, of 3l. 12s. 6s. One ditto, of 6l. One ditto, of 6l. 15s. One ditto, of 6l. issuing out of sundry lots in Shippen-street aforesaid, between Front and Second-streets. One ditto, of 6l. issuing out of a lot on the west side of Front-street aforesaid. A moiety of 3l. 10s. issuing out of a lot in Southwark aforesaid. The said groundrents are all well secured. Any person inclining to purchase the whole, or any part thereof, may know the terms, by applying to the Executors aforesaid, or to JOHN REILY, Esq; Attorney at Law, in Lancaster. §

Chester, August 11, 1773.
To be SOLD, by
FRANCIS RICHARDSON,
THE HOUSE and LOT whereon he dwells, with the STORES and STABLES, together with the long WHARFF, extended from Market-street, in Chester, or without, as the purchaser thinks proper; the house is 50 feet in front, and 40 feet back, 4 rooms on a floor, and cellar under the whole; the stores are built of stone, 60 feet long, and 22 feet deep, and stables 60 feet by 16; the wharff is extended into Delaware, to the depth of near 10 feet at low-water, and the tide rises 8 feet, which renders water sufficient for topsail vessels, and it is almost daily attended by shallops; the house is situated on a corner of a fifty feet street and the wharff, and commands a very extensive and pleasant prospect, both up and down the river, for many miles, and by its situation would suit excellently well for a good public house. The lot on which the house stands is 80 feet fronting the river, and extends in depth 120 feet; to which may be added, a piece of ground, fronting the house, of 80 feet square on the river, fenced in for a garden. Any person inclining to purchase may be further informed by the subscriber, on the premises. The purchaser, paying one third of the purchase-money on receiving the title, may retain the remainder 12 or 18 months, paying interest. If not sold by private sale before the 25th of March next, they will be exposed to sale by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, in Philadelphia. FRANCIS RICHARDSON.

N. B. The said *Richardson* has a number of lots, and several small tenements, to dispose of, in the best parts of the town, by sale, or on easy rents. *T.b.c.t.f.*

Mount-holly, August 12, 1773.
TO BE SOLD,
A Valuable PLANTATION, an exceeding pleasant and healthy situation for a country-seat, being in the township of Northampton, and county of Burlington, about 17 miles from Philadelphia, and three from the town of Mount-holly, lying in the Forks of Rancocus Creek, adjoining both branches, and near the great road between Philadelphia and Mount-holly aforesaid, containing about 500 acres of land, 80 whereof improved good meadow, under good bank, and about 20 acres more may be made, 150 acres of upland cleared, and in fence, a good large dwelling-house, neatly finished off, with two large kitchens, out-houses, milk-house, cheese-house, and every conveniency suitable for a dairy, a pump of excellent good water at the door, with a large new barn, granary, stables, cow and waggon-houses, two bearing orchards, of good fruit, and a large garden, paled in. The said plantation will be sold together, or in two or three parts, as may best suit the purchasers, the meadow and upland lying convenient to be divided. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may apply to *Sarah Bispham*, and *John Hinckman*, Esq; in the town of Haddonfield, in the county of Gloucester, or *John Bispham*, of the town of Mount-holly, near the premises aforesaid, for further particulars and conditions of sale; the above being part of the real estate of *Thomas Bispham*, late deceased, and to be sold, by SARAH BISPHAM, Executrix, JOHN HINCHMAN, and JOHN BISPHAM, Executors. ¶ 8*W.*

Brandywine, August 11, 1773.
WAS found in the possession of a boy, last September, A pair of large SILVER SPURS, which were supposed to be stolen, and advertised in the public papers; but, as the said spurs remain in the subscriber's possession, he takes this method to inform the public, that, unless the owner applies and proves his property to them, in three weeks from the date hereof, they will be sold to pay the charges, by PETER VANDEVER, junior, at the Royal-Oak Tavern. ¶

WANTED,
A COOK, and Twenty Pounds a Year will be given for Wages: Speak to the PRINTERS. None need apply, but such as understand their Business compleatly.

Baltimore County, Maryland, August 14, 1773.
To be SOLD, or LETT for 7, 14, or 21 Years,
THE following LANDS, lying in Baltimore County, about 25 Miles from Baltimore-Town, to wit.

Part of Rochester, - -	about 2000 Acres.
Willmott's Manor, - - -	210
Stain's Neglect, - - -	255
Mount Eagle, - - -	122
Piney Hills, - - - -	180
Willmott's Lot, - - -	111
Willmott's Desire, - - -	126
Polygon, - - - -	340
Carr's Ingenuity, - - -	156

On the above Lands are several Plantations, and one good Stream for a Mill.---If any Person should incline to purchase any Part of the above Lands, they may have Time for Payment, on paying Interest. JOHN WILLMOTT.

N. B. Said *Willmott* lives about ten Miles from Baltimore-Town, near Ridgely's Iron-Works. ¶ 4 w.

Philadelphia, Eighth-Month 16, 1773.
FOR BRISTOL,
THE SHIP
CONCORD,

JOSEPH VOLANS, Master;
WILL begin to load shortly, and sail with all convenient Speed, having a considerable Part of her Cargoe engaged, and ready to go on board. She is a good Ship, well fitted, and has good Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, or to said Master on board, at their Wharff.

RUN away, about the 24th day of July last, JOHN SCANLAN; he came here from Cork, in the Snow Penn, John M'Caddon, Master, and says that he was bred a Wool-Comber; he is about 5 feet 4 inches high, smooth face, with long straight hair, wore a brown coat, grey surtout, strong shoes, and grey ribbed stockings. Whoever takes up said runaway, and delivers him to SAMUEL CARSAN, or to BARCLAY and MITCHELL, shall be paid THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges. ¶ 4*W.*

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, on the 24th day of April last, a NEGROE man, named JACK, about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, has a scar under one of his eyes, and has been died to the still; he formerly belonged to Mr. Zephaniah Bond, in St. Mary's county, in Maryland. He stole, and took with him, about Sixteen Pounds currency, and was seen, some time in the month of May last, at the house of Mr. Philip Briscoe, in Charles county, where his father and mother live; had on, when there, a blue broadcloth coat, lappelled, a red flannel jacket, lined with white flannel, black plush or cotton velvet breeches, ribbed worsted stockings, channel pumps, a fine fashionable hat, and 2 or 3 white shirts. It is supposed he has a forged pass, as he travelled from Philadelphia to Charles county, without being taken up. Whoever will deliver the said Negroe to Mr. *William Faris*, or to Mr. *John Fry*, at Annapolis, shall receive the sum of *Ten Pounds*, Pennsylvania currency, reward, or *Fifteen Pounds*, like money, if brought home, paid by
JOHN ZELLER.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forewarned carrying him off, at their peril. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.
RUN away, the 5th day of this instant August, in Donegal township, Lancaster county, from the subscriber, living in Northumberland county, near Fort-Augusta, a servant man, named *John M'Glaucblin*, born in Ireland, he is 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, slender made, and pale complexion, except when in liquor, which he is fond of; he is pitted with the small-pox, is left-handed, and a Shoemaker by trade; had on, when he went away, a coarse shirt and trowsers, a white flannel waistcoat, spotted with black, and sleeves to it, and an old leather apron; it is thought that he will make towards New-Castle, to one William Dougherty's, who he calls a friend of his, or by the Forks of Delaware to New-York. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by
¶ ROBERT ROBB.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, the 18th of July last, from the subscriber, living in Marlborough township, Chester county, Pennsylvania, two servant lads, both red haired and freckled, and about 17 years old each, one of them named *James Etherington*, is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a scar on one of his cheeks, supposed to be on his left cheek; the other named *James Cambell*, and is about 5 feet high; both of them had on, when they went away, coarse tow shirts and trowsers, new wool hats, old strong shoes, tied with strings; *Etherington* had a thick cloth walnut-coloured jacket; *Cambell* had a brown lincey jacket, without sleeves: They stole, and took with them, a striped linen jacket, filled with blue, a purple camblet jacket, pieced in the back with a different colour, a pair of white linen trowsers, a pair of calf-skin pumps, and each of them a fickle. I have heard of them making towards the Jerseys, enquiring for Allen-town, that they have changed their names, and pass for brothers. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them, so that their master may have them again, shall receive Five Pounds reward, or Three Pounds for *Cambell*, and Forty Shillings for *Etherington*, and reasonable charges, paid by
August 10, 1773. ANDREW MITCHELL. ¶

WAS STOLEN from the subscriber, near Dover, in Kent county, upon Delaware, by a Negroe boy, a roan HORSE, with a roach mane, and switch tail, a natural pacer, and sluggish. Whoever will take up said horse, and deliver him to Mr. JOHN LITTLE, at the sign of the Indian Queen, in Fourth-street, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS reward. BENADID BRICE.

N. B. He was stolen the 13th of July, 1773, and was brought to Philadelphia the 3d of this instant August. §

August 3, 1773.
SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.
MADE his escape, last night, from the Sub-sheriff of York county, a certain JOHN PHILLIPS, a Shoemaker by trade, about six feet high, slim made, has short curled fair hair; had on, when he went away, a short fustian coat, of a dark colour, and white drawers; he also took with him sundry other clothes, with which he may change his dress. Whoever secures said *Phillips*, in any goal, so that the subscriber can have him again, shall have the above reward, and, if brought to York, reasonable charges, paid by
¶ WILLIAM SCOTT, S. S.

RUN away, from the subscriber, living in Strasburgh township, Lancaster county, on the 26th of July last, a NEGROE MAN, named PERO, about 5 feet 7 inches high, and about 23 years of age; had on, and took with him, three shirts, and a pair of trowsers of hemp, filled with tow, buckskin breeches, blue stockings, that have been footed, a lead-coloured short coat, with tow lining, a new wool hat, and old shoes. Whoever takes up said Negroe, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have *Twenty Shillings* reward, and reasonable charges, paid by
¶ JACOB PECK.

Lancaster Goal, July 28, 1773.
THIS day were committed to my custody, as suspicious persons, a certain John Edwards, *alias* Jack Mitchel, *and* Thomas Hutchinson, *as they call themselves, and pass for Silversmiths to trade, aged 22 or 23 years each; the said* Edwards, *alias* Mitchel, *has a bay Horse, 14 hands high, 7 years old, with a bald face, and a little white on one of his hind feet. Also was committed, a certain* Nancy Kean, *as she calls herself, and passes for a wife to said* Edwards, *alias* Mitchel; *she is a tall thin woman, has black hair, and is pitted with the small-pox; had a dark ground calicoe gown, a black silk apron, a long black silk cardinal, with a lace round it, and a black silk bonnet; she has a young child sucking at her breast, about seven weeks old. Also was committed, a certain* Benjamin Smith, *alias* Harbor, *as a strolling vagrant person, has a light blue coat and jacket, with silver buttons, four good shirts, two pair of stockings, and two razors, in a case. At the same time were committed, a certain* Peter Grant, *and* Elizabeth Grant, *his wife, as strolling vagrant persons; the said* Grant *has red hair, is 5 feet 2 inches high, his wife near the same height, very thin, and has a young child sucking at her breast. Also was committed, a certain* Margaret M'Donald, *as she calls herself, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high; had on a red and white linen gown, a green petticoat, and a black bonnet. If any person or persons have any thing to say against any of the above named persons, or any of the described clothes, or the horse, they are desired to send directly to the Justices of the Borough of Lancaster, or come themselves, otherwise the said persons will be discharged, in three weeks from the publication hereof, on paying their fees, by*
¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, living in the Borough of Wilmington, on the 19th of last month, in the night, out of a lot of John Counsel's, in the same Borough, a black MARE, mixed with several grey hairs, 15 years old next spring, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, has neither brand nor ear-mark, but has a blaze in her face, and a saddle-spot on each side of her back, was lately shod, and is supposed to be within two weeks of foaling. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her to me, shall have *Thirty Shillings* reward; and, if stolen, *Five Pounds* for the mare and thief, so that the thief is secured in any of his Majesty's goals, paid by
¶ BENJAMIN MENDINGHALL.

SUPPOSED to be stolen from the subscriber, living in Sadsbury township, Chester county, a BAY HORSE, about 15 hands high, has a ring of white round his near ear, about 14 or 15 years old, paces, trots, and hand-gallops; supposed to be stolen by a traveller, his name unknown; he wore a surtout, of a greyish colour, and a straight coat, with side pockets, and jacket, of a brownish colour, buckskin breeches, which looked to be new, a small beaver hat, thread stockings, and a pair of new shoes; he seemed to be about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the thief may be brought to justice, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN MOORE. §

BROKE into the pasture of the subscriber, living in West-Nantmill township, Chester county, the 16th of last May was a year, a small dark roan MARE, round shod, with a trimmed mane, and switch tail, branded on the off buttock and shoulder HF, paces and trots, and is thought to be six years old. The subscriber advertised her soon after she came on the premises, according to law, but, as no owner hath yet appeared, he takes this opportunity to inform the owner, that if he does not come, within three months from the date hereof, prove his property, and pay charges, she will be sold to pay the same.
August 10, 1773. JARED IRWIN. ¶

CAME to the plantation of William Harvey, in Pennsbury township, Chester county, the 14th of February last, a bay HORSE, about 5 years old, 13 hands high, saddle-marked, a small star, and branded B, on the buttock. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. Apply to THOMAS MONKS, on the said place. ¶

Chester, August 11, 1773.
CAME to the plantation of John Huskins, in this town, about five weeks ago, a dark BAY MARE, about 13 hands high, about ten years old, blind of one eye. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ALEXANDER MITCHELL. ¶

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.
WAS stolen, last Monday night, from the subscriber, living in Christiana Hundred, near Wilmington, a MARE, of a deep bay colour, six years old, about fourteen hands and an half high, has no brand nor ear-mark, nor any white about her, her hind hoofs turn in very remarkably, trots and paces. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, and secures them, so that the subscriber may get his mare again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward; or for the mare only TEN DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT PEIRCE.
July 1, 1773. ¶ 10*W.*

By Captain BIDLINGTON, *arrived at* NEW-YORK *from* LONDON, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

VENICE, May 21.

TWO veſſels are arrived here from the iſland of Chios, which bring advice, that on the 17th of April the Ruſſian fleet, which lay at the iſle of Chios, conſiſting of forty-two ſail of the line, beſides frigates, ſloops, galleys, tranſports, &c. was divided into three ſquadrons, one of which was to ſail for the coaſt of Syria, to ſupport the operations of Oſman Pacha, who is in poſſeſſion of Jeruſalem; another againſt the iſle of Candia, which has been lately put into a ſtate of defence; and the third, under Count Orlow himſelf, was to make a deſcent upon the Morea. Accordingly the ſquadrons ſeparated, and on the 2d inſtant Count Orlow arrived in the Sardonic gulph, and landed his troops, with a deſign to attack the city of Corinth, which was immediately put into execution, and after an engagement of near two hours between the Ruſſians and a large body of the Janiſſaries, in the narrow paſs of the ridge of hills which commands the aſcent to Corinth, and is the only ſide on which that city can be attacked, victory declared for the former, who immediately poſſeſſed themſelves of the city and caſtle, and made the Turkiſh Baſha, and many other perſons of eminence, with 3500 Turkiſh ſoldiers, priſoners of war. Count Orlow gave orders that none of the Greeks, or Turkiſh inhabitants, who did not bear arms, ſhould be moleſted, nor their effects or houſes plundered; on the contrary, he publiſhed a manifeſto of the Empreſs's, wherein ſhe declares, that ſhe holds it as a religious duty to free the Greeks from the Ottoman ſlavery. The towns of Caglia, Maine, Calmara, Navarina, and Medon, have ſent in their ſubmiſſion to the Ruſſians. A large treaſure, with a great quantity of ſmall arms, ammunition, &c. were found by the Ruſſians in the Baſha's palace, and the public magazines, and ſeveral ſmall Turkiſh veſſels, laden with proviſions and ſtores, were taken at anchor in the Sardonic Gulph.

The ſquadron ſent againſt the iſland of Candia loſt a great number of men, with four of their ſhips, occaſioned by running into the harbour of the town of Candia, which for many years paſt had been in a neglected ſituation, but of late the Turks had cleaned it out, and run an iron chain of great thickneſs acroſs it under water, which not being known to the Ruſſians, four of their ſhips ſtruck upon it, and ſunk immediately: Several forts and batteries of great guns kept a briſk and well directed fire upon the Ruſſian ſhips, and greatly annoyed them; however, they at laſt effected a landing, and in a few hours poſſeſſed themſelves of the place; but the ſoldiers, and moſt of the inhabitants, with their moſt valuable effects, had thrown themſelves into a fort above two miles from Candia, on the way to Canea, or Cydon. In taking this place the Ruſſians, beſides the loſs of their ſhips, had 5200 men killed, and more than 200 wounded, as the Turks fought with the greateſt bravery and reſolution.

LONDON.

June 14. The following is to be the line of battle at Spithead. The Albion to lie and moor to the eaſtward, and the Kent to lie and moor to the weſtward. The ſhips to be the length of two cables aſunder, ſo that the fleet will extend five miles.

DIVISIONS.

Rt. Hon. Lord Edgecumbe, Vice Admiral of the Blue.

Frigates.	*Ships of the Line.*	*Commanders.*	*Guns.*	*Men.*
	Albion	S. Barrington	74	350
	Raiſonable	Graves	64	300
Cerberus,	Dublin	Ourry	74	350
	Boyne	Burnett	64	300
	Torbay	Drake	74	350
T. Pye, Eſq; Vice Admiral of the Red.				
	Somerſet	E. Hughes	64	300
	Lenox	Rodham	74	350
	Worceſter	R. Hughes	64	300
	Royal Oak	Balfour	74	350
Orpheus,	Barfleur	Vernon	90	400
	Centaur	Bentinck	74	350
	Aſia	King	64	300
	Terrible	Arbuthnot	74	350
	St. Alban's	Douglas	64	300
R. Spry, Eſq; Rear Admiral of the White.				
	Triumph	Suckling	74	350
	Egmont	Jekyll	74	350
	Ocean	Knight	90	400
Thames,	Reſolution	Hotham	74	350
	Marlborough	Evans	74	350
	Kent	Fielding	74	350

To the NAVIGATORS in general.

I lately diſcovered a moſt ingenious man in Deptford. His name is William Foxton; he has been a carpenter in the India ſervice, and in the different voyages which he has made, he has conſtructed a moſt uſeful and ingenious machine, which he calls an *hydrometer*, a compound word, derived from the Greek, of water and meaſure; (i. e.) to meaſure the way of a ſhip more exactly than by heaving the log; and therefore, with more propriety, it may be called a *perpetual log*. It has been tried upon long voyages, and is an excellent corrector of the log, which differs according to the different hands which heave it. But this machine can never vary; and if the navigator is not careful enough to mark the board, and heave the log hourly, or take off the hourly run of the ſhip, he may have the diſtance run with exactneſs every 24 hours, when the machine muſt be wound up like a clock. I ſhall not pretend, at preſent, to ſay more of this ingenious invention, but I beg to recommend all ſailors, who make great voyages, to try this machine, and to give a proper encouragement to ſo clever a mechanic.

NED NAUTICUS.

June 16. Orders are given from the Admiralty-Office for the Dublin, Boyne, Triumph, Egmont, Terrible, Kent, and Reſolution men of war at Portſmouth, to be compleated with their full complement of men, and victualled for ſix months, in order to their being ready to ſet ſail immediately after the review.

The accounts from Moldavia and the neighbourhood of the Danube are ſo oppoſite and irreconcilable, that there is no ſpeaking of them with the leaſt certainty or preciſion; no leſs than five different engagements having happened near Siliſtria, Babadach, Jaloniza, Ruzhich, &c. in which the victory has been claimed on both ſides.

We hear that the bill now drawing up by a noble Law Lord (Lord Mansfield) with reſpect to the diſpoſal of criminals, will contain, among other things, that no perſon ſhall hereafter be tranſported to the colonies, but be either ſent to ſerve in the Eaſt-Indies, or be ſhut up for a certain term, or for life, in ſtrong houſes, four of which are to be erected in every county, where thoſe who are not bred to trades are to be kept to hard labour. This Regulation is ſaid to be in conſequence of a remonſtrance from the provinces of Virginia, Maryland, and Connecticut, complaining of the inundation of vagabonds from Great-Britain and Ireland.

It is ſaid that larger orders have been given, within this week, for goods to be exported to America, than at any one time for three years paſt.

Extract of a Letter from Peterſburgh, June 10.

"We have juſt received the melancholy intelligence here, of the entire loſs of four Ruſſian ſhips of war in a ſtorm off the coaſt of Temrock, near the Streights of Caffa, in the Black Sea. They were drove aſhore on ſome rocks, and ſoon went to pieces; but 34 men eſcaped out of all the crews, which amounted to 1500 men. Theſe men were by a Tartarian veſſel landed on the Crimea, and from thence the intelligence was ſent to Peterſburgh."

Letters from Venice ſay, that all the ſhips of war belonging to that Republic are now fitted out for ſea, and many of them cruizing in the Adriatic.

It is reported, that a certain Perſonage intends to order a preſent to be diſtributed amongſt the common men belonging to the fleet.

Orders are ſent to Ireland for all the regiments, from which draughts have been made for foreign ſervice, to be immediately compleated to their full eſtabliſhment.

On Monday a Petition from the Eaſt-India Company, relative to the Eaſt-India Regulating Bill, was preſented to the Houſe of Lords.

Read a ſecond time, and committed, the Bill for regulating the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company; the Lords to be ſummoned, and Counſel to be heard for and againſt the ſaid Bill to-morrow.

Monday the Commons agreed, that all coffee and cocoa in the huſk, the produce of his Majeſty's plantations in America, be allowed to be imported into Great-Britain. That no ſubſidy or duty be paid upon the ſeventh part of the weight of all coffee in the huſk, the produce of Jamaica, Dominica, or any of his Majeſty's plantations in America, imported into Great-Britain. Ordered in a Bill.

Yeſterday the Houſe of Commons agreed to the Report of Monday's Reſolutions on Ways and Means, viz.

That 10,000l. monies which ſhall be paid into the Exchequer before the 5th of April, 1774, reſerved for the diſpoſition of Parliament, be applied for the ſervice of this year.

That ſuch monies as ſhall be paid into the Exchequer on or before the 5th of April, 1774, the produce of the duties on the exportation and importation of Gum Senega and Gum Arabic, be applied for the ſaid purpoſe.

That 2,349,806l. ariſing out of the Sinking Fund, be applied towards the Supply. That 1,000,000l. be raiſed by loan on Exchequer-bills.

Ordered, That a Bill or Bills be brought in, purſuant to the above Reſolutions.

Yeſterday the Lower Aſſembly received a Petition from the Eaſt-India Company, praying leave to withdraw their Petitions of the 2d and 17th of May, which was rejected.

In a Committee, went through the Bill for raiſing 1,400,000l. for the relief of the Eaſt-India Company. Ordered the Report.

The Select Committee on Eaſt-India affairs is ordered by the Lower Aſſembly to be revived.

The amount of the proviſion for the current ſervices of the preſent year is 7,300,000 l. and the exceedings of the Grants 254,000l.

A certain General, who had been nominated to go out to the Eaſt-Indies, as Commander in Chief, but who miſſed the confirmation of it by Parliament, is, in conſideration of his former good ſervices, ſaid to be appointed Governor of St. Vincent's, with an additional ſalary.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 8.

"According to letters from Warſaw, they are very buſy endeavouring to ſettle the limits of the reſpective portions of Poland, allotted to the three allied Powers. They have began with the Miniſter of the Court of Vienna; the Ruſſian Miniſter will be treated with next; and laſtly that of the Court of Berlin. It is computed, that this great work will be finiſhed againſt the next meeting of the Dyet, which will be the 15th of September, in order to be then ratified, and an Act drawn up for the ſettling of theſe limits."

It is reported, that an Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the Hague is in a few days expected at St. James's, charged with diſcretionary power to negociate ſome important matters, depending between our Court and the States General.

Laſt night a Council was held at Lord North's houſe, in Downing-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, at which the two Secretaries of State, the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Dartmouth, and Lord Mansfield, were preſent.

The following are the groſs ſums granted for the Supplies of the preſent year:

Out of the Sinking Fund,	----	£ 2,300,000
Land-Tax, at three ſhillings,	---	1,500,000
Malt, ---	--- ---	750,000
Exchequer Bills, payable in 1779,	---	1,400,000
Ditto to pay off laſt year's deficiencies,	---	600,000
Ditto in courſe of circulation for the preſent year,	--- ---	1,000,000
Amounting in the whole to	----	7,550,000
Beſides, charged on the American revenue,		10,000
On the produce of the lands in the ceded iſlands,		50,000
And on the produce of the ſales of French prizes,		20,000

The Eaſt-India regulation bill will receive the Royal aſſent, by Commiſſion, immediately after it has paſſed the Upper Houſe.

Orders are given for three men of war of the line to be got ready immediately: Their ſtation, we hear, is to be off Rhode-Iſland in America.

Spaniſh Dollars now ſell for 5s. 2d. ½ per ounce, owing to their great plenty in London.

Laſt week 11 American veſſels ſailed from the river, laden with goods for the colonies.

June 19. The firſt diſpoſition for the fleet at Spithead, by which the whole was to be ranged into one line, being found too extenſive, and incommodious withal, the flag officers have delivered out the following diſpoſition, by which the ſhips are formed into two lines, and ſo placed, that thoſe in the ſecond line will be oppoſite to the intervals or opening in the firſt, and the whole will appear but as one line to perſons approaching from Portſmouth. The two lines are at three cables length aſunder, and the ſeveral ſhips in each line at two cables length from one another. Thoſe ſhips which are to be dreſſed or adorned with a profuſion of colours, are here marked with an aſteriſk, the ſhips of the Admirals with a croſs, and the royal reſidence (where the Lords of the Admiralty will alſo be) with a dagger. [†]

North line of capital ſhips. Raiſonable, Boyne, Somerſet, Worceſter, †Barfleur, Aſia, St. Albans, Egmont, Reſolution, *Kent. South line of capital ſhips. *Albion, *Dublin X, Torbay, Lenox, *Royal Oak, Centaur, Terrible, Triumph, *Ocean X, Marlborough. Lines of frigates and ſloops. Thames, Orpheus, Cerberus.

Portſmouth, June 17. This morning three companies of the royal regiment of artillery from Woolwich marched into this place. They are quartered in different parts of the town, and came on purpoſe to exerciſe the guns on the fortifications during his Majeſty's ſtay here.

When his Majeſty goes afloat, the Admirals and Captains in their twelve and ten oared boats are to row in the following order.

V. Admiral Pye.

Lords of the Admiralty.

KING.

R. Ad. Spry,	*Com. of the Navy.*	*L. Edgecumbe.*
The Captains of this diviſion two and two, according to ſeniority.	The Captains of V. Admiral Pye's diviſion two and two, according to ſeniority.	The Captains of his diviſion two and two, according to ſeniority.

When the Royal ſtandard appears without Block-houſe Point, the whole fleet is to man their yards; and when Admiral Pye makes a certain ſignal, all the ſhips are to ſalute with 21 guns. So ſoon as the King's ſtandard is hoiſted aboard the Barfleur, 21 guns more are to be fired from each ſhip. And when his Majeſty proceeds either in his yacht or barge through the fleet, and paſſes the ſhips in review, each ſhip as he approaches her is to give three cheers, and fire 21 guns. His Majeſty is to be conducted back by the boats in the ſame order he came.

The ſecond day, during the firſt ſalute, the ſhips appointed to dreſs, are to diſplay their colours, ſo that as ſoon as the ſmoke diſperſes they will be ſeen in full parade. After the King is aboard and ſaluted, the frigates upon a ſignal are inſtantly to get under ſail, paſs under the ſtern of the Barfleur, lower their topſails, and ſalute with 21 guns. His Majeſty returns as he came. The third day the ſame will be repeated, and Lord Edgecumbe's whole ſquadron is to get under ſail and go off to Plymouth. And when the King goes on ſhore, each Captain is to wear the pendant of his proper diviſion upon a ſtaff at the head of his ten oared barge.

His Majeſty propoſes to ſet out for Portſmouth between two and three o'clock on Tueſday morning.

It is ſaid, that no part of the royal family will accompany his Majeſty to Portſmouth.

It is ſaid, that the Eaſt-India regulating bill, with ſeveral others now ready, will receive the Royal aſſent on Monday next.

By accounts from Mequinez, by way of Gibraltar, we learn, that the Emperor's ſon, who had eloped with a large ſum of money, is taken and carried back a cloſe priſoner.

On Friday, the 18th day of June, at a previous meeting of a reſpectable body of the Livery of London, Mr. Alderman Plomer, and Mr. Stephen Sayre (a native of the city of New-York) were nominated to the Shrievalty, for the year enſuing; great addreſs was uſed in favour of Alderman Kirkman, but Mr. Sayre was preferred, and this nomination will be very firmly ſupported on the day of election. The Miniſtry have carried every point in both Houſes of Parliament againſt the petitioners on behalf of the Eaſt-India company.---The ſalary of the Recorder of London is advanced to one thouſand, and that of the Common Serjeant, is raiſed two hundred pounds a year.

Major General Scott, Col. of the 26th regiment, is married to Miſs Peggy Dundaſs, daughter of Robert Dundaſs, Eſq; Lord Preſident of the Court of Seſſion, in Scotland.

It is thought that Paris, and the watering places, will be leſs viſited this ſummer than for many years paſt; for if the trip to Portſmouth does not ſink the finances of moſt to ſo low an ebb, that they muſt be contented to remain in obſcurity the remainder of the Summer, there is another ſhew contrived to ſucceed it, which is the Inſtallation of Lord North, the Chancellor of the Univerſity of Oxford, the beginning of next month.

Lord North moved an addreſs to his Majeſty, that he would be graciouſly pleaſed to confer ſome mark of royal favour upon General Robert Monckton, for his ſignal ſervices, by granting to him a large quantity of land in the ceded iſlands, or to ſhew his royal favour in other manner, as his Majeſty ſhould think fit. It paſſed, nemine contradicente.

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) July* 27.

A barbarous Murder has lately been perpetrated on two of the Cherokee Indians, of which we have received the following Particulars: When the Cherokees were returning Home from the late Treaty at Auguſta, a Party of them encamped on the North Side of Broad-River, two of whom the next Morning, without their Guns or Match Coats, croſſed the River, and went to the Houſe of one John Collins, who, at that Time, was from Home.---His Son, Hezekiah Collins, received them ſeemingly in a friendly Manner, and ordered a Woman in the Houſe to ſet Victuals before them, which being done, and the Indians having begun to eat, the ſaid Collins, without the leaſt Provocation given, took the Opportunity of ſhooting them both at one Shot. Not long after the Father came Home, who aſſiſted his Son in conveying them to the River, into which, after tying them together by the Necks with a Rope, and a large Stone at the End thereof, they ſunk them. Their Companions, after waiting for them a conſiderable Time, ſet off for Toogoloo: They waited at Home about three Days with great Impatience, hourly expecting their Friends, when they began to be very uneaſy, and to threaten Vengeance. An Indian Woman informed the white Traders what was meditating againſt them, who had the good Fortune to make their Eſcape in the Night. Mr. Cameron, Deputy Superintendant of Indian Affairs, has diſpatched Meſſengers to the Indians, informing them that every Step ſhall be taken to apprehend the Murderer, who, on Conviction, ſhall be puniſhed with Death. The Father is apprehended, and Mr. Cameron has offered a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds for apprehending the Son, and ſeveral Parties are ſent out after him. The People in the back Settlements are much alarmed, while at the ſame Time many of them applaud Collins's Action. The Warriors and Headmen of the lower Towns have informed the Meſſengers, that they will allow a reaſonable Time for apprehending the Murderer, but that they expect Juſtice to be done agreeable to Treaty. The Cherokees look on this Murder as peculiarly aggravating to them, as it was committed in a Houſe, built on Lands which belonged to them immediately before the preſent Ceſſion.

BOSTON, Auguſt 9.

On Wedneſday, the 28th of laſt Month, came on, before a Special Court of Admiralty, in this Town, the Trial of Anſell Nickerſon, for Piracy and Robbery on the High Seas: The Examination of the Witneſſes for the Crown and Priſoner held till Friday Night, when the Court adjourned till Tueſday laſt, Ten o'Clock, when Samuel Fitch, Eſq; Advocate-General, after re-examining ſeveral Witneſſes for the King, applied the Evidence on the Crown Side: The Afternoon and the next Day were taken up by John Adams, and Joſiah Quincy, jun. Eſquires, Counſel for the Priſoner in his Defence, and on Thurſday Afternoon laſt the Advocate-General cloſed the Cauſe. The Court then told the Priſoner if he had any Thing further to ſay in his Behalf, he would have an Opportunity the next Day; and then adjourned to Ten o'Clock next Morning.

The Court then meeting, proceeded to aſk the Priſoner, if he had any Thing further to offer the Court, in Addition to what his Counſel had already ſaid: Upon which the Priſoner expreſſed his Wiſhes, that certain Witneſſes (who he apprehended would teſtify in his Favour) had been preſent; and concluded with ſaying, that "If I loſe my Life, I am innocent of the Crime laid to my Charge."

The Court then gave Orders that all Perſons depart, except the Regiſter; and having conſidered of the Evidence, &c. for about two Hours and an Half, the Priſoner was again called in, when the Preſident, after a ſolemn Pauſe, told the Priſoner, "The Court have conſidered of your Offence, and they do not think that the Evidence offered to them is ſufficient to ſupport the Charge alledged againſt you in the Information---and therefore adjudge you NOT GUILTY."

Motion was then made by the Priſoner's Counſel that he might be diſcharged; and the Advocate-General not objecting, it was granted: The Priſoner being informed of it, reſpectfully bowed to the Court, and ſaid,---"I thank the honourable Court---and GOD---for my Deliverance!"

The Court was then adjourned without Day.

Thus ended a Trial for the moſt ſurpriſing Event which has happened in this, and perhaps any other Age of the World.

It is reported, that in a late Trial of great Expectation, four of the Judges were for Acquittal, and four for Condemnation; and the Court being equally divided, an Acquittal of the Priſoner followed of Courſe.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 12.

The many eminent ſervices of Mr. Stephen Sayre, a native of this province, and now a reſpectable merchant in the City of London, are likely to be rewarded by the popular party there, in a very diſtinguiſhed mark of their eſteem and confidence. He is nominated with Alderman Plomer, to be a Sheriff for the City of London and County of Middleſex, in preference of all the junior Aldermen; ſhould he be choſen, an event that is not in the leaſt doubted, he will ſtand fair for elevation to the higheſt honours of the City.

The Groſvenor Maſt-ſhip, late an Indiaman, was at Graveſend on the 19th of June, on her way to Plymouth, where ſhe is to receive on board JOHN PENN, Eſq; and his Lady, with JOHN ALLEN, Eſq; on their return to Philadelphia, via New-York.

Auguſt 16. On Friday, the 6th inſt. the Barn of Mr. Zabriſki, at Paramus, in the Jerſeys, full of Grain, was ſtruck by Lightning, and burnt to the Ground.

We hear from Princeton, New-Jerſey, that on Monday Night laſt, during the Storm, about 10 o'Clock they diſcovered 3 Fires, which proved the next Day to be the Barns of Mr. Benjamin Clark, Mr. Guſbert Lane, and Mr. Van Kirk; they were all ſtruck by Lightning, and burnt to the Ground in the hardeſt of the Storm, together with all the Hay, Grain, &c. which thoſe Gentlemen had. Mr. Clark alone has loſt upwards of twenty Tons of Hay.

To prevent Barns being ſtruck by Lightning, the Country People ought to be informed, to place a Lightning Rod on their Barns, for dry Hay is very apt to draw the Lightning.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 18.

On Friday Evening laſt, as Mr. JESSE MILNER (a young Man, near 21 Years of Age, the only Son of Mr. EDWARD MILNER, of Roxborough Townſhip, Miller) was examining the Water-wheels of the Mill, which had been repaired that Day, it is imagined he ſtepped on one of the Buckets of the Wheel, to ſet it a going, and unfortunately ſlipped, and fell in ſuch a Situation, that he was inſtantly cruſhed to Death by the Wheel.

The ſudden and melancholy Manner this promiſing Youth loſt his Life is much to be lamented, and his Parents were inconſolable upon the unhappy Occaſion for ſome Time; but, being truly

ſenſible of the many Virtues he poſſeſſed, and an early Inclination he demonſtrated for a Life of Piety, they conſoled themſelves with the pleaſing Thought, that he was not unprepared for the ſudden and unexpected ſummons to Eternity.----All that were acquainted with this Youth can, with great Propriety, ſay, that he was adorned with a moſt amiable Diſpoſition; an obedient and dutiful Son, tender and affectionate to his Parents and Relatives, and to Mankind in general, circumſpect in the Company he kept, and attentive to every Leſſon of Inſtruction given him, in Things ſpiritual or temporal.----His Remains were attended, on Sunday laſt, to Whitemarſh Church, by a great Number of reſpectable People, both from this City and the Country around, and, after a Sermon was delivered, ſuitable to the melancholy Occaſion, by the Rev. Dr. WILLIAM SMITH, were interred in the Burying Ground of ſaid Church.

At a General Meeting of the Truſtees of the Academy of Newark, on the 6th Inſtant, Doctor HUGH WILLIAMSON laid before the Board a particular Account of his Proceedings and Succeſs in Jamaica, in collecting Caſh and Subſcriptions for the Benefit of that Inſtitution (while he preſerved his Health) together with his Expences while he was employed in that Buſineſs. The Truſtees, having carefully examined the ſame, agreed, that the Thanks of the Corporation be given to him by their Preſident, for the faithful Diſcharge of the Commiſſion he had received from them; and that a genteel Sum be paid him by the Treaſurer, as a Reward for his Services. The Doctor being called in and hearing the Minutes, thanked the Truſtees for the ſubſtantial Proof they had given of their Approbation of his Conduct, and abſolutely declined receiving any Part of the Sum voted to him, but generouſly gave the whole of it to the Academy, ſaying, that he was already ſufficiently rewarded, in the Conſciouſneſs of having in any Meaſure ſerved the Intereſt of Learning and Virtue, and of that Seminary in particular, whoſe future Importance to Society afforded him the moſt pleaſing Proſpect.

Captain Lightburne, from Barbados, on the 11th Inſtant, in Lat. 35, Long. 71: 30, ſpoke a Brig, from Alexandria, in Virginia, bound for Jamaica, two Days out, all well, but could not learn the Captain's Name.----Captain Power, in a Brig from this Port, is arrived at Barbados.

Captain March, arrived in Virginia from Madeira, ſpoke the Sloop Black Prince, Captain Campbell, from New-York for Hiſpaniola, five Days out, all well.

By Captain Ruſſell, from Dominica, we learn, that a Sloop, from New-York for Hiſpaniola; and Captain Sherlock, in a Sloop, from Maryland, are arrived there.

Captain Jenkins, from St. Euſtatia, on the 10th Inſtant, about 30 Leagues Eaſt of our Capes, ſpoke the Brig Addiſon, Captain Candell, from this Port for Newfoundland, one Day out, all well.

From different Parts of the Country we hear of great Damage being done by the violent Rain, in the Night of the 9th Inſtant, which occaſioned ſuch Floods in ſome Places, as were never known before; Dams, Mills, Bridges, Fences, &c. were carried away by Rapidity of the Current, and many Cattle drowned.

*** The Members of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are deſired to meet at their Hall, next Friday Evening, at 7 o'Clock.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 19s. 6d. Wheat 7s. 6d. Indian Corn 3s. Ship Bread 16s. 6d. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 11l. Hogſhead Ditto 5l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 5s. Red Oak Ditto 4l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 5s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 4l. 5s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 55s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 13s. Turpentine 18s. Rice 18s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. 9d. Hemp 5d. Cotton 18d. Bar-Iron 26l. Pig Ditto 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Nancy, P. Stafford, from St. Auguſtine. Sloop Robert, W. B. Bunting, Virginia. Sloop Mulberry, R. Long, N. Carolina. Sloop Hope, J. Carſwell, R. Iſland. Schooner Molly, R. Harris, and Sloop N. Carolina Packet, A. Dyar, Georgia. Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Brig Polly, P. Denny, and Brig Union, T. Rawlings, Montſerrat. Schooner Lydia, P. Amiel, Hiſpaniola. Ship Concord, J. Volans, Brig Betſy, C. Jenkins, and Schooner Anna Maria, M. Collan, St. Euſtatia, Schooner Hannah, J. Smith, St. Croix. Brig Dolphin, J. Ruſſel, Dominica. Schooner Antigua Packet, J. Merry, Antigua. Brig Molly, J. Lightburne, Barbados.

Outwards. Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Rudden, for Gibraltar. Ship Queen of Portugal, J. Caſſel, and Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Liſbon. Schooner Kingſton, R. Patterſon, Jamaica. Schooner Hope, J. Carſwell, N. England. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, and Brig Grenada Packet. F. Illingſworth, Grenada. Ship Hannah, J. Mitchell, Cork. Brig Peggy, J. Garrigues, Madeira. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Cadiz.

Cleared. Ship Minerva, F. Fearis, and Ship Clementina, P. Brown, Liſbon. Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, Schooner Topſail Packet, J. Campbell, and Sloop Mulberry, W. Cochran, N. Carolina. Schooner Mary, J. Perot, Dominica. Ship Elizabeth, W. Shroudy, Cadiz. Brig Harriot, T. Gilpin, N. Caſtle, on Delaware. Brig Princeſs of Orange, H. Norris, Madeira. Schooner Happy Return, W. Downes, Maryland. Schooner Lively, H. Johnſton, Salem, N. E. Snow Dickinſon, J. Johnſton, Waterford. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, Virginia. Sloop Charlotte, J. Rivers, N. York.

A PUBLIC VENDUE, next FRIDAY, by WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

N. B. GOODS are received for ſaid Vendue, at his Store, in Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

PENNSYLVANIA ſs. AUGUST 10, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE of ASSEMBLY, appointed to audit and ſettle the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, will meet at the State-Houſe, on the Firſt Day of September next, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, to attend that Buſineſs, and purpoſe to proceed on the ſame, by Adjournments from Day to Day, till the whole is finiſhed.---- The ſeveral County Treaſurers, Collectors of Exciſe, and all others concerned, are therefore deſired to have their reſpective Accounts prepared for Examination and Adjuſtment, at the Time and Place aforeſaid.---And all ſuch who ſhall fail therein, before the Tenth of the ſame Month, muſt expect their Neglect will be reported to the Houſe of Aſſembly, at their next Meeting.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by JOHN DUNLAP, In MARKET-STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER: OR THE MISTAKES OF A NIGHT. A COMEDY.

As it is acted at the THEATRE-ROYAL in COVENT-GARDEN. Written by DOCTOR GOLDSMITH.

THIS play is truly comic: The humour is irreſiſtible, and pleaſes in the cloſet, as well as in the theatre. It was acted in New-York, a few nights ago, to a judicious and polite audience; its ſucceſs in England was unprecedented, and on this ſtage unexampled. DOCTOR GOLDSMITH has been happy in the choice of his characters, they are ſupported throughout with great propriety, and the incidents that appear improbable, are, in general, the natural effects of the thoughtleſs ſallies of a young frolickſome country Squire.

Eaſton, Auguſt 14, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at Eaſton, on Saturday, the 11th day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, a certain large tenement and lot of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Hamilton-ſtreet, in Eaſton aforeſaid; late the property of David Babninger; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold, by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. §

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 30th of Auguſt inſtant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5 o'clock, at the houſe of George Loſh, in Germantown, a certain ſtone meſſuage or tenement, and lot of ground, ſituate in Germantown, containing by computation one acre three quarters and twenty-three perches of land, adjoining land of Theobald Endt, and Chriſtian Van Laſhet, and Germantown Main-ſtreet; late the eſtate of Jacob Ritter; ſeized and taken in execution by Joſeph Redman, late Sheriff, and to be ſold, by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

THE ADVENTURERS in PETTIE'S-ISLAND CASH LOTTERY, for NORRINGTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, &c. are hereby notified, that the Time limited for renewing their Tickets in the Second Claſs, will be expired on Monday, the 23d Inſtant; after which Time, any Tickets, not renewed, will be deemed given up, and ſold to the firſt who ſhall apply. *Auguſt* 19, 1773. ¶1w.

York-Town, July 30, 1773.

BY Virtue of ſundry Writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be ſold, by public Vendue, on the 7th Day of September next, at the Court-houſe in York-Town, A certain Plantation, and Tract of about 300 *Acres of Land, ſituate on the Eaſt Side of Codorus Creek, about one Mile from York-Town; whereon are erected a Merchant-mill and Griſt-mill, with ſeveral convenient Houſes, and a large Quantity of Land cleared, of which a Part is Meadow, and watered by a never failing Stream. Alſo, at the ſame Time and Place, will be expoſed to public Sale, A certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in York Townſhip, on both Sides of Little Codorus Creek, a Mile and an Half from York-Town, and adjoining Lands of Nicholas Debl, and the firſt deſcribed Tract; on which are erected a Saw-mill, Griſt-mill and Shelling-mill, and containing about* 140 *Acres. Likewiſe, at the ſame Time and Place, will be expoſed to Sale, A certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, containing about* 200 *Acres, ſituate on both Sides of the great Road, leading from York-Town to White's Ferry, and adjoining Lands of Herman Miller, and others; on which are a Griſt-mill, Shelling-mill, Saw-mill, and convenient Dwelling-houſes.*

And on the 8th Day of September next, at the Court-houſe in York-Town, will be expoſed to public Sale, A certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in Manchеſter Townſhip, on the Weſt Side of Codorus Creek, adjoining Lands of Robert Jones, and others, and containing about 170 *Acres, on which are erected a Saw-mill, Dwelling-houſe, and Out-houſes. Alſo, at the ſame Time and Place, will be expoſed to public Sale, a certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, ſituate in Manchеſter Townſhip aforeſaid, containing about* 250 *Acres, adjoining the Lands of Martin Eichelberger, Eſq; and others, and about two Miles from York-Town.*

And on the 14th Day of September next, on the Premiſes, will be expoſed to Sale, A certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, containing about 200 *Acres, ſituate in Chanceford Townſhip, together with the Ferry on the Weſt Side of the River Saſquehanna, known by the Name of Nelſon's Ferry.*

Alſo, on the ſaid 14th Day of September next, on the Premiſes, will be expoſed to Sale, A certain Plantation, and Tract of Land, containing about 500 *Acres; ſituate on both Sides of the great Road, leading from ſaid Ferry to York-Town and Baltimore-Town, about one Mile from ſaid Ferry, being very convenient for a Store or Tavern, whereon both have been kept for many Years. The ſeveral Tracts of Land before deſcribed were ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold, by* SAMUEL EDIE, Sheriff.

Baltimore, Auguſt 14, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, containing upwards of 500 Acres, called CHARLES's NEIGHBOUR, lying near the Upper Croſs-roads, in Baltimore County, was formerly the Eſtate of the late Edward Thorpe; it is a pleaſant and healthy Situation, very improveable, and only ſix Miles from Joppa, and 18 from Baltimore. The Terms may be known, by applying to Capt. WILLIAM CLARKE, or ¶ JAMES CLARKE.

THE PETTIE's-ISLAND LAND and CASH LOTTERY has now got on ſo good a Footing, that the Concerned, with Certainty, can aſſure the PUBLIC, the Drawing will commence on Monday, the 13th of September next; all Perſons, who have had Tickets to diſpoſe of, are requeſted immediately to return ſuch of them as remain unſold, and the Caſh for thoſe they have ſold, to enable the punctual Diſcharge of the fortunate Numbers. There are only a few Tickets upon Hands, thoſe that incline to become Adventurers are deſired to enquire at WALTER SHEE's INSURANCE OFFICE, in Second-ſtreet. *Auguſt* 16.

ABRAHAM SHELLY, Thread Throwſter,

HAS removed from Lombard-ſtreet, to Strawberry-alley, Philadelphia, where he continues to MAKE and SELL all ſorts of fine coloured THREAD, white and ſtocking ditto; as his thread is well known to be much ſuperior to that imported, and being now conveniently ſituated for city and country ſhopkeepers, he expects to carry on that buſineſs extenſively.----- He buys good light half-ſpangle linen yarn, and gives out flax to ſpin, with encouragement to good ſpinners. He has ſome choice GREEN TEA, which he will ſell cheap.

N. B. He wants an APPRENTICE LAD, who can be well recommended, to ſaid buſineſs. ‖ 5s. *Theſe.*

STOLEN, out of the ſtable of JAMES BERRY, at the Sign of WILKES, on Lancaſter road, in the night of the 8th of this inſtant Auguſt, a likely cheſtnut ſorrel MARE, about ſeven years old, trots, handgallops well, and paces a little, has a ſtar in her forehead, and ſmall ſnip, ſhod before, both her hind legs white about half way to her gambrels, two or three white ſpots on her near flank and buttock, about the bigneſs of one's finger nail, ſhe has what is called a gooſe rump, both her ſhoulders are ſcarred with drawing, and the off ſhoulder the hair is worn off a little; ſhe has a full neck, and in good order, her mane generally hangs on the off ſide, when kept in the ſtable, but when at paſture on both ſides of her neck, has a ſwitch tail. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the mare only, and reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES BERRY, or THOMAS TILBURY, in Philadelphia. §

Moyamenſing Townſhip, Auguſt 14, 1773.

WHEREAS *JOHN MARSHALL, ſome day in June laſt paſt, obtained a Note of Hand from me, the ſubſcriber, for Seven Pounds Ten Shillings, for which I was to receive a conſideration adequate; and as I have not received the aforeſaid conſideration, nor am I likely to receive any value for ſaid Note; I therefore warn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid Note, as I am determined not to pay any part of it, until compelled by law.*

WILLIAM GOLDEN.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 11, 1773.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away, about five weeks ago, from the ſubſcriber, Baker, in Lombard-ſtreet, near the New-market, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named MICHAEL NICHOLSON, he is about 18 years of age, between 5 and 6 feet high, has black ſhortiſh curled hair, is of a pretty ſlender make, and has a ſmall pock-fretten face; had on, when he went away, an oldiſh hat, a brown cloth coat, with ſpots on the back of it, green double-breaſted waiſtcoat, his ſhirt is either of check or ozenbrigs, ozenbrigs trowſers, grey thread ſtockings, and almoſt new ſhoes, with buckles of different ſorts. He may perhaps by this time have changed his name and clothes. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant lad, and brings him home, or ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward of *Forty Shillings*, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN HUBER.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the favourable Sentiments you have formerly ſhewn towards me, and being urged thereto by many reſpectable Families, I offer myſelf a Candidate for the Coroner's Office, and requeſt your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election; which Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, Your ſincere Friend, ¶ WILLIAM MAULSBY.

Philadelphia Goal, Auguſt 17, 1773.

NOW in the Goal aforeſaid, the following Runaway Servants, viz. *George Peter*, belonging to William Pharoah, York County; *Robert Armſtrong*, belonging to James Hamilton, Lancaſter County; *Eleanor Armſtrong*, belonging to William Davidſon, Cumberland County; *Henry Frazer*, belonging to one Pankes, in Frederick County; and, *John Keiff*, committed on Suſpicion of being a Runaway. Their Maſters are deſired to come, pay Charges and take them away, in three Weeks from the above Date, otherwiſe they will be ſold for their Charges. ¶

Burlington Goal, Auguſt 17, 1773.

PURSUANT to an order of two of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Burlington, notice is hereby given to the reſpective Creditors of JOHN SULLIVAN, an inſolvent debtor, now confined for debt, in the goal of the county of Burlington, that the ſaid creditors appear before Robert Smith, and Thomas Rodman, Eſquires, two of the Judges of the ſaid Court, on Saturday, the 11th day of September next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Joſeph Haight, Innkeeper, in the city of Burlington, to ſhew cauſe (if any they have) why the ſaid priſoner ſhould not be diſcharged from his impriſonment, agreeable to the directions of a late Act of the Governor, Council and General Aſſembly, of the province of New-Jerſey, paſſed in the 12th year of his preſent Majeſty's reign, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors.* §

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, or tract of land, containing 275 acres, ſituate part in the townſhip of Cheſter, and part in Chicheſter, about 3½ miles from the Borough of Cheſter; bounded part on Concord road, and a road leading to Chicheſter Meeting houſe and Marcus-hook (being formerly the plantation belonging to Jacob Howell) it is well watered and timbered, and good meadow ground may be made thereon; it is alſo very convenient for two farms, having two tenements, and a good new log barn. Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe, may have it upon very eaſy terms, by applying to the ſubſcribers, living on the premiſes, adjoining Richard Dutton's place.

Auguſt 17, 1773. WILLIAM and RALPH PYATT. ¶

Auguſt 16, 1773.

NOTWITHSTANDING an Advertiſement has appeared in the *Pennſylvania Packet*, No. 95, this Date, which has miſled the Public to believe the Drawing of the *American Flint Glaſs Manufactory Lottery* is poſtponed, for Reaſons therein quoted; yet, for the generous Adventurers Information, they may depend the Prizes are actually rolling up, purpoſely for drawing the Second Claſs next Monday, the 23d Inſtant, when it will certainly begin, on Pettie's-Iſland; and they will pleaſe to obſerve it is for promoting the Firſt and only Flint Glaſs Manufactory in this province (except the Kenſington Works) in which the Perſon who aſſumes upon himſelf the Title of (Original Manufacturer of White Glaſs in America) has no Right or Share, or any other whatſoever. A few Tickets may yet be had, if applied for in Time. 1 *W.*

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN AWAY, *laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-town, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, a ſervant man, named* PATRICK JOICE, *about* 26 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 7 *inches high, well made, much marked with the ſmall-pox, dark brown hair, ſpeaks in the Iriſh dialect; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a new fur hat, a green lappelled jacket, with ſleeves, a light coloured under waiſtcoat, old ſhirt, tow trowſers, nankeen breeches, two pair of ſhoes, and buckles. He run away before, and changed his clothes for old ones, of a different colour. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

Auguſt 16, 1773. § ISAAC WAYNE.

RUN away on Tueſday morning, the 20th of July laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Rapho townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named PIERCE MORRIS, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, of a yellow complexion, fair hair, has a pearl on one of his eyes, ſtutters in his ſpeech, has much of the brogue on his tongue, is a great chewer of tobacco, and much given to liquor; had on, when he went away, a coat and jacket, of an aſh colour, coarſe ſhirt and trowſers, and very much pitted with the ſmall-pox. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, within ten miles of Berks or Lancaſter goals, and commits him, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and if further, or in any other goal, FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Auguſt 11, 1773. ‖ WILLIAM PATTERSON.

Kent County, on Delaware, Auguſt 16, 1773.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A VALUABLE plantation, on Jones's Creek, 3 miles from Dover, containing about 450 acres of land, about 180 acres whereof are cleared and well fenced, with a good two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe thereon, kitchen, ſmoke-houſe, barn, ſtables, ſpring-houſe, and valuable orcharde. Alſo to be lett, or ſold, The Foreſt Landing, with two ſhallops, dwelling-houſe and ſtore-houſes, ſtables and other out-houſes; where may be purchaſed, large quantities of wheat, corn and ſtaves; it is well ſituated for a ſtore, where one has been kept for 20 years paſt. Alſo another tract of land, about three miles from the ſaid landing, containing about 400 acres, of which about 230 acres are cleared Land, under good Fence, and within half a mile of a good mill. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, or rent, may view the ſeveral premiſes, and be informed of the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living thereon, ‡ JONATHAN HUNN.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the Forks of Gunpowder, Baltimore county, and Engliſh convict ſervant man, named EDWARD HUMPHREYS, he pretends to be a Shoemaker, about 5 feet 11 inches high, well built, dark complexion, and dark brown hair; had on, and took with him, an ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, old check ſhirt, old ſhoes, and old felt hat; it is likely he may change his name and dreſs, and forge a paſs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have, if in the county, SIX DOLLARS, if out of the county, TEN DOLLARS, and, if out of the province, the above reward, paid by

July 30, 1773. ‖ JAMES BAKER.

NOW in the Goal of Glouceſter County, a certain HUGH M'MANAN, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, black Hair, black Beard, red Jacket, ſtriped Holland Trowſers, and ſays he is a Servant to William Beaks, of Cæcil County, Maryland. His Maſter is deſired to come, pay Coſt, and take him away, in three Weeks from this 28th Day of July, 1773.

Whitpain Townſhip, Philadelphia County, July 26, 1773.

THE Creditors of LAWRENCE REMICH, late of Whitpain aforeſaid, are once more deſired to bring in their accounts, properly proved, to the ſubſcribers, on the 20th or 21ſt days of Auguſt next; and all perſons indebted to the ſaid LAWRENCE REMICH, are once more deſired to diſcharge their reſpective debts by the ſame time, otherwiſe they will be ſued, without any further notice. CHRISTIANA REMICH, ANDREW KNOX, and SAMUEL DEHAVEN, Adminiſtrat. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

The following tracts of land, in the county of Bedford, partly belonging to the subscriber, and partly to other gentlemen for whom he is impowered to bargain, viz.

SUNDRY plantations on the waters of Wills's creek, joining the Maryland line, and near Thomlinson's mill. Sundry plantations on the waters of Dunning's creek, and south-west branch of the Frankstown branch of Juniata, from 4 to 10 miles distant from the town of Bedford: Likewise sundry plantations on Crooked creek, and Standing stone creek, from 2 to 5 miles distant from the town of Huntingdon, commonly called Standing stone on Juniata. All the lands are excellent in quality, with a sufficient proportion of plough land and meadow. Those on Crooked creek and Standing stone creek, are some of the most valuable lands that are to be purchased within the county, and the river Juniata is navigable up to them, for boats that carry from 7 to 10 Tons.-----The terms of payment will be made easy to the purchasers, and such of the lands as may not be sold, will be lett for a term of years on improvement leases. The subscriber proposes to be at Piddlehausen or Strasburg near Lancaster, on the 17th of August, at Lancaster on the 18th, at Bedford the 23d, and at Huntingdon, commonly called Standing stone, on the first Monday in September, in order to treat with purchasers, and proceed to shew the Lands to such as may be willing to contract with him. ¶ WILLIAM SMITH.

TO BE SOLD, on the very lowest TERMS, by

FRANCIS AND TILGHMAN,

At their STORE, in Chestnut-street, near the corner of Third-street, and opposite Mr. ISRAEL PEMBERTON's,

BROWN ROLLS; hemp and flaxen ozenbrigs; brown Russia sheeting; brown and white Irish ditto; brown and white quadruple silesias; broad Russia diapers; narrow white flaxen Russia linen; Russia huckaback; damask and diaper table-cloths, of all sizes; damask and diaper clouting; German dowlas; garlix; long and pistol lawns; a large assortment of cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches; humhums; yard wide, ell wide, and 6-qr. muslins; yard wide and ell wide book ditto; a great variety of printed calicoes, cottons and linens; copperplate furniture calicoes, very cheap; furniture checks; bandanoe, China, pullicat, cotton and French romal handkerchiefs; a variety of printed linen ditto; black Barcelona ditto and cravats; India persians; black, blue and cloth coloured India taffeties; mantuas; fine India nankeens; ¾, ⅞ and yard wide Irish linens; Flanders and English ticken; shaloons and rattinets; double and single worsted damasks; calimancoes, durants, tammies and dorsetteens; fine black russel; womens superfine cotton hose; mens, womens and boys thread, cotton and worsted ditto; mens beaver and white lamb gloves; womens and maids purple and white lamb gloves and mitts; ribbons; sewing silk, silk and hair, and scarf twist; Scots coloured thread; brown and white buckram; dimities and drawboys; writing paper; low priced broadcloths; Bath and beaver coating; red, scarlet, white, blue and embossed flannels; plain and napt half-thicks; strouds; striped duffils; gun-powder, shot and bar-lead; pewter; white-lead ground in oil, in kegs of 28 pounds; Spanish brown; roll brimstone; corks, wool and cotton cards, &c. &c.

N. B. A beautiful assortment of the finest light ground INDIA CHINTZ, which will be sold uncommonly low. 3m.

HAMILTON and MOORE,

Of Lancaster, take this opportunity of acquainting their friends, and the Public in general,

THAT they have removed from the house they lately lived in, to the house long occupied by the the late John Cameron, next door to the Widow Groos, where they have opened a large and neat assortment of goods, suitable to the season, which they are determined to sell upon the lowest terms; they have a compleat assortment of boulting cloths, for merchant and country work, which they will sell much lower than they have been usually sold, and warrant to be good. They also have a large assortment of sadlery, and intend to supply sadlers with every thing suitable to their business, upon the lowest terms. The friendship of the public, which they have experienced ever since their first coming to Lancaster, makes them hope for the continuance of their favours, as they make it their study to sell every article remarkably low, and shall omit nothing in their power that shall contribute to the satisfaction of their customers. They think it unnecessary to particularize their goods, and shall only say that they intend keeping a large and general assortment, and they flatter themselves that as many as have not yet dealt with them, will find upon trial that they may be supplied upon the most equitable terms. They keep wine, rum and melasses, and waggoners may be supplied with coarse and fine salt; they also have German and English steel.

N. B. HAMILTON and MOORE give the highest price for bees-wax, hemp, flaxseed in its season, country made linen, and most sorts of country produce. Tbc. 3 M.

WANTS EMPLOY,

A MAN, well acquainted in this and the neighbouring Provinces, who can give Security, if required; he would undertake to collect Debts, settle Accounts, or serve in a wholesale or retail Store, in Town or Country, and has no Objection to go abroad to any Part. Any Gentleman, Merchant, or other, will be waited on, on the shortest Notice, by applying to the PRINTERS hereof.

Goshen, Seventh Month 20, 1773.

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, late of Goshen, in Chester County, Pennsylvania, deceased, there is to be sold by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-house, in Philadelphia, on the 25th Day of the Eighth Month next, at four o' Clock in the Afternoon,

One LOT of GROUND, in Philadelphia, 82 Feet 4 Inches front, on Fifth-street, and 198 in Depth, with a two Story Brick House thereon; now in the Tenure of Jasper Carpenter.

One LOT of GROUND, in Chester, 30 Feet front on the next Street to Chester Creek, and extending into the said Creek, being a convenient Place for a Store-house and Wharff.

A Right to 250 Acres of good LAND, with a large Stone House, and Log Barn, a good Orchard, and Conveniency for Water-works thereon; situate in Pikeland, Chester County, and adjoining the Yellow Spring Place.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 156 Acres, in Newberry Township, in York County.

A TRACT of good LAND, containing 224 Acres, with a Log House, and about 15 Acres cleared, lying on both Sides of Back Creek, in Frederick County, Virginia.

A LOT, containing 9 Acres and 109 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley Township, Philadelphia County, adjoining the Land of Edward Williams and Samuel Rhodes.

A LOT, containing two Acres and 64 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley aforesaid, adjoining Thomas Musgrave and William Coulten's.

An Old Right for 250 Acres of unlocated LAND.

One Ditto for 100 Acres of unlocated LAND.

Any Persons inclining to Purchase any of the aforesaid Tracts, are desired to view and attend the Sales of the said Premises, where Attendance will be given, and the Conditions made known. by GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Estate of the abovesaid GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, deceased, either by Bond, Notes, Book Debts, or otherwise, are requested to pay the same in 3 Months from this Date, or otherwise they may expect to be proceeded against according to Law; and all Persons that have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be paid off by

GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

JULY 28, 1773.

THE generous Adventurers in the VINEYARD CASH LOTTERY are notified the Reason, why the First Class has been rather longer than expected not drawn, is occasioned for want of an Account of the Disposal of some Tickets in Virginia, Maryland, and other distant Places, which are wrote for, and from the great Encouragement the Undertaking has met with (considering the Number of Lotteries on Foot) the Drawing will certainly commence on Pettie's Island, on Monday, the 23d of next Month, as but few Tickets are undisposed of; therefore, those desirous of promoting the Design, and of taking a favourable Chance of so many high Prizes, will apply in Time---And the Proprietor of the Vineyard solicits the Company of his Friends, to see how worthy his Endeavours are of all public Encouragement.

CHOICE SHAD,

IN Barrels, nicely cured, for Family Use, and a Quantity of excellent HERRINGS, for Exportation, to be sold by

WILLIAM MILNER,

The third Door below Arch-street, in Water-street,

Where Rounds of Beef, cured in the best Manner, may be had on the shortest Notice. ‖ 6 w.

Philadelphia, July 29, 1773.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, an English servant girl, 21 years of age, named CATHERINE BALL (lately come in this country) brown skinned, black eyed, black haired, cut close off lately, with a calicoe short gown and petticoat, a straw hat, a coarse shift, and white apron; those that confine her in any goal, shall have the above reward, paid by

t. f. HENRY NEILL.

THE subscriber, having obtained patents for upwards of 20,000 acres of land, on the Ohio and Great Kanhawa, being part of 200,000 acres, granted by proclamation, in 1754, (10,000 of which are situated on the banks of the first mentioned river, between the mouths of the two Kanhawa's; the remainder on the Great Kanhawa or New River, from the mouth, or near it, upwards in one continued survey) proposes to divide the same into any sized tenements that may be desired, and lease them upon moderate terms, allowing a reasonable number of years, rent free; provided that, within the space of two years from next October, three acres for every fifty contained in each lot, and proportionable for a lesser quantity, shall be cleared, fenced, and tilled, and that by or before the time limited for the commencement of the first rent, five acres for every hundred, and proportionably, as above, shall be inclosed and laid down in good grass for meadow; and moreover, that at least fifty good fruit trees, for every like quantity of land, shall be planted on the premises.

Any persons inclinable to settle upon these lands, may be more fully informed of the terms, by applying to the subscriber, near Alexandria, in Virginia, or, in his absence, to Mr. LUND WASHINGTON; and will do well in communicating their intentions before the first of October next, in order that a sufficient number of lots may be laid off to answer the demand.

As these lands are among the first which have been surveyed, in the part of the country where they lie, it is almost needless to premise, that none can exceed them in luxuriency of soil, or convenience of situation; all of them lying upon the banks either of the Ohio, or Kanhawa, and abounding in fine fish and wild fowl of various kinds, as also in most excellent meadows, many of which (by the bountiful hand of nature) are in their present state almost fit for the scythe.

From every part of these lands water carriage is now had to Fort-Pitt, by an easy communication, and from Fort-Pitt up the Monongahela to Red Stone, vessels of convenient burthen may, and do pass continually; from whence, by means of Cheat River, and other navigable branches of Monongahela, it is thought the portage to Patowmack may, and will be reduced within the compass of a few miles, to the great ease and convenience of the settlers, in transporting the produce of their lands to market; to which may be added that, as patents have now actually passed the seals, for the several tracts here offered to be leased, settlers on them may cultivate and enjoy the land in peace and safety, notwithstanding the unsettled councils, respecting a new colony on the Ohio; and as no right money is to be paid for these lands, and a quitrent of Two Shillings, sterling a hundred, demandable some years hence only, it is highly presumable that they will always be held upon a more desirable footing, than where both these are laid on with a very heavy hand. It may not be amiss further to observe, that if the scheme for establishing a new government on the Ohio, in the manner talked of, should ever be effected, these must be among the most valuable lands in it, not only on account of the goodness of the soil, and the other advantages above enumerated, but from their contiguity to the seat of government, which more than probable will be fixed at the Mouth of the Great Kanhawa.

Mount Vernon, July 15, 1773. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

TO BE RENTED,

THE plantation whereon Mr. William Clifton formerly lived, lately possessed by Mr. Samuel Johnston, and at present in the tenure and occupation of his daughters; this plantation, or farm, is very pleasantly situated on Patowmack River, about five miles below Alexandria, and contains about 200 acres of cleared land, very good for grain of every kind, and tobacco; as also one of the largest and best springs on this side the Blue Ridge, within twenty yards of the door; it has a front upon the river of near a mile and an half, affording several good fishing landings; one of which only rented last spring, during the shad and herring season, for Twenty-five Pounds; to this belongs a well accustomed Ferry, upon the most direct road leading from Annapolis through Colchester, Dumfries, and Fredericksburg to Williamsburg; on the premises are a dwelling-house, with two brick chimnies and seven rooms, a kitchen, smoke-house, &c. GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Maryland, June 30, 1773.

RUN away, last Sunday night, from the subscriber, two convict servant men, viz. *Henry Frazer*, appears to be about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has lightish hair, full cheeks, and is a fleshy fellow; had on, when he went away, a striped shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, English shoes, worsted stockings, oldish hat, and a sailor's jacket.-------*Robert Armstrong*, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and of a lightish complexion; had on, when he went away, a claret-coloured broadcloth coat and jacket, a new hat, cut in the fashion, check shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, English shoes, plated buckles, and worsted stockings; he said that his father and mother keeps tavern in some part of England, and that he used to tend the bar of the tavern; he appeared to be well brought up. They both came in the ship Thornton, Captain John Kidd, from London. Whoever takes up the said servants, and brings them to WILLIAM PANCOAST, on Hawling's river, in Frederick county, or to their master, living about 4 or 5 miles from the Great Falls of Patowmack river, shall have FIFTEEN POUNDS reward; if confined in any goal in this province, so that they may be got again, TEN POUNDS, and reasonable charges; if taken in New-York, TWENTY POUNDS, paid by ADIN PANCOAST. §

N. B. It is likely they have parted, and that *Robert Armstrong* has got ruffled shirts, and took with him about Sixty Pounds in gold and silver, a silver watch, a woman's necklace, worth Fifty or Sixty Guineas, which have all been seen with him since he ran off; and he has changed his name, and passes by the name of *Captain Frazer*. All masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour, conceal, or carry them off, at their peril.

SEVERAL SUMS of MONEY, ready to be LENT, on *approved* real Security, either in this Province or in the Jerseys.

Borrowers may at all Times be supplied, by giving a few Weeks Notice, to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A MILL SEAT, about 18 miles from Baltimore-town, on the main Falls of Patapsco, in a fine wheat country, through which land the main road passes to Frederick county, Great and Little-Pipe-Creek, and to Marsh-Creek and Conegocheague settlements; it is likewise within 3 miles of Germantown, through which place the waggons pass from York and Cumberland counties to Baltimore. By the best judges the dam and race can be made for Seventy Pounds currency, there being on the spot great plenty of stone, timber, and a never-failing stream of water; a quantity of good land may be had adjoining, not exceeding 100 to 150 acres, as may best suit the purchaser. Every encouragement will be given to any person or persons that can come properly recommended.

To be sold likewise, Thirty-six ACRES of LAND, contiguous to and joining the pasture lots, in Baltimore-town, either in lots of one acre, or more, as may best suit the purchaser; it is very well situated for pastures, gardens, or other improvements, and may be either leased or sold out.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Baltimore county, called Mary's Victory, containing about 590 acres, 30 miles from Baltimore-town, on the main road to Frederick-town, Winchester, and the Back settlements; there is a great deal of valuable meadow ground, through which runs a fine stream of water. For terms of sale, apply to

July 20, 1773. 4w. JOHN STEVENSON.

RUN away, on the 19th of July, 1773, from the subscriber, living near Elk-Ridge Church, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, a convict servant man, named JOHN HICKINS, *about 5 feet 8 inches high, has black hair, and a very dark skin, his left eye is very remarkable, being contracted, occasioned by a wound he received; had on, and took with him, an ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a pair of blue and a pair of white breeches, a country cloth jacket, a blue German serge ditto, without sleeves, the right-hand pocket of it smells of mercurial ointment, and is greasy, a pair of old shoes, with common metal buckles, a good felt hat, and a yellow flowered silk handkerchief; it is probable he has forged a pass, and altered his name, as he has been in the country upwards of six years. Whoever takes up and brings home the said servant, shall receive, if within ten miles from home,* FORTY SHILLINGS; *if more,* THREE POUNDS; *and if out of the province, or fifty miles off,* SIX POUNDS; *and half those sums, if only secured in goal, paid by*

¶ 6 w. EPHRAIM HOWARD.

TO BE SOLD,

A DOUBLE-GEARED MERCHANT-MILL, on Difficult Run, a little below the Great Falls of Patowmack, and about 20 Miles from Alexandria, in Virginia, and about 10 Miles above the Landing-place, at the Little Falls. The Mill has been built near 4 Years, and on the best Stream in the Neighbourhood. Those who may incline to purchase are desired to apply to the Subscribers, at or near Alexandria.

¶ BRYAN FAIRFAX, WILLIAM RAMSAY.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY, last night, from Bush-town, in Baltimore county, Maryland, two convict servant men, one named WILLIAM PITT, about 47 years of age, pitted with the small-pox, about six feet high; had on, and took with him, a brown half worn surtout coat, two white shirts, an ozenbrigs frock, with buttons on the shoulder, a pair of trowsers, yarn stockings, small old felt hat, half boots, with iron plates round the heels, and a pair of old shoes, with nails in the heels, a pair of greasy leather breeches; he wears his own short grey curled hair, and speaks on the West country dialect; he says he is a Tallow-chandler and Horse-jockey. The other named EDWARD WILLIAMS, a Cooper by trade, about 40 years of age, is a down-looking stout fellow, of a dark complexion, the fore part of his head shaved, and the back part short brown hair, and speaks much on the West country dialect; had on a new felt hat, a white shirt, a white fustian frock, lined with white flannel, a brown cloth jacket, dirty coarse trowsers, yarn stockings, and half worn shoes. Whoever takes up the above servants, and secures them in any goal, or brings them to the subscribers, shall receive, if 10 miles and under 40 miles from home, FORTY SHILLINGS, besides what the law allows, and if a greater distance, the above reward, paid by

WILLIAM YOUNG, junior, RICHARD RUFF.

N. B. They have not been above four weeks in the country.

July 12, 1773. ¶

THIRTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *the 5th of January last, from the subscriber, living near Baltimore-town, two servant men, viz.* SAMUEL COWAN, *a joiner, who indented himself by that name in England, but, since his arrival here, says his name is* BOLLORD; *was born in Pennsylvania, and learned his trade in Philadelphia, where he has several brothers and sisters, a brother in Reading, and several in different parts of that province, and the Jerseys; he is well acquainted in almost every part on this continent; he is about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, is remarkably straight and well made, has black eyes, is of a fresh complexion and lively countenance, and wears black hair tied behind: Had on, when he went away, a blue napped coat, lined with white shaloon, and coarse fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, part white and part dark grey, old check shirt, leather breeches, coarse white yarn stockings, and a pair of shoes with strings in them, and nailed.* PATRICK QUINN *(Yeoman) an Irishman, about 40 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, slow of speech, has black hair, a large black beard, of a dark complexion, a thin visage, has a high thin nose, and stoops in his walk. Had on, when he went away, a coarse fulled country cloth jacket and breeches, with buttons of the same cloth, ozenbrigs shirt, black and white stockings, and a pair of shoes with strings, and nailed. They may have cut off their hair, changed their clothes, and altered their names. They are great rogues, and very artful, and will, if possible, make their escape when apprehended. Whoever secures said servants in any goal, so that their master gets them again, shall receive* Ten Pounds; *and if 50 miles from home,* Fifteen Pounds; *if 100 miles,* Twenty Pounds; *if 200 miles,* Twenty-five Pounds; *and if 300 miles, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by*

June 10, 1773. ‖ 6 *W.* SAMUEL OWINGS, *junior.*

Baltimore, June 10, 1773.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, an Irish servant lad, named MEREDITH THOMAS, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and 20 years of age, or thereabouts; he is much pitted with the small-pox; had on, when he went away, a blue napt coat and jacket, light coloured plush breeches, dark check shirt, woollen stockings, old shoes and hat: It is unknown what other things he may have taken with him: He came in the brigantine Boscawen, Captain Marshall, from Londonderry, to this place; it is supposed that he is on his way to Philadelphia, in company with a runaway fellow from Fell's-point, about his own size, who was taken up with this servant at Bush-town, were there hand-cuffed together, and made their escape with their irons on; it is probable he may change part of his cloathing. Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him home, or secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by CHARLES YOUNG.

N. B. Said servant has a forged pass, and, as he can write, he may forge one for his comrade. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour, conceal, or carry him off.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

Auguſt 25, 1773. NUMB. 2331.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 21, 1773.

BATT's Wine and Spirit Store.

ON the First Day of next Month, THOMAS BATT will open his WINE and SPIRIT STORE, in Water-ſtreet, a few Doors South of Walnut-ſtreet, where he has laid in a large and valuable Collection, viz. Old genuine Madeira, Liſbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe Wines; remarkable old Spirits, Weſt-India Rum, and Brandy; with a Quantity of excellent Claret.----He is determined to ſell any Quantity, from a Pipe to a Gallon, and to render the retailing of Liquors as compleat and convenient to the Public, as it is in the Power of Expence and ſtrict Attention to do. ¶ 3 *M.*

TO BE SOLD,

THE following TRACTS of LAND, ſituated in or near Patterſon's Creek, in Hampſhire County, Virginia, viz.

No. 1, containing 154 Acres; No. 2, containing 354 Acres; both being on a Drain of Patterſon's Creek. No. 3, containing 374 and 229 Acres, on the North Fork of Patterſon's Creek. No. 4, containing 350 Acres, on the South Branch of Patowmack, about three Miles from Col. Hite's Mill. No. 5, containing 409 Acres, on Stony Run, a Branch of Patterſon's Creek. No. 6, containing 116 Acres, on the North Fork of Patterſon's Creek. No. 7, containing 130 Acres, at the Head of Fort-Pleaſant Mill-Run. In all 2116 Acres.

Any Perſons deſirous of purchaſing Part, or all of the above-mentioned Tracts, may apply to JOSIAH HEWES, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, for further Information.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 24, 1773.

WANTED,

A GENTEEL HOUSE, 3 or 4 Rooms on a Floor, with ſuitable back Buildings, in or near this City. Any Perſon that has ſuch a Houſe to diſpoſe of, may hear of a Purchaſer, by enquiring of the PRINTERS.

Alſo a Man and his Wife, that can be well recommended for their Honeſty and Sobriety, to take Care of a ſmall Plantation, in the Northern Liberties of this City. Enquire as above. ¶

WANTED, in YORK-TOWN,

A PERSON, well qualified to keep an ENGLISH SCHOOL, that can teach the Engliſh language grammatically, can write a good hand, and is perfectly acquainted with Arithmetic. Such a perſon would meet with due encouragement; and could he alſo undertake to teach a few ſcholars the Latin language, the ſchool would ſtill be of more advantage to him. ¶

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on the firſt of September,

THE HOUSE where Mr. Henry Harper now lives, below the Drawbridge, and next Door to the Subſcriber, it is 32½ Feet on Water-ſtreet, and 20 Feet deep, with Kitchen and Cellar under the Whole; a Store adjoining, that will hold fifty Hogſheads of Rum. Enquire of

Philadelphia, Auguſt 16, 1773. HENRY NEILL.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 21, 1773.

ALEXANDER RUSSELL,
DANCING-MASTER,

WILL open SCHOOL, at the Aſſembly-Room, in Lodge-alley, Second-ſtreet, on Monday, the 13th of September next, for the Accompliſhment of young Gentlemen and Ladies in that genteel Part of polite Education. Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies, who ſhall be pleaſed to entruſt him with the Education of their Children, may be aſſured he will take particular Care of their Behaviour, as well as inſtruct them in every Branch of DANCING. He teaches the Minuet in the neweſt and moſt approved Method; likewiſe double and reverſe Minuets, Britagne, ſingle, double and triple Hornpipes, Cotilons, with a Variety of the neweſt Country Dances, as practiſed in the moſt polite Aſſemblies in Europe.

A Night Claſs will be opened for ſuch young Gentlemen as cannot attend in the Day. ¶

Auguſt 19, 1773.

AS the ſubſcriber intends removing, next October, to the Natchez, on the Miſſiſippi, he will ſell his plantation, in Bucks county, on very reaſonable terms. It contains 320 acres, whereof 250 are cleared. The whole tract has been lately fenced, chiefly with cedar rails and white-oak poſts. There are on it two bearing orchards, containing upwards of 300 trees, chiefly graſted, about 20 acres of meadow in good order, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence, about 70 acres of the arable land were manured laſt year, with mud, dung and lime, of which laſt article 50 buſhels were laid on each acre. The plantation is well watered, having a conſtant ſtream running through the meadow, a great variety of ſprings, and an excellent well and pump, convenient to the dwelling-houſe. The ſubſcriber has alſo to diſpoſe of, a variety of inſtruments of huſbandry, horſes, breeding mares, cows and hogs, 45 acres of corn, which it is thought will yield upwards of 35 buſhels per acre, four acres of buckwheat, and two of potatoes, a quantity of good hay, and other fodder, &c. On the above premiſes are a convenient dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a large garden, pretty good barn, a new cow-houſe and hay-loft, 70 feet long, an excellent cart-houſe, corn cribs and granaries, alſo a new cyder-mill and preſs.

The ſituation of the place renders it an agreeable habitation, being in a very healthful part of the country, and good neighbourhood, 31 miles from Philadelphia, 11 from Briſtol, 7 from New-town, 3 from Trenton, and 1 below Mr. Yardley's Ferry. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the above plantation, with or without the ſtock, may know the terms, by applying to Doctor WILLIAM BRYANT, near Trenton; to THOMAS YARDLEY, Eſq, or on the premiſes, to DANIEL CLARK.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Whitemarſh townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 30th day of July inſt. a ſtray brown COW, with a ſlit in her ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. CHRISTIAN STAR. ¶

STRAYED from off the Commons, a large brindled COW, with ſome white in her Face, and a white Bag and Belly. Whoever will bring her to DAVID KENNEDY, in Elbow-lane, near the Harp and Crown, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By the Ship AMELIA, *Captain* VILLENEUFVE, *arrived here from Portſmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.*

MARSEILLES, *May* 26.

WE hear from Moldavia, by the way of Kaminiec, that Major General Weiſſman had again beaten, beyond the Danube, near Babadach, a large detachment of Turks, and took one Aga and 600 men priſoners; that he afterwards directed his march towards Warna, where General Potemkin is at the head of a Ruſſian body of troops.

Kaminiec, June 7. The Ruſſians have taken 51 boats, laden with proviſions and ammunition. Not one corps of Ruſſians paſſes the Danube, without gaining ſome advantage over the Turks, whoſe courage ſeems to be greatly exhauſted. It is ſaid, that there have been already ſome mutinies in the grand army.

Warſaw June 2. The Biſhop of Poſnania, Grand Chancellor of the Crown, gave a grand ſupper, the night before laſt, of 200 covers. The entertainment had like to have been interrupted by a melancholy accident; for a Polander fired a piſtol at Prince Sapieba, General of the Artillery of Lithuania, but luckily miſſed his aim, and being on horſe-back made his eſcape. The perſon who made this attempt is not known, nor his motives for it.

The inſtructions to which the Delegates are obliged to conform, contain, among other things, that they ſhall uſe their utmoſt endeavours to engage the three Allied Powers to guarantee the provinces, which are left in the poſſeſſion of the crown of Poland, and not on any pretence whatever to form any future pretenſions to them, but, on the contrary, to acknowledge the independancy and ſovereignty of the Republic, and withdraw their troops from its territories without delay; that the commerce both by ſea and land ſhall be exempt from all duties on the part of the three powers; that the towns of Dantzic and Thorn, and their reſpective diſtricts, ſhall be expreſly diſtinguiſhed, and not comprehended among the other provinces and towns ceded; that in default of male iſſue in the houſe of Brandenburgh, the Old and New Pruſſia ſhall revert to the Crown of Poland, &c.

Prince Radzivil, Palatine of Wilda, has made over all his eſtates to his brother-in-law, and is gone to Conſtantinople, to enter into the ſervice of the Porte.

Paris, June 9. All kinds of violence are perpetrating by a gang of villains in ſeveral Cantons of the Archbiſhopric of Treves. They ſet fire to all places where they are refuſed any thing they demand. Two of their chiefs are juſt taken, and it is ſaid that they have more than one hundred accomplices.

Prodigious damages have been done by a hurricane and whirlwind in the generality of Orleans. All the houſes, and part of the church, in a ſmall village (ſituated about two leagues from the caſtle of Montague) were thrown down, many perſons killed, and others dangerouſly wounded.

June 14. They write from Saulleu, in Burgundy, that upon opening a grave in the church there, where the children of the pariſh were aſſembled, to the number of 60, to receive the firſt Communion, the vapours which aroſe proved ſo fatal, that the Curate, the Vicar, 40 Communicants, and 200 other perſons, died within a fortnight after, and many more are dangerouſly ill.

A Council of War was lately held at Breſt, by the King's order, to try Mr. de la Marteliere, a Lieutenant of a man of war, who was accuſed of quitting his cruize towards St. Domingo, where he commanded a frigate of war, and going to Jamaica to take in goods, which he ſold privately; of ſaluting the Engliſh flag to the diſhonour of that of France; and of being guilty of treating with indignity a Lady, who was a paſſenger on board his ſhip, the wife of one of the moſt conſiderable inhabitants of St. Domingo, of which her huſband made complaint to the Board of Marine, demanding ſatisfaction. In conſequence of theſe charges, the Lieutenant has been degraded, broke, and condemned to twenty years impriſonment by Monſ. D'Aché, who preſided at this Court Martial.

Amſterdam, June 16. Letters from Cadiz of the 14th of laſt month adviſe, that 12 ſea Captains, with a number of other officers of inferior rank, had received orders from Court to ſet out for Ferrol, in order to take the command of 12 ſhips of war, that are fitting out there with the utmoſt diligence. Theſe letters add, that theſe 12 ſhips are to be joined by 7 more at Cadiz, that are ready for ſea, and by 7 more at Carthagena; and that this ſquadron, which will conſiſt of 26 ſail, beſides frigates, &c. is deſtined for the Mediterranean.

Paris, June 16. His Majeſty has ordered a reſcript to be ſent to the Parliament of Bourdeaux, to take off the embargo which had been laid on proviſions deſtined for the Colonies. Many towns in our ſouthern Provinces have received orders to furniſh grain to thoſe who are in want, till it ſhall be ſeen what effect the meaſures now taking by government will have in lowering the price of bread.

An Arret of the Parliament of Paris has lately been iſſued, for an account to be laid before them of the names of ſuch Farmers, Merchants, Proprietaries, &c. who have grain in their poſſeſſion, and refuſe to ſend it to the markets; by this means they hope to learn, what quantity of grain is in hand, and whether there is ſufficient till the harveſt. If any perſons refuſe to give an account of the quantity now in their poſſeſſion, the Magiſtrates have power to enter by force, and ſee that a proper account is taken.

LONDON.

June 11. It is whiſpered, that more than two crowned heads will be preſent at the review at Portſmouth.

We hear, that the Queen's phyſicians have given it as their opinion, that her Majeſty's condition, who is in the 4th month of her pregnancy, will not admit of her being preſent at the approaching review of the fleet, without imminent danger.

The delivery of the Dutcheſs of Glouceſter was yeſterday announced to all the nobility, gentry, and great officers of ſtate in form, at St. James's, by the Lord Steward of the King's houſhold.

June 12. By many letters from Germany to commercial gentlemen in this city, we are informed, that the Emperor of Germany has put himſelf at the head of a body of 70,000 men, and has entered Turkey, by way of Hungary.

A ſcheme is talked of by government to regiſter all the ſeamen in Great-Britain and Ireland, which will be ſtrongly oppoſed by the merchants and others, as an obnoxious grievance, and what may prove detrimental to commerce in general.

June 15.

Extract of a Letter from Alleppo, March 13.

"We have juſt received letters from Cairo, of the 30th of January, which bring advice, that James Bruce, Eſq; was lately arrived in that city from one of the moſt extraordinary voyages ever undertaken by an European, in which it has often been reported he had periſhed.

"In December, 1768, he left Cairo, paſſing through Arabia Deſerta, and Arabia Felix. He embarked on the Red Sea in Auguſt, 1769, and in September arrived in a ſmall iſland on the frontiers of Abyſſinia. In November he gained an entrance into that jealous kingdom, and in February, 1770, arrived at Gondar, the capital. In November he viſited thoſe famous ſources from whence the river Nile riſes. Returning to Gondar, he ſignalized himſelf ſo greatly in two battles gained by the King over his rebellious ſubjects, that he became ſo much in favour with that young Prince, as to be refuſed all his petitions to return; but his health declining daily, at length in January, 1772, he was permitted to ſet out through Senaar. In November of that year he arrived at Barbar, the laſt inhabited by-part of that kingdom, and in 25 days croſſed the great deſart of Nubia. Here reduced to great diſtreſs, his camels all periſhing with cold, he was obliged to throw away all his drawings, papers, and inſtruments, and, deſtitute of every thing, arrived in December at a village near the cataracts at Aſſouan (Syene.) Having got freſh camels, he again returned through the deſart; and having retrieved all his papers, books, &c. he deſcended to the Nile to Cairo; of the nine ſervants which entered Abyſſinia with him, only one remaining alive.

"Mahomet, the reigning Bey of Cairo, deſiring out of curioſity to ſee him, after a long converſation, ordered him to be preſented with a purſe of ſequins, covered with fruit and flowers at the bottom of the ſtairs. Mr. Bruce took up one flower, and refuſing abſolutely the money, he was reconducted to the Bey to give his reaſons. I am, ſays he to the Bey, an Engliſhman, ſervant to a great King; it is not the cuſtom in my country to receive pecuniary gratuities from foreign Princes, without the approbation of our Sovereign. The Bey, ſtill more than ever ſurpriſed, diſmiſſed him with the greateſt marks of diſtinction."

Extract of a Letter from Stockholm, June 10.

"Notwithſtanding the prevalent report of a new league being on the tapis, between the Empreſs of Ruſſia and the King of Sweden, it is very poſitive, that ſuch a circumſtance is not likely to take place; a war between the two powers is expected, and is much more probable than the former, as it is certain the King means to renew the claim which the Swedes have on the province of Livonia, and his preparations ſpeaks he will defend it. The Empreſs is apprized of his intention, and is prepared for him at Neva, Riga, Revel, and all the other places of importance at Livonia.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, June 7.

"The grand army under the command of Count Romanzow, advanced to the Danube, but as the General expected a courier from Peterſburgh, he had not paſſed that river when the above courier was diſpatched; but Lieutenant General Weiſſman, General Potemkin, and General Suvarow, had paſſed the river in different places. General Suvarow, who had an army of 15,000 men under his command, as ſoon as he gained the oppoſite ſide of the river, attacked a Turkiſh army of 20,000 men; and when this courier ſet out, it was reported in the grand army, that he had gained a complete victory over them.

"In the afternoon another courier arrived, who confirmed the above account, and brought the following particulars; that 1500 Turks were killed in the engagement, and 5000 make priſoners of war, among whom were ſeveral Baſſas; that ten ſtandards, fifteen pieces of braſs, and ſeveral pieces of iron cannon were taken, ſome of which being too heavy, after they were rendered uſeleſs, were thrown into the Danube.

"By the gaining of this victory ſeveral Turkiſh baggage waggons, to a conſiderable amount, and about 60 veſſels on the Danube, laden with proviſions and warlike ſtores, of great value, fell into the hands of the Ruſſians. The reſt of the Turkiſh army fled into the neighbouring fortreſſes, one of which was immediately blocked up by General Suvarow, and by all appearance, after a bombardment of two or three days, will fall into his hands, as the garriſon and fugitives have already offered to capitulate. In the mean time the Ruſſians purſue the ſcattered Turks, and gain the greateſt advantages over them.

"He added, that at his departure it was reported, that General Weiſſman had attacked another Turkiſh body, commanded by the Grand Viſir himſelf; and that at the beginning of the engagement the Grand Viſir received a mortal wound, which occaſioned a confuſion in the Turkiſh army, ſo that the Ruſſians gained a compleat victory: But this requires confirmation, which we hourly expect, with the particulars of the engagement, by another Courier."

The ſubſtance of the bill relative to ſtamps on news-papers, is ſaid to be as follows, viz. "That doubts having ariſen whether the news-papers, printed on more than one ſheet and a half of paper, might not be entered as pamphlets, and pay only Three Shillings for each impreſſion, inſtead of duty chargeable on every ſheet of each copy, and certain printers and publiſhers of news-papers having encreaſed the number of ſheets on which the ſame have been printed, with an intent to evade the payment of duties, and in fraud of his Majeſty's revenue, it therefore enacts, that the acts and duties of the 11th of George I. and 20th George II. granted on news-papers, were meant, and do extend, to charge with the ſaid duties every ſheet and every half ſheet of paper, on which every news-paper, containing public news, ſhall be printed, whether they were or ſhall be contained in a greater or leſs number of ſheets or half ſheets of paper."

The following is ſaid to be the reaſon why there was no lottery this year:---A noble Lord had propoſed a lottery to ſome gentlemen, at twelve guineas per ticket for 60,000, or thirteen guineas per ticket for 50,000; they offered 12l. for 60,000, or 13l. for 50,000l. but his Lordſhip replied, it would not be worth while, unleſs he could put 150,000l. clear into the Treaſury. They, on their part, rejected it, becauſe they had only a probable profit of 4s. on each ticket, and a chance of loſing 18s. Upon this the budget was accordingly cloſed, but the day after ſome others offered to take 60,000 tickets at 12l. 8s. and it is now in agitation, if not too late, to have a lottery if poſſible.

A letter brought by the Greenwich, dated Calcutta, Dec. 8, ſays, "All our fears concerning the French are now vaniſhed; ſome of their ſhips at the iſlands are rotted, others diſmaſted, and ſeveral were wrecked in a violent ſtorm; many of their people ſtarved for want of proviſions, and the greateſt part of the ſurvivors have returned to France. Our poſſeſſions in Bengal grow more and more confirmed and ſtable, ſo that it would be a very difficult matter for an enemy to root us out."

June 16. It is reported that the Duke of G. has written a letter to the K---, in which he informs him, that "he believes he has not long to live;" and begs, as the moſt ardeat wiſh of his heart, to be reconciled to his brother, and to ſhare his affection, the little time he expects to ſurvive his preſent malady.

Extract of a Letter from Peterſburgh, June 6.

" A Ruſſian Lieutenant has juſt arrived here with a guard of 12 dragoons, from the Crimea, and brings advice, that the army which was ſent out againſt the rebellious Coſſacks, &c. has received an entire defeat near Oczakow, at the mouth of the Boriſthenes, where the Coſſacks, Ruſſians, and a number of the Crim-Tartars, had joined their forces with thoſe of the Turks, and compoſed a formidable body of 22,000 horſe and foot. The Imperial army amounted to 30,000 men, and had the advantage of ſituation; the battle was hardly fought, but the ſuperior bravery of the Coſſacks, &c. prevailed, and by this victory have regained the Crimea from the Ruſſian Empreſs."

June 24. A report prevails this morning in the city, that advice is received from Paris, that the French King lies at the point of death.

Various are the motives which are aſſigned for the King's tour to Spithead; ſome think the Miniſtry meant it as a holiday, others form the moſt gloomy notions, while a third ſett, perhaps with better reaſon, think it was intended to remove from his Majeſty an impreſſion, that his ſubjects were diſſatisfied with public meaſures, a diſſatisfaction, ſay they, which cannot poſſibly exiſt while all ranks of people are anxious to teſtify to his perſon the moſt cordial and reſpectful inſtances of duty and ſincere attachment.

A report is current at the Weſt end of the town that two perſons in high office have taken diſguſt at ſome ſuppoſed ſlights thrown upon them, at a meeting held relative to the Portſmouth buſineſs, and in conſequence have determined to reſign their poſts immediately upon his Majeſty's return.

Yeſterday ſome diſpatches arrived at St. James's from the Court of Madrid, which were ſent off by a meſſenger to his Majeſty at Portſmouth.

By letters from Peterſburgh we learn, that advices are conſtantly arriving there, of the ſucceſſes of the fleet under Count Orlow in the Mediterranean againſt the Turks.

Capt. Webb, in his letter from St. Helena to the Directors of the Eaſt-India Company ſays, " Beſides the loſs ſuſtained by the Chineſe, the Dutch Commodore from Batavia periſhed juſt beyond him, and only nine people were ſaved out of 140. She had 60,000 l. in ſilver on board, with a valuable cargo of ſpices, cloth, tin and arrack, computed in the whole at 120,000 l."

June 26. The following arrangement will certainly take place very ſoon: Lord Gower to be Firſt Lord of the Treaſury; Lord Sandwich Preſident of the Council; Duke of Grafton Firſt Lord of the Admiralty; and Lord North Privy Seal.

Private letters from Madrid intimate, that a number of eminent merchants there are upon the point of adopting a ſcheme for eſtabliſhing a Spaniſh Eaſt-India Company.

Many perſons are of opinion, that in a very ſhort time two more Eaſt-India Companies will be formed, the one by the Ruſſians, and the other by the Pruſſians.

It is reported, that in a day or two after the new Spaniſh Ambaſſador, who is very ſhortly expected in England, delivers his credential letters, he will give anſwers to ſome interrogatories lately propoſed by our Miniſtry, in reſpect to the preparations making in the ſeveral ſea-ports belonging to the Crown of Spain.

The confectioner's bill (who provided every thing for the King and his attendants, neceſſary to eat and drink) on occaſion of the Portſmouth expedition, we are well aſſured, amounts to the ſum of 7000 l.

This day arrived the mail from Flanders, but brings nothing material, excepting that the Ruſſians, by their repeated ſucceſſes, have ſo cleared the banks of the Danube of the Turks, that a body of their light troops has been thereby enabled to advance up to the very walls of Conſtantinople.

Weſtminſter, June 21. This day the Lords Commiſſioners, viz. the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, and the Earl of Briſtol, gave the Royal aſſent to the following bills, viz.---- The bill for eſtabliſhing certain rules and orders for the future management of the affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, as well in India as in Europe.----The bill to prevent paper bills of credit hereafter to be iſſued in any of his Majeſty's colonies or plantations in America, from being declared to be a legal payment, &c.----And alſo to ſuch other bills as were ready for that purpoſe.

PORTSMOUTH, June 22.

Sunday arrived here Lord Townſend, accompanied with ſeveral perſons of diſtinction; a party of Light Infantry were ſent to Portſbridge to meet his Lordſhip, and there gave him a ſalute; and the Garriſon likewiſe fired to welcome him to Portſmouth.

His Majeſty left his palace at Kew this morning at about three o'clock, and, as he approached near Portſmouth, found the roads amazingly crouded with perſons, anxious of ſeeing his Majeſty, and of teſtifying their loyalty. Mr. Barwell, of Eſher, ſaluted him as he paſſed by that place, but the cannon being old, one of them burſt, and the game-keeper of Lord Clive, who attended to aſſiſt on the occaſion, had one of his thighs and arms ſhattered in ſo terrible a manner, that his life is in great danger, which is the more to be lamented, he having a wife and a large family; a blackſmith in the neighbourhood, who came alſo with a view of being ſerviceable, was much hurt by the ſame accident.

At Poſt-Down Hill the like compliment was paid by Peter Taylor, Eſq; with ſome guns from his houſe, and his Majeſty appeared to be much delighted with his proſpect from that hill, which takes in, at one view, the Iſle of Wight, a large extent of the coaſt, the whole harbour and town of Portſmouth, and an unlimited ſpace of water.

The ſame writer mentions, that the King's chaiſe from Peterſfield was preceded by a coach, in which the Maſter of the Horſe rode, with ſome other perſon of the houſhold; and that a few Horſe-grenadiers accompanied his Majeſty on the road.

Another account ſays, that the concourſe of people was ſo great on the laſt ſtage of his Majeſty's journey, that he was detained a long time, and that at laſt a line was formed a long way before his Majeſty came to the town, the people all the way teſtifying their joy by loud acclamations, and ſhewing their reſpect by their dreſs, not a perſon mean or ſhabbily dreſſed appearing near his Majeſty.

His Majeſty ſtopped at no place on his journey but at Petersfield, where a breakfaſt was prepared; all the bells of the towns, thro' which he paſſed, were rung on the occaſion, and two guineas and a half were given to the ringers at each place.

His Majeſty was met at Green Poſt, about three miles from the town, by 14 rope-makers, dreſſed in white, who ran before his carriage to the Commiſſioner's houſe.

The above are the principal particulars, which we have been able to collect from the public prints, and the various informations we have received from different hands; the circumſtances which follow, and which are the moſt material, have been communicated to us by a gentleman, who attended officially on the occaſion, and whoſe relation may therefore be relied on.

His Majeſty was not expected here till half paſt eleven o'clock, but he arrived at half paſt ten; he was ſaluted by the firing of all the guns of the garriſon three times; he rode very ſlowly through the High-ſtreet to the Commiſſioner's houſe in the dock, that the public might be gratified with ſeeing him, where he took ſome refreſhment, and at half paſt twelve he came to the Governor's houſe, where he had a levee, at which the Corporation, in their robes, the Navy, Marine, and other Officers, together with a great number of Noblemen, Foreign Ambaſſadors, and Gentlemen, attended; the Mayor and Corporation preſented the following addreſs to his Majeſty, which was ſpoken by the Recorder, John Eames, Eſq; one of the Maſters in Chancery, and moſt graciouſly received.

" *May it pleaſe your Majeſty,*

" WE, the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgeſſes, of the town of " Portſmouth, humbly beg leave to pay our duty to your Majeſty " upon your arrival in this town; nothing can give us greater joy " and ſatisfaction, than to ſee your Majeſty ſhewing ſo much at- " tention, and doing ſo much honour to the glory and bulwark of " theſe kingdoms.---We deſire to expreſs the warmeſt affection for " your Majeſty's perſon and government, and to offer our earneſt " prayers, that the fleet may ever prove victorious under the auſpices " of your Majeſty, and your Royal Family, and redound to the " glory of the Sovereign of the Britiſh Empire."

After which he was pleaſed to confer the honour of Knighthood on John Carter, jun. Eſq; the Mayor; all the Corporation and the Commanding Officers of each corps had the honour of kiſſing his Majeſty's hand. The levee broke up at half an hour paſt one, when his Majeſty proceeded to the dock, and went immediately after on board his barge to Spithead, in the following order, viz. Lord Sandwich's barge, with the Admiralty flag flying; Vice Admiral Pye's barge, with his flag; the King in his barge, with the Royal ſtandard; the Captains of Admiral Pye's diviſion; to the right of them, Vice Admiral Lord Edgecumbe, with the Captains of his diviſion; and to the left, Rear Admiral Spry, with the Captains of his diviſion. When the King went out of the harbour, he was ſaluted by 21 guns from Blockhouſe Fort, and ſoon after by 21 guns from the Platform. When he approached the fleet, the Barfleur began the ſalute with two guns, on which all the reſt of the fleet fired each 21 guns, and as ſoon as the King got on board the Barfleur, the Royal ſtandard was hoiſted, on which all the reſt of the ſhips gave another ſalute of 21 guns each; ſoon after the King dined on board. After dinner he was ſaluted again by 21 guns from each of the ſhips. About ſix o'clock he went into his barge, attended as before, and was rowed round the whole fleet; when he paſſed each ſhip, he was ſaluted by 21 guns. As ſoon as he had reviewed the whole fleet, he went on board the Auguſta yacht, and, attended by all the Admirals and Captains boats, he ſailed into the harbour; the Admirals and Captains, leaving him at the Entrance of the harbour, returned to their reſpective ſhips. When the Auguſta yacht paſſed by South-Sea Caſtle, the Platform, and Blockhouſe Fort, ſhe was ſaluted by each. The Captains of Admiral Pye's diviſion, and the Commanding Officers of the Marines, dined with his Majeſty. His Majeſty ſeemed extremely pleaſed with his reception, and with all he ſaw. On the King's arrival, the Royal ſtandard was put up where the flag is uſually placed, and the ſoldiers of the 20th, 31ſt, 36th, and 66th regiments were drawn out, and placed along the ſtreets thro' which his Majeſty was to paſs. In the evening the houſes were illuminated all through the town.

Wedneſday.] The King did not come in town to-day. In the morning he viewed the dock. and the artificers at work, and went on board the Britannia in the harbour; about two o'clock he went, attended as yeſterday, on board the Barfleur, where he dined; as ſoon as he got out of the harbour, he was ſaluted by Blockhouſe Fort and the Platform as yeſterday, and when he was ſeen coming out of the harbour by the fleet, the ſhips ſaluted him with 21 guns each, and during the firing, and before the ſmoke was diſperſed, five of the men of war were dreſſed in colours of different nations, which appeared as ſoon as the ſmoke went off, and made a moſt ſuperb appearance. As ſoon as the King got on board the Barfleur, the different ſhips ſaluted him again with 21 guns. After dinner the ſhips ſaluted three times, and about eight o'clock he got on board the Auguſta, and ſailed about Spithead, but, as it grew calm, between eight and nine o'clock he got on board his barge, and returned into the harbour, attended by all the barges, and was ſaluted by the different forts he went by as before; when his Majeſty came near the men of war yeſterday and to-day they were all manned.

Thurſday.] About ſix o'clock in the morning the King went to view the gun-wharff, and ſoon after reviewed the regiments quartered here in the dock, but no one has been admitted there, ſince the King's arrival, except the Officers and workmen, the Captains in commiſſion, and a few others; he afterwards went to ſee the brewery near Goſport, and at half paſt 12 had a levee at the Governor's houſe, which laſted near an hour; he then returned to the dock, and, though it rained a good deal, went in his barge to Spithead, attended as before, and was ſaluted by the forts, batteries and fleet; when he came on board the Barfleur, he promoted Vice Admiral Pye to be Admiral of the Blue, on which he hoiſted his flag at the mainmaſt-head of the Royal Oak; after dinner, the weather clearing up, his Majeſty went on board the Auguſta yacht, and ſailed about Spithead, and returned into the harbour about eight o'clock.

Admiral Pye, Admiral Sprye, and their Captains Vernon and Knight, and Captain Bickerton, were created Knights Bannerets under the Royal ſtandard; Commiſſioner Hughes is to retire with a penſion, and Captain Gambier is to be Commiſſioner of the dock-yard.

Friday.] About ſix o'clock his Majeſty went to view the new works, and afterwards came into the town, and went all round the walls, and about eight o'clock he went to the fleet, attended and ſaluted as before; he went afterwards on board the Auguſta yacht, and, together with Lord Edgecumbe (who he this day promoted to be Vice Admiral of the White) and his ſquadron, conſiſting of ſix ſhips of the line, ſailed about ſix or ſeven leagues off; they all afterwards returned, and anchored at St. Helen's Road, where the King dined; after dinner he ſailed about Spithead, and at eight o' clock anchored near a mile from the mouth of the harbour, where he remained till half an hour after nine; at which time the guns round the garriſon, with the regiments of foot and marines, who were placed round the walls, fired a *feu de joye*, which made a very pretty appearance; ſoon after his Majeſty came into the harbour, and retired.

About eight o'clock the King received the Captains and Firſt Lieutenants of all the men of war on board his yacht, which lay at anchor off South-Sea Beach, and they took their leaves of his Majeſty, and all had the honour to kiſs his hand.

Saturday.] The King ſat out from the dock-yard about ſeven o'clock this morning, attended by a party of horſe-grenadier guards and of horſe guards, who left him juſt without the gates; and another party ſet out with the King from thence, who were to be releaſed at proper diſtances, as when he came down; he was alſo conducted from the dock out of the bounds of the town by all the workmen of the dock, with boughs in their hats, who huzza'd him as he went along, all which, together with a great concourſe of ſpectators, made a moſt delightful appearance; the ſtreets were all lined with ſoldiers; as ſoon as he entered the town from the dock, the guns of the garriſon began to fire, and fired three times round, as alſo Blockhouſe Fort and South-Sea Caſtle. His Majeſty gave a holiday to all the workmen of the dock, and a week's pay. He was alſo pleaſed to create Commiſſioner Hughes a Baronet.

His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to order the following ſums to be diſtributed, viz.

To the artificers, workmen, and labourers of the Dock-yard, Victualling-Office, and Gun Wharff, 1500 l.

To the companies of the Barfleur and Auguſta yacht, and the crew of his Majeſty's barge, 350 l.

To the poor of Portſmouth, Portſea, and Goſport, 250 l.

His Majeſty was alſo pleaſed to make ſome other ſmaller gratuities; and to releaſe the priſoners, confined in Portſmouth goal for debt.

Words cannot poſſibly deſcribe, nor any idea in the leaſt degree equal, the grandeur of this review. Twenty capital ſhips of the line, beſides frigates, with a great number of yachts, boys and pleaſure-boats, ſuppoſed to be above 300, all highly decorated, made a moſt pleaſing and magnificent appearance, and the diſcharge of the cannon had a moſt awful effect.

The neighbouring ſhores near Portſmouth, Goſport, and in the Iſle of Wight, were lined with ſpectators, and when his Majeſty walked in public, it was impoſſible to repreſs the ardour all ranks of people expreſſed to ſee him.---If any thing can poſſibly exceed the beauty of the ſight, it muſt be the very ſenſible pleaſure which every loyal ſubject muſt have felt, from the evident marks of ſatisfaction which his Majeſty expreſſed at the reſpect with which he was received. To the numerous huzzas which followed him, whether on ſhore or in his barge, he made the moſt polite and condeſcending returns.---One univerſal joy ſeemed to poſſeſs every countenance, from the King himſelf to the meaneſt beholder, and the Heavens appeared to favour the proceedings by the fineneſs of the weather.

Tueſday evening the Jews Synagogue was illuminated and ornamented within with flowers, &c. when the Jews all aſſembled, and prayed for his Majeſty and the Royal Family, and ſung ſeveral pſalms, and an acouſtic ode on his Majeſty, wrote on the occaſion, accompanied with muſical inſtruments, till ten o'clock, when they went in proceſſion from the Synagogue towards the dock, each with a wax taper, ſinging *God ſave the King*, accompanied with muſical inſtruments. The prayers continued every evening during his Majeſty's ſtay.

By Captain BROWN, *arrived at New-York from London, but laſt from Plymouth, we have the following further Advices, viz.*

LONDON, July 1.

THIS day his Majeſty went to the Houſe of Peers, made a ſpeech to both Houſes, and put an end to the preſent ſeſſions of Parliament. His Majeſty's ſpeech was ſubſtantially as follows.

" *My Lords and Gentlemen,*

" I cannot cloſe this ſeſſion of Parliament, without returning you my hearty thanks for the great care, aſſiduity and perſeverance, which you have ſhewn on all occaſions. The war which ſtill ſubſiſts between the Ruſſians and the Turks, both of which I am cloſely connected with, though under no immediate promiſe, gives me great uneaſineſs.

" *Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,*

" I heartily thank you for the ſupplies you have ſo chearfully granted on all occaſions, and likewiſe for the ſteady perſeverance you have ſhewn in the buſineſs of the India Company, who are relieved; and at the ſame time am glad to inform you, that notwithſtanding the vaſt expences of the year, ſome of the national debt is leſſened.

" *My Lords and Gentlemen,*

" It ſhall be my chief ſtudy to preſerve the general tranquility of my kingdom, and the rights with which I am entruſted."

Sir Fletcher Norton made a long ſpeech to the Throne, informing his Majeſty, that the Houſe of Commons had done all that lay in their power, though not ſo much as they wiſhed, for the relief of the India Company.

The following piece of intelligence is an extract from a letter from on board the Lord Cambden Eaſt-Indiaman, lately arrived from China:

" As we left the Cape of Good-Hope, we met two Dutch men of war bringing in a pirate, which proved to be the Aurora Engliſh frigate, with part of her crew, who had murdered the Captain and all the officers, and ran away with the ſhip." It is upwards of four years ſince the Aurora, with the ſupervifors on board, ſailed from Portſmouth.

Extract of a Letter from Conſtantinople, May 29.

" A Raguſan ſloop of war, in the ſervice of the Porte, is juſt arrived here from the Palus Mæotis, or the ſea of Aſoph, and brings the following account of the ſucceſs which the Turkiſh fleet met with, under the command of the Sieur Bordſchaffe. On the 10th of laſt month the Turkiſh fleet paſſed the Streights of Caffa, in purſuit of the Ruſſians, who had taken a large number of Turkiſh veſſels in the Black ſea, which they had lodged in the harbour of Caffa, and were proceeding to Aſoph. On the 16th four gallies, which were about a league and a half a-head of the fleet, fell in with a Ruſſian ſhip of twenty guns, and five ſail of tranſport-ſhips, which were following the reſt of the fleet at about two leagues diſtance. The frigate immediately attacked the gallies; but was warmly received by them, and held in play till the reſt of the Turkiſh ſquadron began to appear; when after firing a ſingle broadſide ſhe ſtruck, and was immediately taken poſſeſſion of by the foremoſt galley, as were the tranſports (except one) by the other gallies. Zeffece Bey, underſtanding the ſuperior part of the Ruſſians was yet a-head, crouded all his ſails to get up with them, which was ſoon effected, as the tranſport which eſcaped, being a ſwift ſailer, had given them notice, and they were laid a-back to receive him. The engagement then began; the Turkiſh force, conſiſting of two ſhips of 40 guns each, three Raguſan frigates of thirty each, two large xebeques mounting 16 guns each, four ſloops, and eight gallies. The Ruſſians had one ſhip of 50 guns, four of 36, and ſeveral ſloops. The battle was fought bravely on both ſides, and ſeemed to incline towards the Ruſſians, but an unfortunate accident turned it in favour of the Turks; the 50 gun ſhip by ſome misfortune took fire, and was drove in amongſt the Ruſſian frigates, where ſhe blew up, and occaſioned the greateſt confuſion, which the Turks taking the advantage of, boarded and took with little reſiſtance. Two of the frigates, and three ſloops, with the frigate taken before, and the four tranſports, made ten ſail taken; the reſt, as night then came on, made their eſcape by its favour. This victory is of much conſequence, as it again puts the Turks in poſſeſſion of the town of Aſoph, and the Palus Mæotis, which have been for ſome time uſurped by the Muſcovites."

The King has ſettled 20 l. a year on the unfortunate ſailor, that loſt both his hands on board the Boyne man of war on Thurſday laſt at Spithead.

The King, on board the Barfleur, intimated a deſire to ſee a certain brave ſea officer, who was lame. The Admiral ſent a meſſenger to intimate the King's deſire to the Captain: He modeſtly begged leave to decline the honour, as he muſt approach his Majeſty very aukwardly, being hoiſted on board. The King very kindly ſaid, " Let him but come, I ſhall be glad to ſee him any how."

When the French and other foreign Miniſters attended his Majeſty's Levee at Portſmouth, he told them, he ſhould be very glad to ſee them afloat, but put them in mind, that he was no more than a viſitor himſelf, and a gueſt of the Admiral; Lord Sandwich would take care to entertain them, for a King of England muſt never ſpeak French when on board his fleet.

The French Ambaſſador obſerved at Portſmouth, that he had now ſeen two of the fineſt ſights in the world, " The King of Pruſſia at the head of his army, and the King of England at the head of his fleet.

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) Auguſt* 2.

For ſeveral weeks paſt, and even to the middle of the laſt, we had ſuffered the moſt gloomy apprehenſions of a general loſs of grain and roots, in ſhort of almoſt every vegetable, throughout this great proviſion country, which ſupplied ſo many others. The great drought in the year 1752, which was ſucceeded by two terrible hurricanes, in the month of September, was not ſo alarming as the proſpect here a week ago. The want of water had not been equalled in the memory of the oldeſt man living: In ſome parts of the country, abundance of cattle had periſhed for want of it----in many plantations the people had been obliged to dig for, and even ſet guards over it, that it might not be waſted---in others, to drive their creatures daily three miles to drink. The leaves had fallen from the trees as in autumn, and the plants and graſs in many places were ſo dried, that there are to this day unextinguiſhed fires, by the accidental fall of ſparks from Negroes pipes. Hell Hole Swamp, never before known to be dry, had been continually burning for ſome time.---Travellers on the roads could not procure water for their horſes, nor drivers for the neceſſary ſupply of cattle for our common ſubſiſtance. Many mills had been ſtopt working, and large quantities of flour, corn, &c. were prevented being brought down by the lowneſs of Santee river; and here in town, moſt of the wells had failed to yield their ſupplies, for the common uſe of families: In ſhort, never were the people in general ſeen more dejected. But, ſince laſt Thurſday, it hath pleaſed the Almighty to change the proſpect greatly; abundant ſhowers have fallen, and they have been ſo general, that we may now almoſt flatter ourſelves, the great crop of rice, which has been planted, at leaſt, may be ſaved.

BOSTON, *Auguſt* 16.

We have this Moment (Ten o'Clock) received the following Account from Almſbury, near Newbury-Port, by a Gentleman juſt come to Town from thence: That on Saturday laſt, about Nine o'Clock in the Morning, a moſt violent Gale of Wind, or rather Hurricane, happened at that Place; the Particulars of this Affair, ſo far as our Informant could collect, are as follow: The Wind being at that Time at S. E. ſoon ſhifted to almoſt every Point of the Compaſs, blowing with the greateſt Violence about ten Minutes: In its Courſe, which it is imagined reached about Half a Mile in Circumference, it took a large new Warehouſe and Barn entirely off their Cills, carrying the Boards, &c. near the Diſtance of a Mile; Capt. Smith, belonging to Beverly, being in the Warehouſe at the Time, was carried a conſiderable Diſtance, and found among the Rubbiſh, bruiſed in ſuch a terrible Manner, that it was

thought he would not recover. It moved from their Stocks two large Veſſels, which were building at that Place, near twenty Feet. Another Veſſel coming up Almſbury River was diſmaſted, blown aſhore, and otherwiſe much damaged, but the Men belonging to her with the greateſt Difficulty eſcaped being drowned. It likewiſe blew down ſeveral Blackſmiths Shops, and carried off the Tops of a great Number of Chimnies; by the falling of which, and by the Boards, Shingles, &c. many Perſons were much hurt, but do not learn that any Lives were loſt. Great Numbers of Apple-Trees, &c. were blown up by the Roots, and carried to an amazing Diſtance, and the Fences in its Way were all levelled to the Ground.

NEW-YORK, Auguſt 23.

On Tueſday arrived the Snow Favourite, Capt. Thomas Fiſher, in 9 Weeks and 2 Days from White Haven, having on board from North-Britain 140 Paſſengers, intending to ſettle in this Colony; they are moſtly young, and all remarkably healthy well looking People, having had neither Sickneſs nor Death on the Voyage, except a young Child, who was ill before it came on board.

In the Groſvenor came Paſſengers the Hon. JOHN PENN, Eſq; Governor of Pennſylvania, and his LADY, JOHN ALLEN, Eſq; Mr. BREMNER, and Captain JOHN RIDDLE, of Philadelphia; Captain HALLEY, Agent for the New-Hampſhire Claimants, and ſome others.

The Governor, on his Landing, was ſaluted by a Diſcharge from the Cannon on our Battery.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 25.

We hear the Honourable JOHN PENN, Eſq; and his Lady, are expected in Town from New-York, on Saturday next.

On Monday, the 16th Inſtant, Maſter PHINEAS SMITH, a Child of about 6½ Years old, the fourth Son of the Rev. Dr. SMITH, was unhappily drowned near one of the Wharffs of this City, not having been many Minutes gone from Home before the Account of his Death was brought back. It is ſuppoſed that following the Example of ſome other Boys, he had gone into the River with a View to ſwim; for his Cloaths were found lying in the Stern of a Boat, carefully wrapped together, with his Shoes in the Pockets. He was ſeen by ſome Children, juſt as he was going to ſink, who gave the Alarm, but too *late to ſave him!* He is ſaid to have been a Child of a ſprightly, amiable and promiſing Diſpoſition, and the Loſs of him muſt be very afflicting to his affectionate Parents. His Body could not be found till Thurſday laſt, when it was taken up on the Jerſey Shore, and afterwards interred in Chriſt Church Burying-ground; his Father, who received the Account of his Death at Lancaſter, having juſt returned Time enough to ſee him laid in the Grave! It would be happy if elder Boys, who can ſwim, would always diſcourage Infants from venturing in (or would inform their Parents when they attempt it) till they are of an Age fit to learn that uſeful and manly Exerciſe.

Captain Mitchell, from Newfoundland, on the 9th Inſtant, in Lat. 39: 17, Long. 68: 30, ſpoke a Schooner, from Rhode-Iſland for Teneriffe, out 4 days, all well.

Captain Cox, from the Grenades, on the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 27: 25, Long. 67: 54, ſpoke a Sloop, from Barbados for New-Haven, out 4 Days.

Captain Villeneufve, from Portſmouth, on the 11th ult. in Lat. 43, Long. 17: 30, ſpoke with Captain Stout, belonging to New-York, bound from St. Lucar for Falmouth, who had ſprung the Head of his Foremaſt, 16 Days out.

Captain Burrows, from Liverpool, on the 31ſt ult. in Lat. 39: 26, Long. 62, ſpoke a Snow, from Quebec for Dominica, out 21 Days; on the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 39: 14, Long. 61: 8, ſpoke the Ship Marlborough, Captain Quinney, from Virginia for Liverpool, out 10 Days; and on the 7th, in Lat. 39: 20, Long. 67: 55, he ſpoke the Ship Jenny, from Virginia for Glaſgow.

Captain Snowden, from Alicant, on the 2d Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 41, Long. 67, ſpoke with Captain Gelia, in a Brig, from New-York for Madeira, 9 Days out; 7th, in Lat. 38: 40, Long. 66, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Noble, from Virginia for Glaſgow, 10 Days out; 11th, in Lat. 39: 40, Long. 70: 30, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Armſtrong, from this Port for Liverpool, out 3 Days; and on the 14th, in Lat. 39: 49, Long. 73, he ſpoke a Sloop, from New-York for the Coaſt of Africa, 3 Days out, all well.

Captain Puller, arrived at New-York from Newfoundland, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 38, Long. 71, ſpoke the Schooner Amelia, Captain Barry, from this Port for St. Chriſtophers, all well.

Captain Curtis, from Jamaica, alſo arrived at New-York, on the 5th Inſtant, in Lat. 23: 7, ſpoke the Ship Weſt-Indian, Captain Stimpſon, from Jamaica for London, 14 Days out; and on the 16th, he ſpoke the Ship Rachel, Captain Albro, from this Port for Cadiz, out two Days.

Saturday laſt the Ship Sally, Captain Oſman, arrived here from Rotterdam, but laſt from Cowes, with Germans.

Captain Bedlow, from St. Croix, on the 15th Inſtant, in Lat. 35, Long. 71: 30, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Powers, from Barbados for this Port.

We hear that four Perſons were tried and condemned laſt Week in New-Jerſey, for counterfeiting the Currency of that Province.

*** The Members of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are requeſted to meet this Evening, at 7 o'Clock, by Adjournment, on particular Buſineſs. *Auguſt* 25, 1773.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, and Sloop Kingſton, J. Clifton, from Grenada. Brig Delaware, J. Smith, St. Martins. Brig Sophia, S. Snowden, Alicant. Brig Unity, W. Price, Jamaica. Schooner Polly, R. Inkſon, Canſo. Brig Peggy, W. Mitchell, Newfoundland. Sloop Induſtry, C. Gall, N. Carolina. Sloop Betſy, V. Wightman, Rhode-Iſland. Sloop Bentham, R. Alberſon, New-York. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Maſon, South-Carolina. Brig Sam, J. Burrows, Liverpool. Ship Amelia, G. Villeneufve, from New-Caſtle on Delaware.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Hannah, J. Smith, St. Croix. Brig Sally, J. Shields, Brig Sally, A. Hunter, and Sloop Speedwell, T. Barnard, Jamaica. Ship Commerce, A. Henderſon, and Brig Colony, W. Hayman, Newfoundland. Sloop Betſy, V. Wightman, for Rhode-Iſland.

CLEARED. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, Cadiz. Ship Fame, J. Duncan, Liſbon. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Sloop Hope, J. Caſwell, New-England. Sloop Succeſs, J. Eve, Virginia. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, and Brig Harmony, E. Bingley, Maryland. Schooner Kingſton, R. Patterſon, and Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Jamaica. Sloop Adventure, W. Carliſle, Dominica. Ship Hannah, J. Mitchell, Cork. Sloop Induſtry, C. Gall, N. Carolina. Schooner Catherine, J. Huſton, to Halifax.

The MEMBERS of the
ST. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, at the Houſe of JOHN LITTLE, the Sign of the Indian Queen, in Fourth-ſtreet, on *Tueſday* next, the 31ſt of *Auguſt*, at Seven o'Clock in the Evening. JAMES MILLIGAN, Secretary.

Burlington, Auguſt 23, 1773.

THE Annual MEETING of the CORPORATION *for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen, in the Communion of the Church of England, in America*, is to be held at the City of New-York, on the Fifth Day of October next, being the Firſt Tueſday after the Feaſt of St. Michael.

§ JONATHAN ODELL, Secretary.

Auguſt 20, 1773.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle county, a large black MARE, 5 years old laſt ſpring, nearly 16 hands high, a large ſtar in her forehead, one of her hind feet white, a ſhort neck for a creature of her ſize, half the mane of her near ſide ſtands up, occaſioned by its being cut off ſome time ago, ſhod before, not branded. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR POUNDS for the mare only, paid by MOSES FORMAN. ¶

BY THE HONOURABLE
RICHARD PENN, Eſq;
Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle, Kent* and *Suſſex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a great Number of Bills, *printed* in the Form, Similitude and Likeneſs, of the true and genuine Bills of Credit of this Province, of the Denominations of *Three Pounds*, and *Thirty Shillings*, dated the Firſt Day of *March*, 1769, have been forged and counterfeited, and are now circulating in this City and Province, to the great Prejudice of His Majeſty's honeſt and liege Subjects: AND WHEREAS it is of the greateſt Importance to the Trade and Commerce of this Province, that the Credit of all ſuch Bills as have been emitted by Law, ſhould be ſupported and preſerved, and that the Forgers and Counterfeiters of them ſhould be diſcovered, and brought to condign and exemplary Puniſhment: I HAVE therefore thought fit, with the Advice of the Council, to iſſue this Proclamation, hereby promiſing and engaging, that the public Reward of *FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS*, ſhall be paid to any Perſon or Perſons, other than the Accomplices, who ſhall diſcover the Author or Authors of the ſaid Forgeries, ſo that he or they be apprehended and brought to Juſtice. AND I DO alſo hereby promiſe the public Reward of *TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS*, as well as His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon, to any one of the Perpetrators of the ſaid Forgeries, who ſhall make Diſcovery of one or more of his Accomplices, ſo that he or they be proſecuted to Conviction. AND I DO moreover hereby ſtrictly charge, enjoin and require, all Magiſtrates, Sheriffs, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majeſty's liege Subjects within this Province, to exert themſelves, and uſe their utmoſt Endeavours, to diſcover and bring to Juſtice all Offenders in the Premiſes.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Philadelphia, *the Nineteenth Day of* July, *in the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-three, and in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, and ſo forth.*

RICHARD PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *jun. Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 21, 1773.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS is to give Notice, that on Wedneſday laſt a Warrant was iſſued, by one of the Supreme Judges of this Province, againſt a certain JOSEPH RICHARDSON, otherwiſe called Capt. JOSEPH RICHARDSON, late of this County, to apprehend him upon a Charge made on Oath, that he is one of the Perſons concerned in forging and counterfeiting the 3*l.* and 30*s.* Bills of Credit of this Province: In Conſequence of which the Sheriff's Officers beſet his Houſe for ſeveral Hours, and uſed their utmoſt Endeavours to take him, but without Effect, the ſaid Richardſon having loaded Piſtols and other Arms in his Houſe, put them to Defiance until Night, when he made his Eſcape out of a ſmall Window at the Back of his Houſe, and got clear off to a Horſe prepared for him at a ſhort Diſtance. The ſaid Richardſon is a middle-aged Man, ſix Feet one or two Inches high, fair Complexion, light brown Hair, a well made ſtout active Man, well dreſſed, and mounted on a ſtout likely Horſe. It is hoped, that all his Majeſty's good Subjects will uſe their beſt Endeavours to ſecure this very dangerous Man, on whoſe Conviction they will, no doubt, be entitled to the Reward in the above Proclamation.

TO BE SOLD,

On the 10th day of September, by public vendue, at the LONDON COFFEE-HOUSE,

A HOUSE and LOT, in Second-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet, ſubject to a groundrent of Three Pounds per annum, being 15 feet 9 inches front, and 100 feet deep, three ſtories high, with a convenient back building, two ſtories high; alſo a wooden building, two ſtories high, on the back part of the ſaid lot, having an alley four feet wide out into Arch-ſtreet, the privilege of which is alſo to be allowed to a houſe and lot in Arch-ſtreet, belonging to Sarah Cheeſeman. The above deſcribed houſe and lot to be ſold by SARAH CHEESEMAN, Executrix, and JOHN CONDURN, Executor, for the eſtate of Samuel Cheeſeman.

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are once more deſired to pay off their reſpective accounts to the above ſubſcribers.

WHEREAS ſundry Inhabitants of Windſor, in the County of Middleſex, preferred a Petition to the Honourable Houſe of Aſſembly of the Province of New-Jerſey, at the laſt Seſſion, praying a Law to clear Aſſanpink Brook, from the Province Line to the Land of John Ely. The Houſe thereupon ordered, that the Petitioners have Leave to bring in a Bill at the next Seſſion, they giving ſix Weeks Notice in the public News-papers of their intended Application. Now this is to give Notice, that the Petitioners aforeſaid intend to apply to the Houſe of Aſſembly, at the next Seſſion, for the Law above-mentioned. *Auguſt* 9, 1773. ¶

Philadelphia, July 16, 1773.

THE partnerſhip of Hewes, Price and Leahy, diſſolving this day, all perſons indebted thereunto, are requeſted to make a ſpeedy payment, in order to prevent any unneceſſary trouble; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their accounts, when they will be immediately ſettled, by HEWES, PRICE and LEAHY. ¶

To be SOLD,

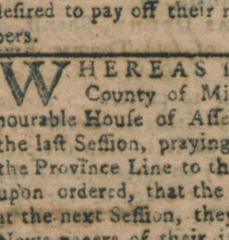
THE late dwelling plantation of WILLIAM OTTEY, Eſq; deceaſed, ſituate within nine miles of Baltimore-town, near three good merchant-mills, and on the main road from Frederick and Wincheſter-towns to Baltimore, contains about 800 acres, 200 of which are cleared, and ſome meadow made; there is a large tract of wood land, belonging to the Baltimore Company, adjoining this tract, which will always afford a great plenty of food for all kinds of ſtock. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion. Time will be allowed for one half the purchaſe-money, on paying intereſt. For terms, apply to WILLIAM LUX, and BOWLY, Merchants, in Baltimore-town, or to

July 24, 1773. ANN OTTEY, Heir at Law.

N. B. The remaining part of the above tract is alſo to be ſold, it contains 800 acres, a clear title; WILLIAM LUX, and BOWLY, will ſhew the land, and contract with a purchaſer, on behalf of EDWARD COOK. ¶

AUGUST 25, 1773.

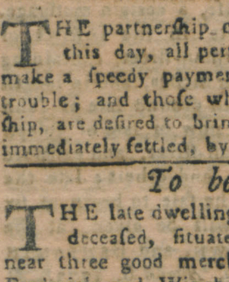
For LIVERPOOL,
The Brigantine SAM,
JOHN BURROWS,
MASTER;



WILL ſail in ten Days. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's Wharff, or to
BARCLAY & MITCHELL.

N. B. A few Tons of very fine KENNEL COAL to be diſpoſed of from on board ſaid Brig.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)
THE BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
THOMAS MASON, MASTER,



HAS excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail in ten Days, the chief Part of her Cargoe being ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to WILLIAM FISHER, and SON, or ſaid Maſter. *Auguſt* 24.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

HAVING been voted on the Return for many Years paſt, with my late Friend Caleb Caſh, now deceaſed, for the Office of CORONER, I take this Opportunity to ſolicit your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, for that Office, which ſhall be gratefully acknowledged by, your Friend,

JOHN LUKENS.

SAMUEL GARRIGUES,
CLERK of the MARKET,

HATH removed from Cheſtnut-ſtreet into Market-ſtreet, the ſecond Houſe from the Corner of Third-ſtreet, and directly oppoſite the Meal-market, where he has for Sale, a general Aſſortment of Scales, Scale-beams, Weights and Meaſures, &c. regulated according to Law.

N. B. A Stable and Chaiſe-houſe, conveniently ſituate in Carter's-alley, to be LETT. *S. G.* ¶

Philadelphia, Auguſt 18, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

EIGHT Hundred and ſixty-four ACRES of LAND, ſituate on the river Delaware, at Monongohunck, in Oxford townſhip, Suſſex county, in the province of Weſt New-Jerſey. This tract conſiſts of as good land as any in that part of the country, and has on the part of it which lies on the river a quantity of rich bottom land. There are three ſettlements in proper parts of the tract, accommodated with log-houſes, barns, orchards, and other conveniencies; ſo that the whole may be divided into 3 plantations. It is well watered, Pequeſt creek, Beaver brook, and ſeveral other conſtant ſtreams running through it. Part of the tract is lime-ſtone land. The ſituation is very convenient on account of water-carriage, as wheat may be tranſported to Philadelphia at little more than Seven-pence per buſhel. The ſubſcriber attends at Eaſton, in the province of Pennſylvania, every court, where, or in Philadelphia, he may be treated with as to the terms of ſale. The whole will be ſold together.

Alſo, to be ſold, a tract of 150 acres of land, ſituate on Codorus creek, in the county of York, in the province of Pennſylvania, about ſix miles from York-town. There is an excellent mill-ſeat on this land, and a quantity of bottom which may be converted into meadow. Apply to SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Eſq; in York-town.

Likewiſe, to be ſold, two lots of ground in the city of Philadelphia, the one ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets, adjoining Samuel Powel, Eſq; containing in Front 49½ feet, and in depth 199½ feet; the other, ſituate at the corner of Pine and Second ſtreets, near the New-Market; containing 60 feet on Pine, and 72 feet on Second-ſtreet, having a brick tenement erected thereon.

Perſons deſirous of removing into the back part of Pennſylvania, may purchaſe ſundry tracts of very fine land, which the ſubſcriber has for ſale, in Cumberland and Bedford counties. For terms apply to RICHARD PETERS, junior.

TANTON FORGE.

TO BE SOLD, that valuable forge, called TANTON, with the tract of land belonging thereto, containing about 1500 acres, the greateſt part of which is well timbered; it is ſituate in Burlington county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 16 miles from Philadelphia, and about 6 miles from a landing on Ancocus Creek; there are on the premiſes a ſmall furnace, with bellows, &c. compleat; the forge has three fires, in good order, and are both on an excellent ſtream of water; there is a good dwelling-houſe, with other convenient out-buildings for the workmen, and a coal-houſe that will contain 400 loads of coal; about 15 acres of land cleared, on part of which is a young orchard, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow may be made at an eaſy expence. With the forge will be ſold, the privilege of getting iron ore, which may be had in great plenty within about three miles of the forge, and alſo the privilege of getting wood off of ſundry tracts of land adjacent. Any perſon inclining to view the premiſes, may apply to CHARLES READ, jun. at Ætna, who will alſo inform them of the terms, or to DANIEL ELLIS, Eſq; at Burlington, or THOMAS FISHER, at Philadelphia.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Saturday, the 4th day of September next, at one of the clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

FIVE ACRES of good LAND, ſituated in Lampeter townſhip, Lancaſter county, with a tan-yard and about 30 vatts, a good dwelling-houſe, barn, good bark-houſe, bark-mill and mill-houſe, beam-houſe, a brick lampblack-houſe, and a quantity of good bark, and every thing in good order for extenſively carrying on the tanning buſineſs; alſo a good bearing orchard of about 100 trees, of the beſt kind of fruit, in a fine ſettlement, on the great road to Philadelphia, two miles from Lancaſter, well known by the name of Webb's tan-yard, and perhaps the beſt ſituation for that buſineſs of any within many miles. The title indiſputable, and the terms of ſale will be made known on the day of ſale, by

Auguſt 16, 1773. RUDOLPH HAUB. §

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Cumra townſhip, in the county of Berks, containing in the whole 170 acres, 80 acres of which are already cleared, and fit to receive grain, excluſive of nine or ten acres of good valuable meadow, to which about twelve acres or more may be added; there are on the premiſes a good dwelling-houſe, with convenient barns and ſtables, and an excellent ſpring of water, at a little diſtance from the houſe. Alſo a good merchant mill, with two water wheels, and three pair of ſtones belonging to it; the whole in good order; the houſe ſtands upon the road ſide, and may ſerve for a tavern. The title is indiſputable. For terms of ſale, apply to JOHN FREYMIER, and HENRY FREYMIER, on the premiſes. ¶

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Buſh Town, Baltimore county, Maryland, on the 15th inſt. Auguſt, Edward Williams, a convict ſervant man, about 37 years of age, born in the weſt of England, and ſpeaks much on that county dialect, ſays he is a cooper by trade, he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, has ſhort brown hair, ſmooth face, down look, ſwelled feet, his back not well where he has been whipped for running away, after being brought out of New-Caſtle Goal; this is the fourth attempt he has made to get off ſince he has been in the country, which has not been above eight weeks; he is a notorious villain; had on, and took with him, a white ſhirt, brown cloth jacket, a white fuſtian frock, lined with white flannel, a pair of ſtriped linſey trowſers, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, or brings him home, ſhall receive, if 10 miles from home, Twenty Shillings, if 20 miles, Thirty Shillings, if 40 miles, Forty Shillings, and if a greater diſtance, Three Pounds, beſides what the law allows. WILLIAM YOUNG, jun. ¶ 6 W.

Auguſt 2, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, yeſterday evening, from the ſubſcriber, living in Coneſtogoe townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named JOHN KENNEDY, about 18 or 19 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a fair complexion, and much freckled in the face, one of his eyes appears ſore, ſpeaks tolerable good Engliſh, and underſtands the native Iriſh tongue; had on, and took with him, a wool hat, three good ſhirts, one of them marked with two croſſes at the boſom, with red crewel, an aſh-coloured homeſpun coat, with white metal buttons, a home made blanket ſtuff jacket, the colour of the coat, two pair of trowſers, one tow, the other check, new ſhoes, without buckles. He has a wallet with him, marked, with thread, A. K. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ABRAHAM KENDICK.

THESE are to give notice, that I intend to petition the House of Assembly of the province of Pennsylvania, at their next Sitting, for an Act to supply the Loss of some of the Title Deeds for two contiguous Tracts of Land, situate in Amity township, in the county of Berks, and province aforesaid; the one containing 150 acres, and the other containing 22 acres of land, devised to me by my late father Windle Andrews, deceased, by his last will and testament, duly proved, and remaining in the Register-General's Office, for the said province, at Philadelphia; which said two tracts of land are part of a tract of 500 acres of land, granted by William Penn, late Proprietary of the said province, by patent, dated October 28, 1701, to Andrew Rudman. And if any person or persons have any objections to the said application, they are desired to make them. Berks county, August 28, 1773.

¶ DANIEL ANDREWS.

Lancaster, August 17, 1773.

STOLEN, last night, out of the pasture of the Subscriber, a very thick well set black HORSE, in good order, branded on the near shoulder with an iron about an inch and a quarter long, and one inch broad, the spot is blacker than the rest of the colour of the horse; he is shod all round, and on his 4 hoofs branded C. SINGER, has a small blaze in his forehead, and is a natural trotter. Whoever takes up the said horse, and secures him, so that the owner gets him again, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges; and for the taking up and securing of the thief FOUR DOLLARS. It is supposed he was stolen by a fellow, named JACOB RUBBARD, about 18 years of age, who has a pock-fretten face, is of a short stature, and walks with his knees together; he is a servant to Michael Herzel, in Hill township, Bucks county, and was advertised by Herzel in Sour's paper of July 29, 1773, No. 553. He had hired himself out to one John Kuns, a Butcher, in Lancaster. CASPER SINGER. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living near John Jamison, Esq; in Lower-Milford township, Buck's county, on the 22d of July last, two COWS, one red, with a white face, and some white on her belly and tail; the other red, with some white on her forehead and feet, had a bell on, with a leather collar, and brass buckle. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away. GEORGE WAGNER.

N. B. The Cows were seen in the neighbourhood about six weeks before they came to the above plantation. ¶

PENNSYLVANIA ss. AUGUST 10, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the COMMITTEE of ASSEMBLY, appointed to audit and settle the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, will meet at the State-House, on the First Day of September next, at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, to attend that Business, and purpose to proceed on the same, by Adjournments from Day to Day, till the whole is finished.---The several County Treasurers, Collectors of Excise, and all others concerned, are therefore desired to have their respective Accounts prepared for Examination and Adjustment, at the Time and Place aforesaid.---And all such who shall fail therein, before the Tenth of the same Month, must expect their Neglect will be reported to the House of Assembly, at their next Meeting.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 30th of August instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and to be struck off precisely at 5 o'clock, at the house of George Losh, in Germantown, a certain stone messuage or tenement, and lot of ground, situate in Germantown, containing by computation one acre three quarters and twenty-three perches of land, adjoining land of Theobald Endt, and Christian Van Lashet, and Germantown Main-street; late the estate of Jacob Ritter; seized and taken in execution by Joseph Redman, late Sheriff, and to be sold, by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, on the 28th instant, about three o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, will be sold by public vendue, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing about 400 acres, more or less, with a water corn grist and merchant-mill erected thereon, formerly known by the name of Hannum's or Kerr's mill; situate in the townships of East and West-Fallowfield, in Chester county, and bounded by lands of Joseph Davies, John Hannum, Esq; deceased, Robert Burns, John Hetherington, and others; there are on said premises, a large stone dwelling-house, a frame barn, stable, cow and hay-house, a stone mill-house, 60 by 32, built about three years ago, with two pair of stones, and three boulting chests and hoisting geers, which all go by a good stream of water; there are about 40 acres of good watered meadow, and as much more may be made, on said premises; all late the estate of Joseph Thomas; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

Chester, August 2, 1773. ¶ HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, Eighth-Month 16, 1773.

FOR BRISTOL,

THE SHIP *CONCORD*,

JOSEPH VOLANS, Master;

WILL begin to load shortly, and sail with all convenient Speed, having a considerable Part of her Cargoe engaged, and ready to go on board. She is a good Ship, well fitted, and has good Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, or to said Master on board, at their Wharff.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the favourable Sentiments you have formerly shewn towards me, and the Hope of your Countenance and Support on the present Occasion, I now beg the Favour of your Votes and Interest, for the Sheriff's Office, at the next Election; in which, should I have the Happiness to succeed, I will use my utmost Endeavours to merit your future Esteem, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust reposed in me, and a grateful Remembrance of the Favour conferred on,

GENTLEMEN, your obliged Friend, and humble Servant,

ENOCH STORY.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the Honour you did me, in having placed me on the Return for the Office of Sheriff at the last Election, for which I return you my sincere and unfeigned Thanks, I still intend to continue a Candidate for that Office, and again humbly solicit the Favour and Continuance of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, which shall be acknowledged, with the utmost Gratitude, by,

GENTLEMEN, your Friend and humble Servant,

WILLIAM DEWEES.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my most sincere Thanks for your past Favours, and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, do now request the Favour of your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election, which will much oblige,

Your Friend and humble Servant,

JOSEPH REDMAN.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

BEING encouraged thereunto by several respectable families, I offer myself a candidate for the Coroner's Office, and request your votes and interest, at the ensuing election; which favour shall be gratefully acknowledged by, your friend and humble servant, BENJAMIN ARMITAGE.

I also take this opportunity to inform the public in general, as well as my friends and acquaintance, that I have removed from the Anvil and Crown, in Second-street, near Spruce-street, to the Sign of the Anvil and Double Cross Keys, at the corner of Chestnut and Fourth-streets, where the Sign of the Death of the Fox has been formerly kept; and as I have now good stables, and other necessaries, for the accommodation of travellers, and others, I shall be obliged to all that will be pleased to favour me with their custom.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

AS the Office of CORONER is now become vacant, by the Death of the late worthy Caleb Cash (and as it has been customary for such who stand Candidates for the same, to bespeak the Favour of the Public in this Manner) and from the great Encouragement I have received from many of my Friends, I intend to stand a Candidate for the said Office at the ensuing Election: I therefore humbly request your Votes and Interest for the said Office, which shall be ever gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN, Your sincere Friend,

July 14, 1773. ¶ BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for the Honour you conferred on me, in voting me on the Return for CORONER, for several Years past. Upon the Decease of Caleb Cash, Esq; his Honour the Governor was pleased to appoint me to that Office, for the Remainder of the Year, wherein I shall endeavour to acquit myself with the utmost Fidelity; and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the same, at the ensuing Election, I earnestly entreat the Favour of your Votes and Interest, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your respectful and obliged Friend,

July 19, 1773. § JOHN KNIGHT, Coroner.

To the FREEHOLDERS and other ELECTORS, for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

ENCOURAGED by the favourable Sentiments you have formerly shewn towards me, and being urged thereto by many respectable Families, I offer myself a Candidate for the Coroner's Office, and request your Votes and Interest, at the ensuing Election; which Favour shall be gratefully acknowledged by,

Your sincere Friend,

¶ WILLIAM MAULSBY.

WANTED, in VIRGINIA,

A FARMER, well qualified to improve a great quantity of MEADOW-GROUND; he will be found every necessary accommodation, and very good wages given. For particulars, enquire of Mr. DANIEL GRANT, at the Fountain-Inn, in Baltimore-Town, who will direct where an employer may be found. N. B. The person who wants to employ will be at Baltimore for three weeks from this date, and begs that an application be made within that time. *July 3, 1773.* ‖4w.

BY virtue of several writs to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the house of Robert Mattacks, in the township and county of Gloucester, on the 17th day of September next, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock in the afternoon, the one moiety or equal half part of a saw-mill, and several tracts of pine land, and plantation, containing 1824 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of Robert Mattacks, and others, with a good dwelling-house, out-houses and stables, a large young apple-orchard, and about seventy acres of cleared land, situated in the township and county aforesaid, on the great road leading from Egg-harbour to Gloucester, well situated for a tavern or shop-keeper; also 176 acres of cedar swamp, lying in several tracts, convenient to the said mill, part of which is to be sold in lots, and what remains of any of the above premises unsold on said day, will be sold on the day following, between the hours of twelve and five, as aforesaid; late the property of Thomas Fry, deceased; seized and taken in execution at the suit of Aaron Musgrove, and others, by

July 13, 1773. THOMAS DENNY, Sheriff.

We, the subscribers, Administrators of said Thomas Fry, deceased, purpose to meet, at the house of Robert Mattocks, on the 30th day of August next, in order to proceed to divide the said cedar swamp in lots, for the convenience of purchasers; at which time and place, all persons inclinable to view the premises are desired to attend; also propose, by an agreement of the creditors of said deceased, and with the consent of the said Sheriff, to give time for the payment of the purchase money of the said lands. JOHN GILL, ISAAC KAY, ROBERT MATTACKS, THOMAS REDMAN. ‖ 15.

BY virtue of an order of Orphan's Court, on Friday, the 27th day of August instant, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage, or tenemeat, and lot of ground, situate in the District of Southwark, and on the north side of German-street, containing in breadth, on the said street, 33 feet and 4 inches, and in length or depth 59 feet; bounded northward with ground late of John Kaighin, deceased, westward by ground now or late of Joseph Richardson, southward by the said German-street, and eastward by ground now or late of James Bartly, and others; late the estate of Gustavus Brown, deceased. The sale to begin at six o'clock in the evening. Attendance will be given, at the time and place of sale, by MARY BROWN, and BENJAMIN HARBESON, Administrat. *Philadelphia, August 6, 1773.* ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Wednesday, the 25th of August instant, at seven o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house,

A LOT of GROUND, with a frame tenement thereon erected, situate in Southwark, and occupied by the Widow Bowers, containing 60 feet front on Delaware, running west about 530 feet; bounded northward by a lot belonging to the estate of Enoch Flower, deceased, and southward by a lot belonging to Mr. John Gill; one third of the purchase money to be paid at the time of executing the deed, and the remainder to be at interest, on good security. ¶

Perth Amboy, July 4, 1773.

WHEREAS at the last meeting of the General Proprietors of the Eastern division of New-Jersey, a motion was made for a new dividend of the vacant lands, by allotment, and that the same should be general, or confined to a particular county, as the board should think proper; which having been considered, it was resolved, that the matter should be taken into further consideration, at their next stated meeting in September ensuing, and ordered, that public notice thereof be given, at least two months before the said meeting, in the New-York and Philadelphia news-papers. This is therefore to give notice, that the said meeting will be held at this place, on the second Tuesday, being the 14th day of September next, and the matter taken into consideration, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

¶ 2M. JOHN SMYTH, Register.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1773.

WE, the SUBSCRIBERS, Assignees for the Creditors of Messieurs ORR, DUNLOPE, and GLENHOLME, late of this City, Merchants, desire all those that have any Demands against them, to furnish their Accounts, properly authenticated, on or before the first Day of September next, when a Settlement of all the Transactions under our Care will be made, and a final Dividend struck, on all such Demands as shall be so furnished; and every Person neglecting to send their Accounts as requested will be excluded. *N. B.* We did, in the Year 1769, put an Advertisement into the LONDON GAZETTE, purporting that we would pay a Dividend the May following, and desired that all Accounts might be delivered us by that Time, as will more fully appear by said Advertisement; therefore, it is hoped that all Accounts will be properly furnished by the Time now fixed, as sufficient Notice has been given. RANDLE MITCHELL, BENJAMIN FULLER, JOHN PRINGLE, JAMES CRAIG. ‖8w.

Just imported, and to be sold, by

FRANCIS CASPER HASSENCLEVER,

At his STORE, in Second-street, midway of Arch and Race-streets, PHILADELPHIA,

A very large and general Assortment of superfine, fine, middling and coarse, warranted

BOULTING-CLOTHS;

WHERE Store-keepers, and Millers in the country, may be supplied at as low a rate as ever any have been sold in this city: He engages, if the CLOTHS should not turn out according to expectation, to exchange them, or return the money. He has also for sale, fine Holland and Silesia linen, cotton stripes, and Flanders bed-ticks, ozenbrigs, tapes, Turkish yarn, German scythes, of ten different sorts, straw-knives, whet-stones, Dutch tea-kettles, madder, Prussian blue, best Holland geneva, Teneriffe wine, and a few dozens of old hock. As said *Hassenclever* intends to go to Europe next fall, he is determined to sell the above goods lower than any body, for cash, or short credit. ¶3m.

CHRISTIAN WIRTZ,

IN Queen-street, in the Borough of Lancaster, acquaints his kind customers in particular, and the public in general, that he has just laid in a large and well chosen assortment of fresh GOODS, suitable to the spring and summer season; and as he has purchased them on as good terms as his neighbours, he is determined, without multiplying words, to sell on as low terms as any person can or will in Lancaster, which he flatters himself will be found so on trial. ‖3m.

THOSE who have any Demands against the Shop of Drugs and Medicines, lately kept by WILLIAM NICHOLLS, in Second-street, are desired to apply to SAMUEL MIFFLIN for Payment; and those indebted to the Shop, to make immediate Payment to said SAMUEL MIFFLIN, who alone is properly impowered to receive and give sufficient Discharges. *Philadelphia, March 29, 1773.* *Tbtf.*

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living in St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County, on the 8th of June last, a dark bay HORSE, 4 years old, 14 hands high, a natural trotter, with a small star on his forehead, and a snip on his nose, a light thin mane, a long switch tail, newly shod before, hand gallops very slow, carries his head lofty. Whoever will apprehend the horse and thief, shall have the above reward, or SIX DOLLARS for the horse only, with reasonable charges, paid by SAMUEL SMITH. ‖7s6.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, near Colonel Cresap's, in Maryland, on the 6th of April last, a servant man, named WILLIAM COADY, aged 27 years, 5 feet 5 inches high, thick set, tender eyed, a down look when spoke to, round shouldered, and the one much higher than the other; he pretends to be a butcher by trade, but knows nothing of it, speaks much on the Irish dialect, is very fond of drink and smoaking; it is supposed he will make for Philadelphia or Baltimore. Whoever will secure him in any goal, so that I get him again, shall receive Ten Dollars reward, and if brought home to me, near Winchester, shall receive Twenty Dollars reward, paid by me ANGUS M'DONALD. ‖12s6. *May 26.*

Easton, Northampton County, July 14, 1773.

WHEREAS *CATHERINE* my wife has, for a long time past, behaved in a very unbecoming manner, and privately carried away, in the night time, a good deal of my household goods, and other things, and has done her utmost to ruin me; as I intend in a short time to remove from these parts, and being apprehensive she might run me in debt, or borrow on my account, I do hereby forewarn all persons not to have any dealings with her, or take any thing of her, as they will answer me at law, and that I will not pay any debts of her contracting, or answer for any thing that she borrows, after the date hereof. JOHN WAGLE. ¶

WHEREAS the Honourable the Proprietaries of the Province of Pennsylvania, by their Warrant, bearing Date the 15th Day of May, 1754, did grant unto one John Bayers, by the Name and Addition of John Byards, of Cumberland County, Liberty to take up One Hundred Acres of Land, including a Survey, presumed to be made by James Chambers, without Warrant, on the North Side of Conedogwainet Creek, which Improvement of the said Chambers was before the made over and in the Possession of the said John Bayers. And whereas the said John Bayers, by Deed Poll, dated the 5th Day of March, 1759, did grant and confirm his Right to the same Land, unto one Ezekiel Smith, in Fee, who, with his Wife, by Indenture of Bargain and Sale, dated the 9th Day of April, 1760, did grant the same unto one William M'Clellan, in Fee, who obtained the Honourable the Proprietaries Patent for the same, bearing Date the 31st Day of May, in the Year 1763, wherein the said Tract of Land is described as followeth, viz. Beginning at a marked Ash-Tree, standing by Conedogwainet Creek, thence by George Sanderson's Land, North 4 Degrees West, 152 Perches to a marked Black Oak, thence by George and Alexander Sanderson's Land, North 86 Degrees East, 188 Perches to a marked White Oak, thence by John Flemming's Land, South 4 Degrees East, 219 Perches to a marked Hickory, then North 86 Degrees East, 40 Perches to a Hickory Grub, and South 4 Degrees East, 28 Perches to a marked White Oak, standing by Conedogwainet Creek, thence up the same on the several Courses thereof 294 Perches to the Place of Beginning, containing One Hundred and Ninety-two Acres, and Allowance of Six Acres per Cent. for Roads and Highways; which Tract of Land the said William M'Clellan granted and conveyed to one Caleb Swayze, in Fee, who granted and conveyed the same unto John Steel, of Carlisle, in the County of Cumberland aforesaid. And whereas the Deeds, previous to the aforesaid Patent from James Chambers to John Bayers, from John Bayers to Ezekiel Smith, and from Ezekiel Smith to William M'Clellan, are by some Accident lost or mislaid, whereby the Title to the said John Steel is defective, and he refuses to pay the Purchase Money to the said Caleb Swayze, until those Defects are by Law remedied. And thereupon the said Caleb Swayze hath petitioned the Honourable the Representatives of the Freemen of the Province of Pennsylvania, in their present Sessions, for Leave to bring in a Bill to confirm the Title in the said John Steel, and he being directed to give public Notice of his said Application, does hereby inform all Persons concerned, that if they have any Objection to his having Leave to bring in said Bill, that they appear before the Honourable Assembly, at their Sitting in September next, and make their Objections. CALEB SWAYZE. ‖3M.

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